MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (MILITARY)

TO FOREIGN MILITARY OFFICER

Updated: 24 November 2019

Pages: 44

Prepared by: John Blatherwick, CM, CStJ, OBC, CD, BSc, MD, DPH, FRCP(C), LLD (Hon)









Lieutenant-General Sir Peter de la BILLIERE, KCB, KBE, DSO, MC and Bar, MSC

Knight Commander of the Order of the Bath, Knight Commander of the Order of the Empire (Military). Distinguished Service Order, Military Cross with bar, Queens Korea Medal, UN Korean Service Medal, General Service Medal (1918-64) with MID, General Service Medal (1962-2000), Gulf War Medal w/rosette, EIIR Silver Jubilee Medal (1977), Meritorious Service Cross (Canadian), Legion of Merit - Chief Commander (US)

MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (Military Division) MSC

To FOREIGN MILITARY OFFICERS

Page	NAME	RANK	POSITION DE	CORATIONS /
14	ASHY, Joseph W.	General	USAF / C-in-C NORAD	MSC
24	CLARK, Wesley K.	General	US Army - SACEUR	KBE MSC
41	COUNTESS MOUNTBATTEN of BURMA	Rt Hon	Colonel-in-Chief PPCLI 1974-2007	CBE MSC CD
04	de la BILLIERE, Sir Peter	LGen	British Army KCB KBE D	SO MC MSC
13	de SAUVILLE de LaPRESLE, Bertrand A. *	LGen	French Army	MSC
36	EIKENBERRY, Karl	LGen	US Army - Deputy Chair NATO Mil Cmtte	MSC
28	EBERHART, Ralph Edward	General	USAF / C-in-C NORAD	MSC
19	ESTES III, Howell M.	General	USAF / C-in-C NORAD	MSC
30	GIAMBASTIANI Jr, Edmund Peter	Admiral	USN / 1st SACEUR Transformation NATO	MSC
06	HORNER, Charles A.	LGen	USAF – Support during Gulf War	MSC
15	JANVIER, Bernard Louis Antonin	General	French Army / Cdr UN Peace Force	MSC
32	JONES, James L.	General	US Marines – SACEUR	MSC
38	KEATING, Timothy John	Admiral	Commander NORAD	MSC
16	KINZER, Joseph William	LGen	US ARMY / Force Commander HAITI	MSC
13	KUTYNA, Donald Joseph	General	USAF/C-in-C NORAD	MSC
08	MAUZ, Jr., Henry H.	VAdm	USN – Support during Gulf War	MSC
10	MORILLON, Phillipe Pierre Lucien Antoine	LGen	French Army	MSC
22	MYERS, Richard B.	General	USAF/C-in-C NORAD	CMM MSC
21	NAUMANN, Klaus Dieter	General	German / Chairman NATO Mil Cmtte	KBE MSC
09	POWELL, Colin Luther	General	US Army - Chair Chiefs of Staff Gulf War	KCB MSC
35	SCHOOMAKER, Peter J.	General	USMC – SACEUR	MSC
17	SHALIKASHVILI, John M.	General	US Army - Chair COS	MSC
11	SULLIVAN, Gordon Russell	General	US Army - Chief of the US Army	MSC

^{* =} Bertrand Adalbert Marcel Guillaume de SAUVILLE de LaPRESLE

MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (MILITARY) MSC To FOREIGN MILITARY OFFICERS

The Meritorious Service Cross was instituted on 11 June 1984 for the performance of a military deed or a military activity in an outstandingly professional manner of such a rare high standard that it brings considerable benefit to, or reflects great credit on the Canadian Forces. It can be awarded to all ranks and may be awarded posthumously. While not designed specifically as a bravery award, the first awards of this medal reflect a high degree of diplomacy and bravery.

The medal is a Greek cross of silver, ends splayed and convexed, ensigned with the Royal Crown. The Cross is 1-½ inches across and between the arms of the Cross is laurel wreath. In the centre of the cross is a maple leaf within a circle. The ribbon is 1 ½ inches wide, bright blue with two white stripes ¼ inches wide positioned 1/8 inch from each edge. A plain silver bar with a maple leaf in the centre can be awarded for a subsequent action deserving of this medal. The recipient may use the post nominal letters MSC.

On 6 June 1991, a civil division was added to the MSC (Military). The Civil Cross is identical to the Military Cross but the ribbon has a 1cm central white stripe added. The Civil Cross is awarded to any person (Canadian or non-Canadian) for the performance of a deed or activity in an outstandingly professional manner or of an uncommonly high standard that brings considerable benefit or great honour to Canada. The MSC is worn after the Star of Courage.



DE LA BILLIERE, Sir Peter KCB KBE DSO MC MSC CG: 18 April 1992

Lieutenant-General - British Army British Citizen DOI: August 1990 - March 1991

British Commander - Gulf War

"Lieutenant-General Sir Peter de la Billiere, British Army, provided outstanding personal support, timely advice and strong assistance to Canada throughout the Gulf War. His personal involvement was instrumental in enabling Canada to deploy a Mobile Field Hospital quickly and for it to operate effectively in parallel and in concert with a major British Field Hospital."

(British Army - formerly The Light Infantry)

October 1959 - Awarded Military Cross (MC) for his work in Oman

He had led and participated in successful assaults on rebel outposts.

1976 - Appointed **Companion of the Distinguished Service Order** (DSO) for his service in Oman.

01 January 1988 - Knight Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the Bath (KCB)
29 June 1991 - Knight Commander of the Order of the British Empire (KBE)

gazetted in London Gazette rank of General - held CBE)

8 June 1993 - Chief Commander, Legion of Merit (USA) gazetted in London Gazette (award was on 14 July 1991)

08 June 1993 - MSC gazetted in London Gazette (rank of General) (Canada Gazette of 18 April 1992)

08 June 1993 - Order of King Abdul Azis 2nd Class of Saudi Arabia gazetted in London Gazette (rank of General)

05 June 1992 - Retired 05 June 1992

General Sir Peter Edgar de la Cour de la Billière, KCB, KBE, DSO, MC and Bar Commander-in-Chief British Forces in the Gulf War





General Sir Peter Edgar de la Cour de la Billière, KCB, KBE, DSO, MC & Bar, MSM (born 29 April 1934) is a former British soldier, who was Director of the United Kingdom Special Forces during the Iranian Embassy Siege and Commander-in-Chief of the British forces in the 1990 Gulf War. He serviced in the British Army from 1952 to 1992.

He was born as Peter Edgar Delacour to Surgeon Lieutenant Commander Denis de la Billiere and his wife Kitty Lawley. On 22 May 1941, his father was killed when his ship, *HMS Fiji*, was sunk by German bombers in an attack southwest of Crete.

He was educated at Wellesley House, Broadstairs and Harrow. He originally enlisted as a private in the King's Shropshire Light Infantry in 1952. He was later commissioned as a Second Lieutenant into the Durham Light Infantry. During his early career as an officer he served in Japan, Korea and Egypt.

Entry into SAS

In 1956, he attended and passed Selection for the Special Air Service. During his first SAS tour, he served in Malaya during the Malayan Emergency and Oman, where he was **mentioned in despatches** and won the **Military Cross** in 1959. After his initial tour with 22 SAS, he returned to the Durham Light Infantry to run recruit training, before taking up the post of Adjutant of 21 SAS - the London based Territorial Army (reserve) SAS regiment. In 1962, he was attached to the Federal Army in Aden. In 1964, he failed Staff College but was appointed Officer Commanding A Squadron 22 SAS. From 1964-1966, A Squadron was deployed to Borneo for the Indonesia-Malaysia confrontation. For his actions during this period he was awarded a **bar to the Military Cross**.

After this tour, he re-attended Staff College, and, this time, passed. After Staff College he was posted as G2 (intelligence) Special Forces at Strategic Command. He then served a tour as second-in-command of 22 SAS, of which he was Commanding Officer 1972-4. For service in Oman, he was appointed a Companion of the Distinguished Service Order (DSO) in 1976.

General Sir Peter Edgar de la Cour de la Billière, KCB, KBE, DSO, MC and Bar Commander-in-Chief British Forces in the Gulf War

He then served in a number of administrative posts before returning to the regiment as Director, 1978-82. It was during this period that the SAS shot to public fame as a consequence of their storming of the Iranian Embassy in 1980. In 1982, he was appointed a Commander of the Order of the British Empire (CBE). After the SAS he was appointed Military Commissioner and Commander of British Forces in the Falkland Islands 1984-5 and then General Officer Commanding Wales 1985-90.

In 1987 he was appointed Knight Commander of the Order of the Bath (KCB). In 1991, he was appointed Knight Commander of the Order of the British Empire (KBE).

Gulf War

Despite being due for retirement he was appointed Commander-in-Chief British Forces in the 1990 Gulf War - in effect the second in command of the multinational military coalition headed by US General Norman Schwarzkopf. His past experience of fighting in the area, knowledge of the people and some fluency in the language overrode concerns about his age. In this role, he was largely responsible for the use of SAS and other special forces in significant roles in that conflict. His experience in 22 SAS allowed him to convince Schwarzkopf to employ Special Forces in various roles. Prior to this, Schwarzkopf was resistant to the use of Special Forces due to his experiences in Vietnam.

Retirement

By the end of his career he had risen to the rank of Lieutenant General. In order to allow him to receive the pension benefits of a full general he was given the newly created sinecure post of Middle East Advisor to the Secretary of State for Defence. He retired in 1992.

In 1993, he received Canada's Meritorious Service Medal, Saudi Arabia's Order of King Abdul Aziz, 2nd Class and was made a Commander of the United States' Legion of Merit.

He has written or co-authored 18 books, including an autobiography, a personal account of the Gulf War and a number of works about the SAS. The SAS traditions about not reporting operations means that this generated considerable tension. He is currently a patron of the UK based international development charity, FARM-Africa having served on the Board since 1992 and as Chairman from 1998 to 2001.

HONOURS and DECORATIONS

MID with bar Malaya

with bar Borneo

Knight Commander of the Order of the Bath **KCB** Knight Commander of the Order of the British Empire **KBE** Distinguished Service Order DSO Military Cross & Bar MC and Bar

British Korea Medal

United Nations Korea Medal

General Service Medal 1918-1962 with Mentioned in Despatches

Campaign Service Medal 1962-2007

British Gulf War Medal with rosette EIIR Diamond Jubilee Medal

Meritorious Service Cross (Canada)

Commander, Legion of Merit (United States)

King Abdul Aziz, 2nd Class (Saudi Arabia)





COMMANDS HELD

MSC

Special Air Service Regiment General Officer Commanding Wales Commander-in-Chief British Forces in the Gulf War

BATTLES / WARS

Korean War Malayan Emergency Indonesia-Malaysia confrontation Gulf War

HORNER, Charles A. MSC CG: 18 April 1992

Lieutenant-General - USAF American Citizen DOI: August 1990 - March 1991

"Lieutenant-General C. Horner, United States Air Force, provided outstanding personal support, advice, and assistance to Canada during the Gulf War. His strong support for multi-national, coordinated, air operations, and for full participation by Canada, was instrumental in Canadian involvement in defensive combat air patrol, sweep and escort, and air-to-ground missions."

General Charles A. Horner Commander in Chief of North American Aerospace Defense Command and the U.S. Space Command Commander of Air Force Space Command, Peterson Air Force Base, Colorado from 1992 - 1994



Charles ('Chuck') A. Horner (born October 19, 1936) is a retired USAF general. He was born in Davenport, lowa and attended the University of Iowa, as part of the Air Force ROTC program. On June 13, 1958, Horner was commissioned into the Air Force Reserve. During the Vietnam War, he flew in combat as a Wild Weasel pilot and received the Silver Star. During Operation Desert Shield and Operation Desert Storm, he commanded the American aerial forces, as well as those of the American allies. During the Desert Shield phase of the conflict, Horner briefly served as Commander-in-Chief - Forward of U.S. Central Command; while General Schwarzkopf was still in the United States. He currently serves on the board of directors for the US Institute of Peace.

General Charles A. Horner was Commander in Chief of North American Aerospace Defense Command and the U.S. Space Command; and Commander of Air Force Space Command, Peterson Air Force Base, Colorado from 1992 - 1994. He was responsible for the aerospace defense of the United States and Canada, and the exploitation and control of space for national purposes through a far-flung network of satellites and ground stations throughout the world.

General Horner, an lowa native, entered the Air Force through the Reserve Officer Training Corps program. He was commissioned in the <u>Air Force Reserve</u> on June 13, 1958, just before his graduation from the <u>University of Iowa</u> and was awarded pilot wings in November 1959 and was

reenlisted with a regular Air Force commission in 1962. He has commanded a tactical training wing, a fighter wing, two air divisions and a numbered Air Force. While Commander of 9th Air Force, he also commanded U.S. Central Command Air Forces, in command of all U.S. and allied air assets during operations Desert Shield and Desert Storm.

General Horner is a command pilot with more than 5,300 flying hours in a variety of fighter aircraft. During the Vietnam conflict he flew 41 combat missions over North Vietnam in the F-105 during a tour. He later flew more than 70 combat missions as an F-105 Wild Weasel pilot, deliberately drawing anti-aircraft fire to identify and destroy North Vietnamese defenses.

Other work

He co-wrote Every Man a Tiger with Tom Clancy. In 2004, Horner served on a Pentagon team that looked into detainee abuse.

The U.S. Air Force awards a General Charles A. Horner "Tiger Award" to one officer and one enlisted individual assigned to the Fourteenth Air Force annually. Recipients of the prestigious "Tiger Award" demonstrate the highest degree of professionalism, leadership, integrity, dedication, and courage in the performance of their duties and conduct of their lives. He currently resides in Lake Lorraine, Florida, with a Shalimar, Florida address.

Education

1958 Bachelor of Arts degree, University of Iowa, Iowa City

1972 Master of business administration degree, College of William and Mary, Williamsburg, Virginia

Military Career

October 1958 - June 1959, student, officer preflight training, Spence AFB, Georgia

June 1959 - October 1960, student, pilot training, Laredo AFB, Texas

October - November 1960, student, F-100 combat crew training, Luke AFB, Arizona, and Nellis AFB, Nevada

November 1960 - December 1963, F-100 pilot, 492nd Tactical Fighter Squadron, Royal Air Force Station Lakenheath, England

December 1963 - December 1965, F-105 pilot, 4th Tactical Fighter Wing, Seymour Johnson AFB, North Carolina

June 1965 - December 1965, temporary duty as F-105 pilot, 388th Tactical Fighter Wing, Korat Royal Thai AFB, Thailand

December 1965 - May 1967, F-105 instructor pilot, Nellis AFB, Nevada

May 1967 - September 1967, F-105 Wild Weasel pilot, Korat Royal Thai AFB, Thailand

September 1967 - October 1969, F-105 instructor pilot, Nellis AFB, Nevada, then liaison officer, Air Force Tactical Fighter Weapons Center, Nellis AFB. Nevada

October 1969 - January 1971, air operations staff officer, Office of the Deputy Chief of Staff for Plans, Headquarters Tactical Air Command, Langley AFB, Virginia

January 1971 - January 1972, student, Armed Forces Staff College, Norfolk, Virginia

January 1972 - August 1975, air operations officer, later, Chief of the Force Branch in the Office of the Deputy Chief of Staff for Operations, Headquarters U.S. Air Force, Washington, D.C.

August 1975 - June 1976, student, National War College, Fort Lesley J. McNair, Washington, D.C.

June 1976 - March 1979, Deputy Commander for Operations, 4th Tactical Fighter Wing, Seymour Johnson AFB, N.C.

March 1979 - August 1979, Vice Commander, 58th Tactical Training Wing, Luke AFB, Arizona

August 1979 - May 1980, Commander, 405th Tactical Training Wing, Luke Air Force Base, Arizona

May 1980 - August 1981, Commander, 474th Tactical Fighter Wing, Nellis AFB, Nevada

August 1981 - May 1983, Commander, 833rd Air Division, Holloman AFB, New Mexico

May 1983 - October 1983, Commander, 23rd North American Aerospace Defense Command Region, and Tactical Air Command Air Division, Tyndall AFB, Florida

October 1983 - May 1985, Commander, Air Force Air Defense Weapons Center, Tyndall AFB, Florida

May 1985 - March 1987, Deputy Chief of Staff for Plans, Headquarters Tactical Air Command, Langley AFB, Virginia

March 1987 - June 1992, Commander, 9th Air Force, and Commander, U.S. Central Command Air Forces, Shaw AFB, South Carolina. He commanded U.S. and allied air operations for Operation Desert Shield and Desert Storm in Saudi Arabia from August 1990 until his return to Shaw AFB in April 1991.

June 1992 - September 1994, Commander in Chief, North American Aerospace Defense Command and U.S. Space Command; Commander, Air Force Space Command, Peterson AFB, Colorado

September 30, 1994, Retired from active duty.

Flight information

Rating: Command pilot Flight hours: More than 5,300

Aircraft flown: F-100, F-105, F-4, F-15, F-16 Pilot wings from: Laredo Air Force Base, Texas

Major awards and decorations

Promotion Dates

	Air Force Distinguished Service Medal with oak leaf cluster	Second Lieutenant	13 June 1958
	Silver Star with oak leaf cluster	First Lieutenant	12 June 1960
	Legion of Merit	Captain	01 October 1963
	Distinguished Flying Cross	Major	01 June 1969
	Meritorious Service Medal with three oak leaf clusters	Lieutenant Colonel	01 November 1973
	Air Medal with 10 oak leaf clusters	Colonel	01 February 1975
	Air Force Commendation Medal with three oak leaf clusters	Brigadier General	01 August 1982
	Combat Readiness Medal	Major General	01 July 1985
	National Defense Service Medal with bronze star	Lieutenant General	01 May 1987
	Armed Forces Expeditionary Medal with bronze star	General	01 July 1992
	Vietnam Service Medal with bronze star		
1000	Republic of Vietnam Campaign Medal		

General Horner has been decorated with Canada's Meritorious Service Cross. Also, he has been honored by France, Pakistan and the sovereign states of Bahrain, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates.

MAUZ, Jr., Henry H. MSC CG: 18 April 1992

Vice-Admiral - United States Navy American Citizen DOI: August 1990 - March 1991

"Vice-Admiral Henry H. Mauz, Jr., United States Navy, provided outstanding personal support, advice and assistance to Canada during the Gulf War, and enabled Canada to integrate its naval ships and fighter aircraft fully into key roles and missions. His strong vision, support, and direction to the multi-national force, which included Canadian Forces, were invaluable."

Admiral Henry H. MAUZ, Jr., MSC Commander – United States Atlantic Fleet 13 July 1992 to 05 October 1994



Henry H. Mauz, Jr. (1936-) is a retired United States Navy admiral and the former Commander in Chief, United States Atlantic Fleet from 1992 to 1994. He was known as 'Hamerin' Hank who served in the USN 1959 to 1994.

After graduating from the United States Naval Academy in 1959, Admiral Mauz went on to serve in Vietnam, operating river patrol boats along the Mekong Delta. He went on to command a minesweeper, USS Prime (MSO-466), [1], the guided missile destroyer USS Semmes (DDG-18), the guided missile cruiser USS England (CG-22) (1980-1982),

Mauz served as commander of the United States Seventh Fleet from 1988 to 1990, and in August 1990 assumed command of all U.S. Naval forces in the Persian Gulf.

Mauz retired from active duty in 1994 as Commander-in-Chief, U.S. Atlantic Fleet. A 1965 graduate of the Naval Postgraduate School, he was President of the Naval Postgraduate School Foundation, and currently serves on its board. [3] Admiral Mauz's education includes the Naval Academy, Naval War College, a graduate degree in electrical engineering from the Naval Postgraduate School, and an MBA from Auburn University.

His awards and decorations include the Navy Distinguished Service Medal, the Defense Superior Service Medal, the Legion of Merit, Bronze Star with "V" device, the Meritorious

Service Medal, and three awards of the Navy Achievement Medal. His foreign awards include the Order of the Rising Sun, Gold and Silver Star, the Canadian Meritorious Service Cross, and the French Ordre National du Mérite. He is a Companion of the Naval Order of the United States, and was inducted into the Naval Postgraduate School Hall of Fame on November 19, 2003.

Although retired as a full admiral, Mauz's retirement was delayed by Congress due to allegations he mishandled sexual harassment complaints. Senator Patty Murray (D-WA) was chiefly responsible for the delay. In a letter to her, Mauz stated:

"You have commented on the need to hold our senior officers accountable. I suggest that a U.S. senator has the same code and that in the case of your actions during my confirmation you should also be held accountable. You showed little interest in the truth."

Mauz was later confirmed by a vote of 92-6 in favour of allowing him to retire at 4-star rank.

Mauz is on the Board of Advisors for Genex Technologies, the Board of Directors of CNF Inc., [8] the Board of Directors of Texas Industries, and the Advisory Council of Northrop Grumman Ship Systems, [3] and is a Senior Fellow at the Center for Civil Military Relations at the Naval Postgraduate School.

Admiral Mauz is one of the senior signatories of the March 31, 2009 letter urging the president to maintain the policy excluding homosexuals from the armed forces.

POWELL, ColinKCB MSCCG:29 January 1994General - United States ArmyAmerican CitizenGH:10 January 1994Chairman USA Joint Chiefs of Staff CommitteeDOI:Career

"By his contribution to American/Canadian relations during his tenure as National Security Advisor and subsequently as Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff Committee; by his assistance to the role played by the Canadian Forces during the Gulf War, to the Canadian battle group at Sarajevo in July 1992 and to the Canadian task force in the Coalition Intervention Force in Somalia; by his help during the rescue operation following the 1991 CFS Alert plane crash, General Powell has demonstrated outstanding professional leadership and concern for relations between the United States and Canada. In so doing, he has rendered invaluable service to Canada and to the Canadian Forces."

MEDALS:

Defence Distinguished Service Medal Army Distinguished Service Medal Defence Superior Service Medal Legion of Merit with Bronze Cluster Soldier's Medal Bronze Star Medal Purple Heart Air Medal Joint Service Commendation Medal with 2 Bronze Clusters Army Commendation Medal with 2 Bronze Clusters National Defence Service Medal Vietnam Service Medal with Bronze Star Army Service Ribbon Army Overseas Service Ribbon Republic of Vietnam Campaign Medal with bar Meritorious Service Cross (MSC - Canada - military) Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath (KCB) Honorary



MORILLON, Philippe Pierre Lucien Antoine

Lieutenant-General - French Army Commanding General - UNPROFOR MSC CG: 02 July 1994

French Citizen DOI: Sept 1992 - July 1993

"From September 1992 to July 1993 the situation in the former Yugoslavia was desperate. Most areas were under continuous artillery and mortar bombardment and small-arms fire. At General Morillon's instigation, the United Nations set up a number of safe areas at Srebrenica, Gorazde, Bihac, Zepa, Tuzla and Sarajevo, and initiative that saved the lives of thousands of Bosnians. In addition, with the support of Canadian Forces members, General Morillon personally intervened between the two rival factions at Srebrenica. In all these actions he distinguished himself by showing outstanding leadership and exceptional devotion to duty. He also provided invaluable assistance to the members of the Canadian contingent."



SULLIVAN, Gordon Russell General - United States Army NATO

eral - United States Army American Citiz

MSC CG: 07 October 1995 American Citizen GH: 05 May 1995 DOI: Career

"General Sullivan has demonstrated consistent support for and friendship to Canadian soldiers throughout his career in the continental United States, the North Atlantic Treaty Organization and elsewhere abroad. A highly regarded military leader, he has often joined Canadians in training and operations and, as the focus of military operations changed in the modern world, has encourage stronger bilateral links with the American military. He has expressed genuine regard for our soldiers' attitudes and professionalism in the field, and has impressed his Canadian comrades, in turn, with his generosity and firm support of our military interests."

General Gordon Russell SULLIVAN, MSC Chief of Staff – US Army

General **Gordon Russell Sullivan** was born September 25, 1937 in Boston, Massachusetts and raised in Quincy. He was commissioned a second lieutenant of Armor and awarded a Bachelor of Arts degree in history from Norwich University in 1959. He holds a Master of Arts degree in political science from the University of New Hampshire. His professional military education includes the U.S. Army Armor School Basic and Advanced Courses, the Command and General Staff College, and the Army War College.

General Sullivan retired from the Army on 31 July 1995 after more than 36 years of active service. He culminated his service in uniform as the 32nd Chief of Staff—the senior general officer in the Army—and a member of the Joint Chiefs of Staff. As the Chief of Staff of the Army, he created the vision and led the team that transitioned the Army from its Cold War posture. In August 1993, President Bill Clinton assigned the duties and responsibility of Acting Secretary of the Army to General Sullivan who continued to serve as Chief of Staff.

He is the co-author, with Michael V. Harper, of *Hope Is Not a Method* (Random House, 1996), which chronicles the enormous challenges encountered in transforming the post-Cold War Army through the lens of proven leadership principles and a commitment to shared values. He serves on the boards of several major corporations, including Newell Rubbermaid. He is the Chairman of the Board of Trustees of Norwich University; a director of the Institute of Defense Analyses, and the Chairman Emeritus of the Marshall Legacy Institute.



During his Army career, General Sullivan also served as Vice Chief of Staff; Deputy Chief of Staff for Operations and Plans; Commanding General, 1st Infantry Division (Mechanized), Fort Riley, Kansas (June 1988-July 1989); Deputy Commandant, U.S. Army Command and General Staff College, Fort Leavenworth, Kansas (March 1987-June 1988); and Assistant Commandant, U.S. Army Armor School, Fort Knox, Kentucky (November 1983-July 1985). His overseas assignments included four tours in Europe, two in Vietnam and one in Korea.

General Sullivan is married to the former Miriam Gay Loftus of Quincy, Massachusetts; they currently reside in Alexandria, Virginia. He has three children and three grandchildren. He is an avid reader and amateur historian.

General Sullivan is the President and Chief Operating Officer of the Association of the United States Army, headquartered in Arlington, Virginia. He assumed his current position at the Association in February 1998. For his work with AUSA, he was awarded the prestigious Sylvanus Thayer Award by the United States Military Academy in 2003.

Decorations and Badges of General Gordon Sullivan













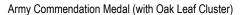
Meritorious Service Medal with Oak

Leaf

Cluster









Army Achievement Medal

Army Distinguished Service Medal Defence Superior Service Medal Legion of Merit Bronze Star Medal Purple Heart Meritorious Service Medal with Cluster Joint Service Commendation Medal Army Commendation Medal with Bronze Oak Leaf National Defence Service Medal Armed Forces Expeditionary Medal Vietnam Service Medal with four Stars Army Service Ribbon Army Overseas Service Ribbon Republic of Vietnam Campaign Medal with bar '60 -' Order of Military Merit (Brazil) A German Decoration National Order of Merit (France) Meritorious Service Cross (MSC - Canada - military)



BADGES

Combat Infantryman Badge Office of the Secretary of Defense Identification Badge Joint Chiefs of Staff Identification Badge Army Staff Identification Badge

GUILLAUME de SAUVILLE de LaPRESLE, Bertrand Adalbert Marcel

arcel MSC CG: 07 October 1995 French Citizen GH: 24 August 1995

Lieutenant-General - Inspector General of the French Army Commanding General - UNPROFOR

DOI: Mar 94 to Feb 95

"Lieutenant-General Guillaume de Sauville de LaPresle, Inspector General of the French Army, was the commanding general of the United Nations Force in the former Yugoslavia from March 1994 to February 1995. he was a key figure in all the major negotiations, decisions and actions involving the Force, the governments of the belligerent parties, the United Nations Organization and the North Atlantic Treaty Organization. On two occasions in 1994, through his personal intervention, he played a vital role in securing the release of numerous soldiers of the Canadian 2nd Battalion who had been taken hostage by the Bosnian Serb Army at Ilijas. His professionalism and the encouragement he gave the members of the Canadian Forces under his command spurred them on in achieving their mission."

KUTYNA, Donald Joseph

MSC

CG: 07 October 1995

General - United States Air Force Commander-in-Chief NORAD American Citizen

GH: ?

DOI: 1994

"As Commander in Chief of the North American Aerospace Defence Command, General Kutyna provided outstanding personal support and assistance to Canada. His strong vision and tenacious pursuit of binational support for the common defence of North America contributed significantly to the advancement of Defence Programs critical to Canada. His astute initiative and clear, professional direction ensured unprecedented combat operations support to Canadian and coalition forces during the Persian Gulf War."

MEDALS:

Defence Distinguished Service Medal Air Force Distinguished Service Medal Legion of Merit with Oak Cluster Distinguished Flying Cross with Oak Leaf Cluster Air Medal with 4 Oak Leaf Clusters Air Force Commendation Medal with 2 Oak Leaf Clusters Air Force Outstanding Unit Award with Oak Leaves Bronze Star with two Oak Leaves Combat Readiness Medal Air Force Recognition Ribbon National Defence Service Medal with Star Vietnam Service Medal with 3 Oak Clusters Air Force Overseas Service Long Term Ribbon Air Force Longevity Ribbon with 3 Oak Leaf Clusters Small Arms Expert Marksman Air Force Training Bar Republic of Vietnam Gallantry Cross Unit Citation Republic of Vietnam Campaign Medal with bar '60 -' Meritorious Service Cross (MSC - Canada - military)



ASHY, Joseph W.
General - United States Air Force
Commander-in-Chief NORAD

MSC CG: 14 September 1996 American Citizen GH: 23 August 1996 DOI: 1995 - 1996



"As Commander in Chief of the North American Aerospace Defence Command and the United States Space Command, General Ashy provided outstanding personal support and assistance to Canada. His strong vision and tenacious pursuit of binational support of the common defence of North America contributed significantly to the advancement of Defence Programs critical to Canada. Moreover, his outstanding leadership, astute initiative and clear, professional direction ensured unprecedented success in the air campaign over Bosnia during the recent peacekeeping operations. General Ashy's intense personal efforts and keen understanding of his commands' vital roles have contributed significantly to Western security and constitute a direct service to Canada and to the Canadian Forces."

Defense Distinguished Service Medal
Distinguished Service Medal
Silver Star
Legion of Merit with oak leaf cluster
Distinguished Flying Cross with oak leaf cluster
Defense Meritorious Service Medal
Meritorious Service Medal with two oak leaf clusters
Air Medal with 13 oak leaf clusters
Air Force Commendation Medal
Vietnam Service Medal
Republic of Vietnam Gallantry Cross with Palm
eritorious Service Medal (Canada)









JANVIER, Bernard Louis AntoninMSCCG:26 April 1997General - French ArmyFrench CitizenGH:10 April 1997

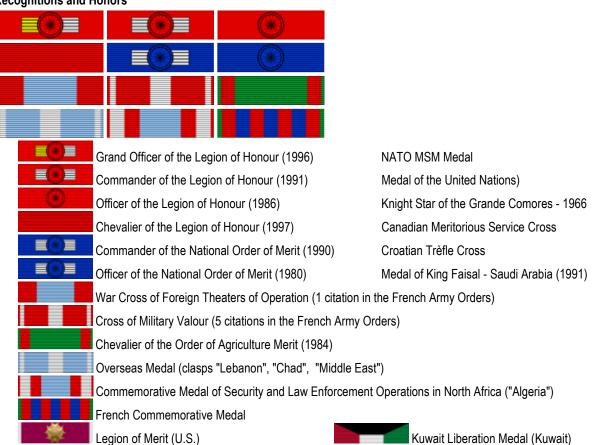
Commander - United Nations Peacekeeping Forces former Yugoslavia DOI: 01 March 1995 to 31 January 1996



"From March 1, 1995 to January 31, 1996, Army Corps General Janvier, of the French Army, was Commander of United Nations Peacekeeping Forces. During this critical and difficult period, General Janvier distinguished himself while commanding troops deployed in the former Yugoslavia. Thanks to his exceptional leadership abilities, sound judgement and great compassion, he saved lives and provided comfort not only to the peacekeepers, but also to civilians caught between the various warring factions. He also made a valuable contribution to the peace agreements reached near the end of his tour of duty and bolstered the morale of Canadian troops."



Recognitions and Honors



KINZER, Joseph William Lieutenant-General - US Army Force Commander - United Nations Mission in Haiti MSC CG: 30 August 1997 American Citizen GH: 18 August 1997 DOI: Jan 1995 to Feb 1996

"From January 1995 to February 1996, Lieutenant-General Kinzer, then Major-General, of the United States Army, distinguished himself while serving as the Force Commander, United National Mission in Haiti. Through his accomplishments, the Mission has been the most successful in recent history. His unparalleled efforts, not only in the field of security but also in rebuilding a nation, helped generate world-wide interest in the plight of Haiti and had a direct impact on provision of desperately needed foreign aid. His personal influence greatly assisted the Government of Haiti's movement toward greater responsibility and improved management of traditional services. His superb leadership and stellar performance reflect great credit upon him, the United Nations and all countries that served as part of the military force of this mission, including Canada."

Lieutenant-General Joseph William KINZER, MSC



Lieutenant General Kinzer retired from the United States Army on 31 August 1998 after more than 39 years of service. Commissioned from the Officer Candidate School at the United States Army Infantry School, Fort Benning, Georgia in 1964, he served in numerous command and staff positions in both the 82d and 101st Airborne Divisions. Additionally, he served as a Tactical Officer at the United States Military Academy at West Point. He is a veteran of Operation Power Pack in the Dominican Republic, 1965, two tours of duty in Vietnam (1967-68, 1971-72), and Operation Just Cause in Panama, 1989-90. His assignments as a General Officer include: Assistant Division Commander, 82d Airborne Division, Deputy Commanding General United States Army South in Panama, Deputy Director and Director for Operations, Readiness, and Mobilization Department of the Army, Washington, DC, Deputy Commanding General and Commanding General 5th United States Army. Fort Sam Houston, TX. From January 1995 until March 1996, he served as Force Commander United Nations Forces and Commander United States Forces in Haiti. He received a BA in History from the University of Tampa, in Florida, and a MS in Public Administration from Shippensburg University in Pennsylvania. He is also a graduate of the United States Army Command and Staff College and the United States Army War College.

SHALIKASHVILI, John Malchase David MSC CG: 15 November 1997
General - US Army American Citizen GH: 10 September 1997
Chairman, United States Joint Chief of Staff DOI: Oct 1993 to Sep 1997

"General Shalikashvili, United States Army, made an outstanding personal contribution to American/Canadian relations during his tenure as Chairman, United States Joint Chiefs of Staff, from October 1993 to September 1997. His support to the Canadian Forces during their missions with NATO in the Implementation and Stabilization Force in the former Yugoslavia and with the United Nations in Haiti, and his crucial assistance during the planning and pre-deployment phases of the Canadian led mission to Central Africa clearly demonstrated his dynamic leadership and interest in the close relationship that exists between Canada and the United States. General Shalikashvili's personal efforts on behalf of Canada constitute a direct and highly valued service to Canada and the Canadian Forces."

General John Malchase David Shalikashvili, MSC Chairman United States Joint Chief of Staff

John Malchase David Shalikashvili was born on 27 June 1936, in **Warsaw, Poland** (first Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff not born in the USA). In 1958, he enlisted in the Army and subsequently attended Officer Candidate School. Following his commissioning as a second lieutenant, he served with the 9th Infantry, and later the 15th Artillery, in Alaska.

From 1961 to 1963, Shalikashvili taught at the Army Air Defense School. He was promoted to first lieutenant in 1961 and to captain in 1963. In 1963, he attended the Artillery Officer Advanced Course. From 1965 to 1968, he was assigned to the 32d Artillery Defense Command, United States Army, Europe. He received his promotion to major in 1967.

Shalikashvili then served as a senior district advisor, Advisory Team 19, United States Military Assistance Command Vietnam until 1969. From 1969 to 1970, he attended the Naval Command and Staff College. From 1970 to 1977, he served in a variety of posts in Korea, Fort Lewis, Washington, and Washington, D.C. In 1977, Shalikashvili attended the United States Army War College. He was promoted to lieutenant colonel in 1974.



From 1978 to 1979, he served with the United States Army Southern Europe Task Force, Italy. The next two years, he commanded the division artillery of the 1st Armored Division, U.S. Army, Europe, in Germany. In 1978, he was promoted to colonel. Shalikashvili then served in the Office of the Deputy Chief of Staff of the Army until 1984. In 1983, he was promoted to Brigadier General.

In 1984 Shalikashvili became the assistant division commander of the 1st Armored Division in Germany. From 1986 to 1987, he served as the assistant deputy, and then as deputy, chief of staff of the Army for operations and plans. Shalikashvili was promoted to major general in 1986. He commanded the 9th Infantry Division until 1989. From 1989 to 1991, he was the deputy commander-in-chief of United States Army, Europe, and Seventh Army. He was promoted to lieutenant general in 1989. Then he served as an assistant to the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff until 1992.

General Shalikashvili was promoted to general in 1992. He served as the Supreme Allied Commander in Europe until 1993. In 1993, he succeeded Colin Powell as the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the first foreign-born man to become Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff. He served in every level of unit command from platoon to division. General Shalikashvili died of a stroke in 2011

Decorations and Badges General John SHALIKASHVILI, MSC

Presidential Medal of Freedom Defense Distinguished Service Medal with 3 Oak Leaf Clusters Distinguished Service Medal Army Legion of Merit with 2 Oak Lef Clusters Bronze Star Medal with "V" Device Meritorious Service Medal with 3 Oak Leaf Clusters Air Medal Joint Service Commendation medal Army Commendation Medal National Defense Service Medal with bronze service star in lieu of two campaigns Armed forces Expeditionary Medal Vietnam Service Medal with silver service star in lieu of five cammpaigns Southwest Asia Service Medal Humanitarian Service Medal Overseas service Ribbon with numeral 5 device Inter-American Defense Board Medal Combat Infantryman Badge Parachutist Badge Joint Chief of Staff Identification Badge Army Staff identification Badge

Foreign:

Vietnam – Vietnam Gallantry Cross with two silver stars (Division Citation and one bronze star (Regiment Citation) Vietnam – Vietnam Armed Forces honor Medal (First Class) Vietnam – Vietnam Campaign Medal with 1960 bar Canada – Meritorious Service Cross (Military Division) MSC Germany- Bund Naturschutz Medal



Shown wearing the Presidential Medal of Freedom

ESTES III, Howell M. MSC CG: 29 August 1998
General - United States Air Force American Citizen GH: 15 April 1998

Commander in Chief - NORAD DOI: August 1996 - Aug 1998

"As Commander in Chief of the North American Aerospace Defence Command and United States Space Command and Commander of Air Force Space Command, General Estes provided outstanding personal support and assistance to Canada since his appointment in August 1996. His strong vision and tenacious pursuit of binational support of the common defence of North America contributed significantly to the advancement of Defence Programmes critical to Canada. Moreover, his superb leadership, astute initiative and clear professional direction ensured unprecedented success in facilitating Canadian Forces operations in a number of coalition operations. General Estes' intense personal efforts and keen understanding of his command's vital roles have contributed immeasurably to Western security and constitute unique and unparalleled service to Canada."



General Howell M. ESTES III, MSC

General Howell M. Estes III is commander in chief, North American Aerospace Defense Command (CINCNORAD) and United States Space Command (USCINCSPACE), and commander, Air Force Space Command (COMAFSPC), headquartered at Peterson Air Force Base, Colo.

As CINCNORAD, General Estes is responsible for the air sovereignty of the United States and Canada, as well as for providing tactical warning and attack assessment. As USCINCSPACE, he commands the unified command responsible for directing space control and support operations including theater missile defense. As COMAFSPC, he directs satellite control, warning, space launch and ballistic missile operations missions through a worldwide network of support facilities and bases.

The general entered the Air Force in 1965 as a graduate of the U.S. Air Force Academy. He has commanded both operational and maintenance squadrons, the Air Force's only stealth fighter unit, an air division and numbered air force. Prior to his current position, he served as director for operations (J-3), the Joint Staff, the Pentagon, Washington, D.C. A command pilot with more than 4,500 flying hours, he flew 169 combat missions as an F-4 pilot during the Vietnam conflict. During the Gulf War he served as deputy chief of staff for operations, Strategic Air Command. He retired on 01 October 1998.

EDUCATION

- 1965 Bachelor of science degree in military science, U.S. Air Force Academy, Colorado Springs, Colo.
- 1975 Master of arts degree in public administration, Auburn University, Ala.
- 1975 Air Command and Staff College, Maxwell Air Force Base, Ala.
- 1983 National War College, Fort Lesley J. McNair, Washington, D.C.

ASSIGNMENTS

- 1. June 1965 November 1966, student, undergraduate pilot training program, Moody Air Force Base, Ga.
- 2. November 1966 April 1967, student, F-4 qualification training, MacDill Air Force Base, Fla.
- 3. April 1967 May 1969, F-4D pilot, 335th Tactical Fighter Squadron, Seymour Johnson Air Force Base, N.C.
- 4. May 1969 May 1970, F-4E commander, 34th Tactical Fighter Squadron, Korat Royal Thai Air Force Base, Thailand
- 5. May 1970 April 1972, F-4E pilot and chief of standardization and evaluation, 32nd Tactical Fighter Squadron, Camp New Amsterdam (now Soesterberg Air Base), Netherlands
- 6. May 1972 July 1973, weapons tactics staff officer, Headquarters U.S. Air Forces in Europe, Lindsey Air Station, West Germany
- 7. July 1973 August 1974, command briefing officer, Headquarters U.S. Air Forces in Europe, Ramstein Air Base, West Germany
- 8. August 1974 August 1975, student, Air Command and Staff College, Maxwell Air Force Base, Ala.
- 9. August 1975 January 1979, air operations staff officer, Europe-NATO Division, Office of the Deputy Chief of Staff for Plans and Operations, Headquarters U.S. Air Force, Washington, D.C.
- 10. February 1979 August 1982, commander, 20th Tactical Fighter Training Squadron; then commander, 35th Equipment Maintenance Squadron; then assistant deputy commander and subsequently deputy commander for maintenance; 35th Tactical Fighter Wing, George Air Force Base, Calif.
- 11. August 1982 July 1983, student, National War College, Fort Lesley J. McNair, Washington, D.C.
- 12. July 1983 June 1984, deputy assistant director for joint and National Security Council matters, directorate of plans, Office of the Deputy Chief of Staff for Plans and Operations, Headquarters U.S. Air Force, Washington, D.C.

General Howell M. ESTES III, MSC

ASSIGNMENTS (Continued)

- 13. June 1984 January 1986, commander, 4450th Tactical Group, Nellis Air Force Base, Nev.
- 14. January 1986 June 1987, special assistant to the chief of staff, Supreme Headquarters Allied Powers Europe, Brussels, Belgium
- 15. June 1987 August 1988, commander, 14th Air Division, Strategic Air Command, Beale Air Force Base, Calif.
- 16. August 1988 July 1991, assistant deputy chief of staff for plans and programs; deputy chief of staff for plans and resources; then deputy chief of staff for operations, Headquarters Strategic Air Command, Offutt Air Force Base, Neb.
- 17. July 1991 August 1992, director of plans, deputy chief of staff for plans and operations, Headquarters U.S. Air Force, Washington, D.C.
- 18. August 1992 October 1994, commander, 7th Air Force, Pacific Air Forces; deputy commander, U.S. Forces Korea; commander, Air Component Command, Republic of Korea and U.S. Combined Forces Command; commander, U.S. Air Forces Korea; and deputy commander in chief, United Nations Command, Osan Air Base, Republic of Korea
- 19. October 1994 August 1996, director for operations (J-3), the Joint Staff, Washington, D.C.
- 20. August 1996 present, commander in chief, North American Aerospace Defense Command and United States Space Command, and commander, Air Force Space Command, Peterson Air Force Base, Colo.

FLIGHT INFORMATION

Rating: Command pilot Flight hours: More than 4,500

Aircraft flown: A-7, F-4, F-16, F-117 and EC-135

MAJOR AWARDS AND DECORATIONS

Defense Distinguished Service Medal with oak leaf cluster Distinguished Service Medal Defense Superior Service Medal Legion of Merit Distinguished Flying Cross with oak leaf cluster Meritorious Service Medal with three oak leaf clusters Air Medal with 10 oak leaf clusters Air Force Commendation Medal with two oak leaf clusters Meritorious Service Cross (Canada)

OTHER ACHIEVEMENTS

Co-authored "Strategic and Doctrinal Implications of Deep Attack," CONOPS for the Defense of Central Europe

EFFECTIVE DATES OF PROMOTION

Second Lieutenant Jun 9, 1965 First Lieutenant Dec 9, 1966 Captain Jun 13, 1968 Major Mar 1, 1975 Lieutenant Colonel Apr 1, 1978 Colonel Nov 1, 1980 Brigadier General Oct 1, 1987 Major General Mar 1, 1990 Lieutenant General Aug 17, 1992 General Oct 1, 1996

Promoted: General 1 October 1996

NAUMANN, Klaus Dieter General - German Army Chairman - NATO's Military Committee

future."

KBE MSC CG: 07 November 1998 German Citizen GH: 29 September 1998 DOI: February 1996 to 1998

"Despite the complex and politically-charged military environment of 16 nations, General Naumann, Chairman of NATO's Military Committee since February 1996, was able to engineer a consensus around a new integrated military command structure for the Alliance. Under his leadership, this crucial initiative was brought to fruition over a 22-month period. Critical to both Canada and the Alliance, the project required exemplary vision, flexibility, diplomacy and dedication. The end result is a viable and flexible military command structure designed to accommodate all new Alliance missions, thereby providing NATO and her member nations, including Canada, an exceptional military foundation upon which to address the challenges of the

Commander's Cross of the Merit of the Federal Republic of Germany Gold Cross of Honour of the Federal Armed Forces Grand Officier de la Legion d'Honneur Gran Cruz de la Orden del Merito Militar con Distintivo Blanco Knight Commander of the Order of the British Empire (Military) KBE United Kingdom Grootofficier in de Kroonorde Commander's Cross of the Legion of Merit Grand Cross 2nd Class of the Order of Merit of the Republic of Austria Kommandor m/Stjerne av den Kongelige Norske Fortienstorden Defence Medal 1st Class Grand Officicer de l'Ordre de Leopold (Military) Grootofficier in de orde van Oranje-Nassau Commander's Grand Cross of the Order of the Lion of Finnland **Meritorious Service Cross (MSC)**

Germany France Spain Belgium USĂ Austria Norway Hungary Belgium Netherlands Finland Canada

Germany



MYERS, Richard B.
General - USAF
Commander-in-Chief NORAD

"As Commander-in-Chief, North American Aerospace Defence Command and United Space Command, and Commander of Air Force Space Command, General Myers provided outstanding personal support and assistance to the Canadian Forces and Canada since his appointment in August 1998. His compelling vision and tenacious pursuit of strong binational backing for the NORAD partnership and the defence of North America contributed significantly to the advancement of programmes critical to the national objectives of Canada. An innovative planner, he sponsored exercises and simulation efforts in order to formulate and develop detailed strategic defence plans beyond the year 2010. General Myers' prudence and foresight have been key in shaping and defining the future defence and security requirements of both the United States and Canada. His intense personal involvement, superb leadership and skilful execution of his commands' vital functions have contributed in an outstanding manner to North American security and constitute unique and meritorious service to the government and people of Canada."

General Richard B. MYERS, CMM, MSC Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff



General Richard B. Myers became the fifteenth Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff on Oct. 1, 2001. In this capacity, he serves as the principal military advisor to the President, the Secretary of Defense, and the National Security Council. Prior to becoming Chairman, he served as Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff for 19 months.

General Myers was born in Kansas City, Missouri. He is a 1965 graduate of Kansas State University and holds a Masters Degree in Business Administration from Auburn University. The General has attended the Air Command and Staff College at Maxwell Air Force Base, Alabama; the U.S. Army War College at Carlisle Barracks, Pennsylvania; and the Program for Senior Executives in National and International Security at the John F. Kennedy School of Government, Harvard University.

General Myers entered the Air Force in 1965 through the Reserve Officer Training Corps program. His career includes operational command and leadership positions in a variety of Air Force and Joint assignments. General Myers is a command pilot with more than 4,100 flying hours in the T-33, C-37, C-21, F-4, F-15 and F-16, including 600 combat hours in the F-4.

As the Vice Chairman from March 2000 to September 2001, General Myers served as the Chairman of the Joint Requirements Oversight Council, Vice Chairman of the Defense Acquisition Board, and as a member of the National Security Council Deputies Committee and the Nuclear Weapons Council. In addition, he acted for the Chairman in all aspects of the Planning, Programming and Budgeting System including participation in the Defense Resources Board.

From August 1998 to February 2000, General Myers was Commander in Chief, North American Aerospace Defense Command and U.S. Space Command; Commander, Air Force Space Command; and Department of Defense manager, space transportation system contingency support at Peterson Air Force Base, Colorado. As commander, General Myers was responsible for defending America through space and intercontinental ballistic missile operations. Prior to assuming that position, he was Commander, Pacific Air Forces, Hickam Air Force Base, Hawaii, from July 1997 to July 1998. From July 1996 to July 1997 he served as Assistant to the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Pentagon; and from November 1993 to June 1996 General Myers was Commander of U.S. Forces Japan and 5th Air Force at Yokota Air Base, Japan.

Honours and Medals to General Richard B. MYERS, CMM, MSC

- 01. Defense Distinguished Service Medal with two clusters
- 02. Air Force Distinguished Service Medal
- 03. Legion of Merit
- 04. Distinguished Flying Cross with cluster
- 05. Meritorious Service Medal with three clusters
- 06. Air Medal with three silver clusters and one bronze cluster
- 07. Air Medal with one bronze cluster
- 08. Air Force Commendation Medal
- 09. Defense Superior Service Medal with cluster and enclosed with V and three clusters
- 10. Bronze Star with cluster
- 11. Air Force Combat Readiness Service Medal
- 12. National Defense Service Medal with two stars
- 13 Armed Forces Expeditionary Campaign Medal
- 14. Vietnam Service Campaign Medal with three stars
- 15. Medal for Humanitarian Service
- 16. Air Force Overseas Service Long Term
- 17. Air Force Overseas Service Short Term with three clusters
- 18. Air Force Longevity with silver cluster & 3 bronze clusters
- 19. Air Force Small Arms Expert
- 20. Air Force Training Bar
- 21. Legion of Honour (Commander) (France)
- 22. Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry Unit Citation
- 23. Republic of Vietnam Campaign Medal
- 24. Meritorious Service Cross (Canada) MSC
- 25. Commander of the Order of Military Merit (Canada) CMM



Commander of the Order of Military Merit (CMM) awarded as per Canada Gazette of 25 March 2006 in the rank of General, USAF.

CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (Military) (MSC) **Awards to Foreign Military Officers**

CLARK, Wesley Kanne General - US Army

Supreme Allied Commander Europe (SACEUR)

CG: 27 May 2000 **KBE MSC** GH: 18 May 2000 American Citizen

DOI: July 1997 to May 2000

"Commander-in-Chief of the United States European Command, General Clark was Supreme Allied Commander Europe from July 1997 to May 2000. In command of Canadian Forces personnel in the Balkan Theatre, General Clark exhibited the highest standard of professional dedication in Operations Allied force, Joint Guardian, Joint Force and Allied Harbour. General Clark's leadership covered not only the command of forces at sea, in the field and in the air, but also Canadians in NATO Headquarters staffs and discussions with National Authority in Ottawa. His indefatigable efforts contributed greatly to bringing a successful end tot he humanitarian crisis in Kosovo and to the ongoing peace process in Bosnia-Herzegovina."

General Wesley Kanne CLARK, KBE, MSC Commander-in-Chief of the United States European Command **Supreme Allied Commander Europe (SACEUR)**

Wesley Kanne Clark (born 23 December 1944) was a four-star General of the United States Army. Clark was valedictorian of his class at West Point, was awarded a Rhodes Scholarship to the University of Oxford where he obtained a degree in Philosophy. Politics and Economics, and later graduated from the Command and General Staff College with a Master's Degree in military science. He spent 34 years in the Army and the Department of Defense, receiving many military decorations, several honorary knighthoods, and a Presidential Medal of Freedom.

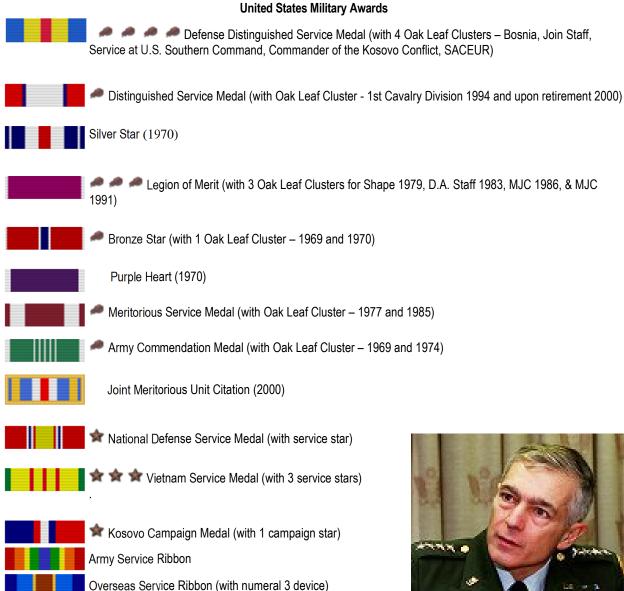
Clark commanded Operation Allied Force in the Kosovo War during his term as the Supreme Allied Commander Europe of NATO from 1997 to 200. Some of Clark's command decisions during the conflict, such as his statements at press briefings and his actions at the Pristina International Airport, were heavily criticized. At times, he had a difficult relationship with Secretary of Defense William Cohen and Chairman of the Joint Chief of Staff General Hugh Shelton, which led to rumors Clark was forced into retirement, though both he and the Department of Defense said his retirement was merely standard personnel movement.



Honours and Awards to General Wesley Kane CLARK, Wesley Kane, KBE, MSC, US Army

United States Civilian Medal Award

Presidential Medal of Freedom, 2000

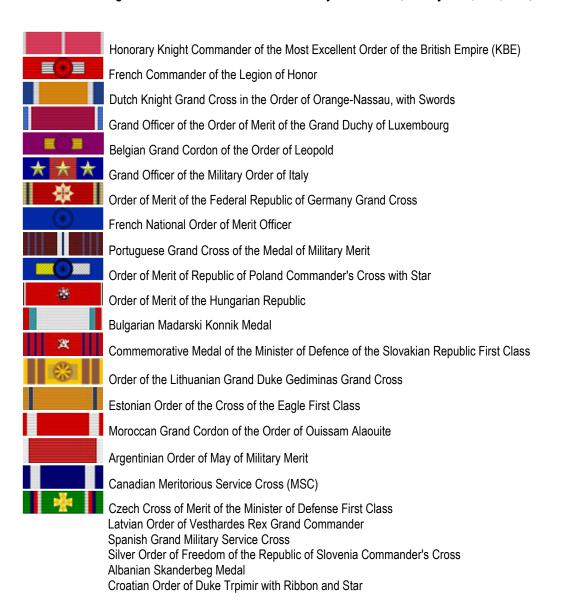




Vietnam Civil Actions Unit Citation

Vietnam Campaign Medal (with 1960 bar)

Foreign Honours and Awards to General Wesley Kane CLARK, Wesley Kane, KBE, MSC, US Army



Badges

Combat Infantryman Badge Parachutist Badge Ranger Tab Army Staff Identification Badge Joint Chiefs of Staff Identification Badge

Honours and Awards to General Wesley Kane CLARK, Wesley Kane, KBE, MSC, US Army

General Wesley K. Clark USA (ret.) is the nation's most highly decorated officer since Dwight Eisenhower. Among his military decorations are the Defense Distinguished Service Medal (five awards); Distinguished Service Medal (two awards); Silver Star, Legion of Merit (four awards); Bronze Star Medal (two awards); Purple Heart; Meritorious Service Medal (two awards); Army Commendation Medal (two awards); NATO Medal for Service with NATO on Operations in Relation to Kosovo, NATO Medal for Service with NATO on Operations in Relation to the Former Republic of Yugoslavia, Legacy of Leadership and Lady Liberty(TM) Award.

His Foreign awards include:

the Honorary Knight Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire (United Kingdom);

Commander of the Legion of Honor (France);

Grand Cross of the Order of Merit of the Federal Republic of Germany;

Knight Grand Cross in the Order of Orange-Nassau, with Swords (Netherlands);

Grand Officer of the Order of Merit of the Republic of Italy;

Grand Cross of the Medal of Military Merit (Portugal);

The Commander's Cross with Star of the Order of Merit of Republic of Poland;

Grand Officer of the Order of Merit of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg;

Grand Medal of Military Merit (White Band) (Spain);

The Grand Cordon of the Order of Leopold (Belgium);

Cross of Merit of the Minister of Defense First Class (Czech Republic);

Order of Merit of the Hungarian Republic; Commander's Cross,

The Silver Order of Freedom of the Republic of Slovenia;

Madarski Konnik Medal (Bulgaria);

Commemorative Medal of the Minister of Defense of the Slovak Republic First Class (Slovakia):

First Class Order of Lithuanian Grand Duke Gediminas (Lithuania):

Order of the Cross of the Eagle (Estonia); The Skandeberg Medal (Albania);

Order of Merit of Morocco; Order of Merit of Argentina;

The Grade of Prince Butmir w/Ribbon and Star (Croatia)

and the Military Service Cross of Canada.

CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (Military) (MSC) Awards to Foreign Military Officers

EBERHART, Ralph Edward ('Ed')General - United States Air Force

Commander - in Chief NORAD

MSC CG: 13 November 2004 American Citizen GH: 05 November 2004

DOI: 11 September 2001 and after

"General Eberhart of the U.S. Air Force provided outstanding support and assistance to Canada as the Commander of North American Aerospace Defence Command and of the United States Northern Command. His strong vision and tenacious pursuit of bi-national support for the common defence of North America contributed significantly to the advancement of defence programs critical to Canada. His leadership, astute initiative and clear direction ensured the appropriate decisions were made during the terrorist attacks on September 11, 2001, and unprecedented success during the subsequent air defence campaign to protect North America. General Eberhart's personal efforts and keen understanding of his commands' vital roles have greatly contributed to Western security, and constitute united and unparalleled service to Canada."

General Ralph Edward ('Ed') EBERHART, MSC Commander in Chief – North American Aerospace Defense Command Commander – United States Northern Command



General Ralph E. "Ed" Eberhart is Commander in Chief, North American Aerospace Defense Command and Commander, United States Northern Command at Peterson Air Force Base, Colo. General Eberhart entered the Air Force in 1968 as a graduate of the U.S. Air Force Academy. His staff experience includes serving as Executive Officer to the Air Force Chief of Staff at Headquarters U.S. Air Force; Deputy Chief of Staff for Inspection, Safety and Security, Headquarters Tactical Air Command; Director for Programs and Evaluation, Headquarters U.S. Air Force; Director of Force Structure, Resources and Assessment, the Joint Staff; and Deputy Chief of Staff for Plans and Operations, Headquarters U.S. Air Force

The general has also served as the Vice Chief of Staff of the U.S. Air Force, Commander, Air Combat Command, Commander, Air Force Space Command and Commander in Chief, United States Space Command. General Eberhart has commanded a flight, squadron, wing, numbered air force and two major commands, as well as one sub-unified command, two unified commands and one bi-national command. While commander of the 363rd Tactical Fighter Wing during Operation Desert Shield, the unit established the theater's initial air-to-ground combat capability from a forward operating location. While serving as

the Commander of U.S. Forces, Japan, he was awarded the Grand Cordon of the Order of the Sacred Treasure by the Emperor of Japan. A command pilot, he has logged more than 4,500 hours, primarily in fighter and trainer aircraft, including 300 combat missions as a forward air controller in Vietnam.

Honours and Awards to General Ralph Edward ('Ed') EBERHART, MSC, USAF

Distinguished Service Medal with oak leaf cluster Legion of Merit with oak leaf cluster Distinguished Flying Cross Defense Meritorious Service Medal Meritorious Service Medal with two oak leaf clusters Air Medal with 11 oak leaf clusters Air Force Commendation Medal Presidential Unit Citation Joint Meritorious Unit Award with two oak leaf clusters Air Force Outstanding Unit Award with oak leaf cluster Combat Readiness Medal National Defense Service Medal with two service stars Armed Forces Expeditionary Medal with two service stars Vietnam Service Medal with three service stars Southwest Asia Service Medal with service star Humanitarian Service Medal with service star Air Force Overseas Ribbon-Short Air Force Overseas Ribbon-Long with oak leaf cluster Air Force Longevity Service Award Ribbon with seven oak leaf clusters Small Arms Expert Marksmanship Ribbon Air Force Training Ribbon



Foreign Honours and Awards to General Ralph Edward ('Ed') EBERHART, MSC, USAF

Grand Cordon of the Order of the Sacred Treasure, Japan Legion of Honor, France Republic of Vietnam Gallantry Cross with Palm Republic of Vietnam Campaign Medal Kuwait Liberation Medal (Government of Kuwait) Meritorious Service Cross (Canada)

CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (Military) (MSC) Awards to Foreign Military Officers

GIAMBASTINI Jr., Edmund Peter Admiral U.S. Navy, Norfolk, Virginia, U.S.A. Commander – North Atlantic Treaty Organization MSC CG: 04 February 2006 American Citizen GH: 26 June 2006

DOI: 2004



"An innovative planner, Admiral Giambastiani, of the United States Navy, has provided outstanding leadership and creativity to ensure that the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) is ready to meet the challenges of the future. In 2004, he developed new approaches to ensure the advances in technology serve Alliance requirements well into the future. Admiral Giambastiani's personal involvement and skilful execution of his Commands' vital functions have contributed in an outstanding manner to collective security. His achievements have been of great benefit to Canada."

Admiral Edmund Peter GIAMBASTINI, Jr., USN

Edmund P. Giambastiani, Jr. was born 04 May 1948 in Canastota, New York. Giambastiani served as the seventh Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff. In this capacity, he is a member of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the Nation's second highest ranking military officer. As Vice Chairman, Admiral Giambastiani chairs the Joint Requirements Oversight Council, co-chairs the Defense Acquisition Board, and serves as a member of the National Security Council Deputies Committee, the Nuclear Weapons Council and the Missile Defense Executive Board. In addition, he works with Deputy

Secretary of Defense Gordon England as Co-Chair of the Deputies Advisory Working Group, which oversees implementation of the 2006 Quadrennial Defense Review and other high level Departmental business issues.

Admiral Giambastiani's operational assignments have included several in which he was responsible for both demanding at-sea operations and the development of new technologies and experimental processes. Early sea assignments included USS PUFFER (SSN 652) and USS FRANCIS SCOTT KEY (SSBN 657) (BLUE). While assigned to PUFFER, he was a 1973 winner of the Fleet Commander's Junior Officer Submarine Shiphandling Competition. He commanded SUBMARINE NR-1, the Navy's only nuclear powered deep diving ocean engineering and research submarine and USS RICHARD B. RUSSELL (SSN 687), where the crew was awarded three consecutive Battle Efficiency "E"s, three Navy Unit Commendations, and two Fleet Commander Silver Anchors for excellence in enlisted retention.

Admiral Giambastiani also led Submarine Development Squadron Twelve, an operational submarine squadron that also serves as the Navy's Warfare Center of Excellence for submarine doctrine and tactics. Established in 1949, Submarine Development Squadron Twelve is the oldest experimental unit of its kind in the U.S. military. He served as the first director of strategy and concepts at the Naval Doctrine Command, as well as Commander, Atlantic Fleet Submarine Force; Commander, Submarines Allied Command Atlantic; and Commander, Anti-Submarine and Reconnaissance Forces Atlantic in Norfolk, Virginia.

Admiral Edmund Peter GIAMBASTINI, Jr., USN

Admiral Giambastiani's other shore and staff assignments include duties as an enlisted program manager at the Navy Recruiting Command Headquarters, Washington, DC, in the early days of the all volunteer force; Special Assistant to the Deputy Director for Intelligence, Central Intelligence Agency; and, a fellowship with the Chief of Naval Operations' Strategic Studies Group. As a flag officer, he served as the Deputy Chief of Staff for Resources, Warfare Requirements and Assessments for the Commander, U.S. Pacific Fleet; Director of Submarine Warfare for the Chief of Naval Operations; Deputy Chief of Naval Operations for Resources, Requirements, and Assessments; and as the Senior Military Assistant to Secretary of Defense Donald H. Rumsfeld. His previous assignment was as NATO's first Supreme Allied Commander Transformation and as Commander, United States Joint Forces Command, where he led the transformation of NATO and U.S. military forces, capabilities and doctrines and the introduction of new technologies.

Admiral Edmund Peter GIAMBASTINI Jr. MSC, USN

A native of Canastota, New York, Admiral Giambastiani graduated from the U.S. Naval Academy with leadership distinction in 1970. He has been awarded numerous decorations but is most proud of his 19 unit awards and commendations because they recognize the participation and accomplishments of the entire team.

Medals of Admiral Edmund P. GIAMBASTIANI, Jr., MSC, USN

Defence Distinguished Service Medal 1 Bronze Oak Leaf Cluster

Navy Distinguished Service Medal 4 Gold Stars Legion of Merit 3 Award Stars Meritorious Service Medal 2 Award Stars 1 Award Star Navy Commendation Medal

Navy Unit Commendation 4 Award Bronze Stars

Navy Meritorious Unit Commendation 5 Awards Navy Battle Efficiency "E" Ribbon 8 Awards

Navy Expeditionary Medal

National Defence Service Medal 3 Awards Vietnam Service Medal 1 Star

Global War on Terrorism Service Medal

Navy Sea Service Deployment Ribbon

Navy Recruiting Service Ribbon

6 Awards

Foreign Honours of Admiral Edmund P. GIAMBASTIANI, Jr., MSC, USN

French Legion of Honour Meritorious Service Medal (Canada) MSC NATO Meritorious Service Medal

Republic of Vietnam Gallantry Cross with Palm Unit Citation Republic of Vietnam Civil Actions Honour Medal Unit Citation

Republic of Vietnam Campaign Medal

Badges: Submarine Officer Badge, Deep Submergence Officer Bade, Command Afloat Officer Badge, Defence Department Identification Badge, Joint Chief of Staff Identification Badge.



Awards to Foreign Military Officers

JONES, James J.MSCCG:07 April 2007General – US Marine CorpsAmerican CitizenGH:06 February 2007Supreme Allied Commander, Europe (SACEUR)DOI:2003 to 2007

and Commander of the United States European Command (COMUSEUCOM)

"Since 2003, General Jones of the United States Marine Corps has provided outstanding leadership to NATO at a critical time in the Alliance's history. During his mandate as Supreme Allied Commander Europe, NATO's operations in Afghanistan expanded to include the entire country, and thousands of Canadian military personnel served under his command. Although operating at the highest strategic level, General Jones has always had the interests of individual soldiers at heart. He has invariably been responsive to Canadian concerns and has provided strong support to Canadian commanders in theatre. His service to NATO and to our military personnel has brought great benefit to the Canadian Forces and to Canada."

General James Jones, MSC, US Marine Corps Supreme Allied Commander, Europe (SACEUR)



General Jones is the Supreme Allied Commander, Europe (SACEUR) and the Commander of the United States European Command (COMUSEUCOM). From the Supreme Headquarters Allied Powers Europe, Mons, Belgium, General Jones leads Allied Command Europe (ACE), comprising NATO's military forces in Europe. The mission of ACE is to preserve the peace, security, and territorial integrity of the NATO member nations in Europe.

As COMUSEUCOM, General Jones commands five US components: US Army, Europe; US Navy, Europe; US Air Forces in Europe, US Marine Forces, Europe and Special Operations Command, Europe. The European Command's mission is to support and achieve US interests and objectives throughout 93 countries in Central and Eastern Europe, Africa and portions of the Middle East.

The command performs a variety of functions including planning for and conducting contingency operations such as noncombatant evacuations and humanitarian relief operations; providing combatready forces to both Allied Command Europe and other US unified commands; and conducting intelligence activities and security assistance.

General Jones spent his formative years in France, returning to the United States to attend the Georgetown University School of

Foreign Service, from which he earned a Bachelor of Science degree in 1966.

He was commissioned a Second Lieutenant in the Marine Corps in January 1967. Upon completion of The Basic School, Quantico, Va., in October 1967, he was ordered to the Republic of Vietnam, where he served as a Platoon and Company Commander with Company G. 2nd Battalion. 3rd Marines. While overseas, he was promoted to First Lieutenant in June 1968.

General James Jones, MSC, US Marine Corps Supreme Allied Commander, Europe (SACEUR)

In November 1974, he received orders to report to the 3d Marine Division on Okinawa, where he served as the Company Commander of Company H, 2nd Battalion, 9th Marines, until December 1975. From January 1976 to August 1979, General Jones served in the Officer Assignments Section at Headquarters Marine Corps, Washington, DC.

Returning to the United States in December 1968, General Jones was assigned to Camp Pendleton, California, where he served as a Company Commander until May 1970. He then received orders to Marine Barracks, Washington, DC, for duties as a Company Commander, serving in this assignment until July 1973. He was promoted to Captain in December 1970. From July 1973 until June 1974, he was a student at the Amphibious Warfare School, Quantico, Virginia.

During this assignment, he was promoted to Major in July 1977. Remaining in Washington, his next assignment was as the Marine Corps Liaison Officer to the United States Senate, where he served until July 1984. He was promoted to Lieutenant Colonel in September 1982.



He was then selected to attend the National War College in Washington, DC. Following graduation in June 1985, he was assigned to command the 3rd Battalion, 9th Marines, 1st Marine Division, Camp Pendleton, California., from July 1985 to July 1987.

In August 1987, General Jones returned to Headquarters Marine Corps, where he served as Senior Aide to the Commandant of the Marine Corps. He was promoted to Colonel in April 1988 and became the Military Secretary to the Commandant of the Marine Corps in February 1989. During August 1990, General Jones was assigned as the Commanding Officer, 24th Marine Expeditionary Unit at Camp Lejeune, North Carolina. During his tour with the 24th MEU, he participated in Operation Provide Comfort in Northern Iraq and Turkey.

He was advanced to Brigadier General on 23 April 1992. General Jones was assigned to duties as Deputy Director, J-3, US European Command, Stuttgart, Germany, on 15 July 1992. During this tour of duty, he was reassigned as Chief of Staff, Joint Task Force Provide Promise, for operations in Bosnia-Herzegovina and Macedonia.

Returning to the United States, he was advanced to the rank of Major General in July 1994, and was assigned as Commanding General, 2nd Marine Division, Marine Forces Atlantic, Camp Lejeune, North Carolina. General Jones next served as Director, Expeditionary Warfare Division (N85), Office of the Chief of Naval Operations, during 1996, then as the Deputy Chief of Staff for Plans, Policies and Operations, Headquarters Marine Corps, Washington, DC. He was advanced to Lieutenant General on 18 July 1996.

His next assignment was as the Military Assistant to the Secretary of Defence. He was promoted to General on 30 June 1999, and became the 32nd Commandant of the United States Marine Corps on 1 July 1999. General Jones assumed duties as the Commander of US European Command on 16 January 2003 and Supreme Allied Commander Europe on 17 January 2003.

General Jones' personal **decorations include**: the Defense Distinguished Service Medal with two oak leaf clusters, Silver Star Medal, Legion of Merit with four gold stars, Bronze Star Medal with Combat 'V', and the Combat Action Ribbon.

Awards to Foreign Military Officers

SCHOOMAKER, Peter J.MSCCG:07 April 2007General – US ArmyAmerican CitizenGH:16 February 2007Chief of the United States ArmyDOI:2003 to 2007

"Since the summer of 2003, General Schoomaker, chief of staff of the United States Army, has provided outstanding support to the Canadian Forces in their efforts to prepare soldiers deploying on the complex mission in Afghanistan. During his mandate, he ensured that Canadians had immediate access to his army's tactical lessons, emerging doctrine and training facilities. His influence has contributed to the safety of Canadian missions, and his unflinching support of the Canada-United States relationship has had a positive impact on both nations."

General Peter J. SCHOOMAKER, MSC



General Schoomaker graduated from the University of Wyoming in 1969 with a Bachelor of Science Degree. He also holds a Master of Arts Degree in Management from Central Michigan University. General Schoomaker's military education includes the Marine Corps Amphibious Warfare School, the United States Army Command and General Staff College, the National War College, and the John F. Kennedy School of Government Program for Senior Executives in National and International Security Management.

Prior to his current assignment, General Schoomaker spent 31 years in a variety of command and staff assignments with both conventional and special operations forces. He participated in numerous deployment operations, including DESERT ONE in Iran, URGENT FURY in Grenada, JUST CAUSE in Panama, DESERT SHIELD/DESERT STORM in Southwest Asia, UPHOLD DEMOCRACY in Haiti, and supported various worldwide joint contingency operations, including those in the Balkans.

Early in his career, General Schoomaker was a Reconnaissance Platoon Leader and Rifle Company Commander with 2nd Battalion, 4th Infantry, and a Cavalry Troop Commander with 2nd Armored Cavalry Regiment in Germany. He then served in Korea as the S-3 Operations Officer of 1st Battalion, 73rd Armor, 2nd Infantry Division. From 1978 to 1981, he

commanded a Squadron in the 1st Special Forces Operational Detachment - D. Following Army Command and General Staff College, General Schoomaker served as the Squadron Executive Officer, 2nd Squadron, 2nd Armored Cavalry Regiment in Germany. In August 1983, he returned to Fort Bragg, North Carolina, to serve as Special Operations Officer, J-3, Joint Special Operations Command. From August 1985 to August 1988, General Schoomaker commanded another Squadron in the 1st Special Forces Operational Detachment - D. Following the National War College, he returned as the Commander, 1st Special Forces Operational Detachment - D from June 1989 to July 1992. Subsequently, General Schoomaker served as the Assistant Division Commander of the 1st Cavalry Division, Fort Hood, Texas, followed by a tour in the Headquarters, Department of the Army staff as the Deputy Director for Operations, Readiness and Mobilization. General Schoomaker served as the Commanding General of the Joint Special Operations Command from July 1994 to August 1996, followed by command of the United States Army Special Operations Command at Fort Bragg, North Carolina through October 1997. His most recent assignment prior to assuming duties as the Army Chief of Staff was as Commander in Chief, United States Special Operations Command at MacDill Air Force Base, Florida, from November 1997 to November 2000.

General Schoomaker was the 35th Chief of Staff, United States Army, from 01 August 2003 to 10 April 2007. General Schoomaker and his wife have two daughters and one son.

Awards and Decorations to General Peter J. Schoomaker, MSC, US Army





Foreign Decorations

The French Republic Command of the Legion of Honor
The Italian Joint Forces Decoration of Honor of the Defense General Staff
The Japanese Grand Cordon of the Order of the Rising Sun
The Chilean Medal Cross of Victory
The Turkish Legion of Merit

The Meritorious Service Cross (Canada) (MSC)





Badge

Badge



Combat Infantryman



Master Parachutist



HALO Wings









Awards to Foreign Military Officers

EIKENBERRY, Karl W.MSC
LGen – United States Army
MSC
American Citizen
GH: 07 April 2007
CG: 07 April 2007
CG: 07 April 2007

Commander – Combined Forces Command Afghanistan

"As the commanding general, Combined Forces Command - Afghanistan, Lieutenant-General Eikenberry played a central role in Canada's success in the South of Afghanistan in 2006. He is an outstanding coalition builder, an exceptional commander and a strong supporter of Canada's foreign policy and military objectives in Afghanistan. His superb leadership was pivotal to the seamless transition to effective International Security Assistance Force command. He spearheaded the international reconstruction and stabilization effort, ensuring that Canada had the material and military support required to make a meaningful contribution to stability and democracy in Afghanistan. He brought great international credit to Canada and the Canadian Forces."

Lieutenant-General Karl W. EIKENBERRY, MSC



In the Army, Eikenberry commanded the 2nd Battalion of the 87th Infantry Regiment (Light) in the 10th Mountain Division, and commanded and held staff positions in airborne, ranger, and mechanized infantry units in the United States, Korea and Europe. He also served as an assistant Army attaché in the American Embassy in the People's Republic of China, and then as division chief with the Strategy, Plans and Policy Directorate of the United States Department of the Army Staff in Washington, D.C.

DOI:

2006

Eikenberry served two tours of duty in the war in Afghanistan. His first tour in Afghanistan was from September 2002- September 2003. During this time he filled two positions; his primary duty was as the United States Security Coordinator for Afghanistan and the second position was the Chief of the Office of Military Cooperation-Afghanistan (OMC-A). As the Security Coordinator he worked closely with UNSG Special Representative Lakhdar Brahimi to forge a

unified international effort to build a cohesive security sector. This Security Sector Reform (SSR) project included building the Afghan National Army (U.S.), reforming the Afghan Police (Germany), Counter-Narcotics (U.K.), Judicial reform (Italy), and Disarmament, Demobilization, and Reintegration of the militias (Japan and U.N.). In his role as Chief of the OMC-A he was the chief architect of the strategy that built and fielded the first Afghan Army Corps. During his second tour he was Commander of the Combined Forces Command for 18 months, leaving in 2007 to become the Deputy Chairman of the NATO Military Committee.

On January 29, 2009, *The New York Times* reported that President Barack Obama had chosen Eikenberry to be the next U.S. ambassador to Afghanistan, replacing William Braucher Wood. The choice of a career army officer for the sensitive post was described by *The Times* as "highly unusual". On April 3, 2009, the Senate confirmed Eikenberry's nomination, and on April 29, 2009, he was sworn in as the U.S. Ambassador to Afghanistan. The official announcement of his nomination was made on March 11. Following his confirmation as ambassador, he retired from the U.S. military with the rank of Lieutenant General on April 28, 2009. Eikenberry has been allowed to bring his family and wife, Ching, to live with him in Kabul.

Awards to Foreign Military Officers

Military awards and decorations to Lieutenant-General Karl W. EIKENBERRY, MSC, US Army



Foreign Awards to Lieutenant-General Karl W. EIKENBERRY, MSC, US Army

The French Legion of Honor presented by the French Minister of Defense Michelle Alliot-Marie

The Meritorious Service Cross (Canada) presented by General Rick Hillier, Chief of the Defence Staff (Canada)

Afghanistan's Akbar Khan Award presented by President Hamid Karzai

Awards to Foreign Military Officers

KEATING, Timothy JohnAdmiral – United States Navy
Commander - NORAD

MSC CG: 23 June 2007 American Citizen GH: 26 March 2007 DOI: November 2004 to

February 2007

"As commander of the North American Aerospace Defence Command and United States Northern Command from November 2004 to February 2007, Admiral Keating of the United States Navy provided outstanding assistance to Canada. His vision and support for the common defence of North America contributed significantly to the advancement of defence programs critical to Canada. His leadership, astute initiative and clear direction ushered in the maritime warning mission for the North American Aerospace Defence Command. Admiral Keating's efforts and keen understanding of his Command's vital roles have contributed to continental security and constitute unique and unparalleled service to Canada."

Admiral Timothy John KEATING, MSC, USN



Timothy J. Keating assumed command of North American Aerospace Defense Command and U.S. Northern Command from Air Force from General Ed Eberhart in ceremonies at Peterson Air Force Base, Colorado on 05 November 2004. During the ceremony, Eberhart received the Defense Distinguished Service Medal (with second oak leaf cluster) and Canada's Meritorious Service Cross (military division) from the Canadian Chief of Defence Staff General Henault. On 26 March 2007, he took over Command of the United States Pacific Command (USPACOM) based in Honolulu. Hawaii. Keating, a native of Dayton, Ohio, graduated from the U.S. Naval Academy in 1971. Following duty aboard USS Mason (DD 852) in the western Pacific, he completed flight training in August 1973. He was ordered to VA-82, deploying twice to the Mediterranean aboard USS Nimitz (CVN 68). In September 1978, he reported to VA-122, NAS Lemoore, CA, and subsequently served with commander, Carrier Air Wing Fifteen as staff landing signal officer, deploying to the western Pacific/Indian Ocean aboard USS Kitty Hawk (CV 63). From May 1982 to July 1984, as administrative officer, operations officer and maintenance officer with VA-94, he deployed twice to the western Pacific aboard USS Enterprise (CVN 65). His next assignment was aide and flag lieutenant to the commander in chief, U.S. Pacific Command.

MSC In May 1987, Keating assumed command of VFA-87 and deployed with CVW-8 aboard USS Theodore Roosevelt (CVN 71) to the North Atlantic and to the Mediterranean. After his tour with VFA-87, he was assigned to the Naval Military Personnel Command in Washington, DC, where he served as head of the Aviation Junior Officer Assignments Branch. He reported as deputy commander, Carrier Air Wing Seven in January 1991, participating in combat operations in support of Operation Desert Storm from USS Saratoga (CV 60). Keating next served as a chief of naval operations fellow with the Strategic Studies Group in Newport, RI. Following duty with the Joint Task Force Southwest Asia in Riyadh, Saudi Arabia, he deployed as deputy commander, Carrier Air Wing Nine aboard USS Nimitz (CVN 68) to the Arabian Gulf. He assumed command of CVW-9 in July 1993. In November 1994, Keating reported to NAS Fallon, NV, as commander, Naval Strike Warfare Center.

Keating returned to the Naval Military Personnel Command in September 1995 as director, Aviation Officer Distribution Division. He served as the deputy director for operations (Current Operations/J33), Operations Directorate, the Joint Staff, Washington, from August 1996 until June 1998. He assumed command of Carrier Group Five home ported in Yokosuka, Japan, in June 1998. In September 2000, Keating reported to OPNAV as deputy chief of naval operations for plans, policy and operations (N3/N5). In February 2002, he assumed command of U.S. Naval Forces Central Command and U.S. Fifth Fleet. From October 13, 2003 to October 21, 2004, Keating served as the director, Joint Staff. Keating assumed command of North American Aerospace Defense Command and United States Northern Command on November 5, 2004. He has over 5,000 flight hours and 1,200 arrested landings

Medals of Admiral Timothy KEATING, MSC, USN

His awards include:

Navy Pilot Wings Command



Commander US Pacific



	Defense Distinguished Service Medal with 3 Oak Leaf Clusters
*	Navy Distinguished Service Medal with Gold Star
* * *	Legion of Merit with three Gold Stars
	Defense Meritorious Service Medal
*	Meritorious Service Medal with Gold Star
	three Air Medals (Strike/Flight awards)
* * v	Navy Commendation Medal with two Gold Stars and Combat "V"
*	Navy Achievement Medal with Silver Award Star
	Joint Meritorious Unit Award
	Navy Unit Commendation
会会	Navy Meritorious Unit Commendation with 2 bronze service stars
E E	Navy "E" Ribbon w/ 2 Battle E devices
	Navy Expeditionary Medal
\$ \$	National Defense Service Medal with 2 bronze service stars
会会 会	Vietnam Service Medal (3 campaign stars)
***	Southwest Asia Service Medal with 3 bronze service stars
	Global War on Terrorism Expeditionary Medal
	Global War on Terrorism Service Medal
	Armed Forces Service Medal
会会	Humanitarian Service Medal with 2 bronze service stars
☆☆☆	Navy Sea Service Deployment Ribbon with 1 silver and 2 bronze service stars
	00

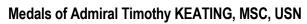


Vietnam Campaign Medal



Navy Expert Pistol Shot Medal

He also has over 5,000 flight hours and 1,200 arrested landings.





Awards to Foreign Military Officers

Lady PATRICIACBE DStJ MSC CDCG:September 2007The Right Honourable Countess Mountbatten of BurmaBritish CitizenGH:28 August 2007Colonel-in-Chief Princess Patricia's Canadian Light InfantryDOI:1974 to 2007

"Lady Patricia, the Right Honourable the Countess Mountbatten of Burma, was appointed colonel-in-chief of the Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry in 1974. For more than 30 years, she demonstrated an outstanding level of dedication and commitment to the Regiment and to the Canadian Forces. She made countless visits to soldiers in garrisons across the country and in the field, including visits to battalions serving on overseas operations in Germany, Cyprus, Bosnia-Herzegovina, Croatia and Kosovo. As colonel-in-chief, she served as an important role model and actively promoted the Regiment. Lady Patricia's continued support has been an invaluable inspiration to the soldiers and their families and has brought great credit to the Canadian Forces and to Canada."

Lady Patricia served as the Colonel-in-Chief of the PPCLI from 1974 until 2007 and was replaced on 17 March 2007 by the former Governor General of Canada, The Right Honourable Adrienne CLARKSON, CC, CMM, COM, DStJ, CD. The Countess is also the Honorary Colonel of the Loyal Edmonton Regiment (4th Battalion PPCLI).

Medals of The Right Honourable Lady Patricia, Countess Mountbatten of Burma, CBE, DStJ, CD

CBE - DStJ - MSC - Defence Medal - GV Coronation - GV Silver Jubilee - GVI Coronation - EIIR Coronation - EIIR Silver Jubilee - EIIR Golden Jubilee - CD and 3 bars



Awards to Foreign Military Officers

Patricia Edwina Victoria Knatchbull 2nd Countess Mountbatten of Burma, CBE, DStJ MSC, CD, JP, DL

She was born 14 February 1924 and is a British Peeress, the daughter of the 1st Earl Mountbatten of Burma and his wife, the former Edwina Ashley. She is the elder sister of Lady Pamela Hicks, and first cousin to Prince Philip, Duke of Edinburgh.

Known before 1946 as Patricia Mountbatten, in 1946 as the Hon. Patricia Mountbatten, and between 1946 and 1979 as Baroness Brabourne, Lady Mountbatten succeeded her father when he was assassinated in 1979, as his peerages had been created with special remainder to his daughters and their heirs male. This inheritance put her in the House of Lords, where she remained until 1999, when the House of Lords Act 199 removed most hereditary peers from the House.

Lady Mountbatten was educated in Malta, England and New York. In 1943, at age 19, she entered the Women's Royal Naval Service as a Signal Rating and served in Combined Operations bases in the UK until being commissioned as a third officer in 1945 and serving in the Supreme Allied Headquarters, South East Asia. This is where she met Lord Brabourne, who was an aide to her father. In 1973 was appointed Deputy Lieutenant for the County of Kent; she is also a serving magistrate and is involved with numerous service organisations including SOS Children's Villages UK, of which she is Patron; **the Order of St. John, of which she is a Dame**; and the Countess Mountbatten's Own Legion of Frontiersmen of the Commonwealth, of which she is Patron.

On 15 June 1974 she succeeded her cousin Lady Patricia Ramsay, formerly HRH Princess Patricia of Connaught, as **Colonel-in-Chief of the Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry**, for whom the regiment was named when Princess Patricia's father, the Duke of Connaught was Governor General of Canada during the First World War. Despite her succeeding to an earldom in



her own right as Countess Mountbatten of Burma on the death of her father in 1979, she preferred that the officers and men of her regiment address her as Lady Patricia. She was succeeded by The Right Honourable Adrienne Clarkson on 17 March 2007.

Lady Brabourne was in the boat which was blown up by the IRA off the shores of Sligo in 1979, killing her fourteen-year-old son Nicholas; her father; her mother-in-law, the Dowager Baroness Brabourne; and fifteen-year-old Paul Maxwell, a boat-boy from Dounty Fermanagh. She, her husband, and their son Timothy were injured but survived the attack.



42

Awards to Foreign Military Officers

SKRZYPCZAK, WaldemarMSCCG:29 November 2008Polish ForcesPolish CitizenGH:28 October 2008Commander of Polish Forces in AfghanistanDOI:November 2006 to 2008

"Lieutenant General Waldemar Skrzypezak (Polish Army) for outstanding leadership and remarkable dedication as Commander of Polish Forces in Afghanistan since November 2006."

"As commander of the Polish Land Forces, Lieutenant-General Skrzypczak was deployed to Afghanistan in November 2006, alongside the Canadian Forces. His leadership skills were an inspiration to international coalition members, as was his remarkable dedication towards the collective defence of Canadian interests and those of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization."

Lieutenant-General Waldemar SKRZYPCZAK, MSC

Waldemar Skrzypczak Henry (b. 19 January 1956 in Szczecin) - Lieutenant General of the Polish Army. The officer certified armor . In 1976 he began serving in the Armed Forces PRL, commanded

32 Mechanized Regiment, 16 Mechanized Division, 11 Armoured Cavalry Division and Multinational Division Center-South. On 02 October 2006 he became the commander of the Polish Army. In November 2006, he was sent to Afghanistan to command the Polish troops in support of NATO and was there for at least six months. In August 2009, resigned as Chif of the Polish Army in protest at the way the management of the armed forces by the Polish Ministry of National Defence.



Military Career

1076 1000	Cadet Officer	Cohool of	Armourad	Earaga i	n Doznań
1970-1980 -	Cager Officer	School of	Armoured	Forces I	n Poznan

- 1980-1982 Commander of the platoon of tanks in the Medium Tank Regiment 16 in Slupsk
- 1982-1984 Head of a company of tanks in 16 Medium Tank Regiment in Slupsk
- 1987-1989 Postgraduate student in the department of operational planning in the Polish Front Staff in Warsaw
- 1989-1990 Chief of staff in 68 Medium Tank Regiment at Construction Site
- 1990-1991 Chief of staff in the 33 Mechanized Regiment in Zlocieniec
- 1991-1993 Commander of 32 Mechanized Regiment in Kolobrzeg
- 1993-1996 chief of staff of a Warsaw Mechanized Division in Legionowo
- 1996-1998 Deputy chief of combat training at Headquarters Land Forces in Warsaw
- 1998-2001 Commander of 16 Pomeranian Mechanized Division in Elblag
- 2001 Head Director of Armour and Mechanised Deputy Chief of Army Training Command in the Polish Army in Warsaw
- 2001-2002 Head of Management Training and Doctrines of the General Board of the Armed Forces Operational P3 in the General Staff of Polish Army in Warsaw
- 2002-2003 Head of Land Management Operations G3 Deputy Chief of Staff of the Polish Army in Warsaw
- 2003-2006 Commander 11 Lubuska Armored Cavalry Division in Zagan
- 2005 Commander of Multinational Division Central-South under the fourth amendment NEC Iraq
- 2006-2009 Commander of Land Forces of Poland

Lieutenant-General Waldemar SKRZYPCZAK

Honours



Orders and decorations

Commander's Cross of the Order of Polish Revival	2005
Knight's Cross of the Order of Polish Revival	2000

Commander's Cross of the Military Order of the Cross 2009 (given in 2011)

Gold Cross of Merit 1993

Gold Medal "in the Service of the Armed Forces of the Homeland"

Gold Medal "for his contribution to national defense"

Commemorative Medal of Multinational Division Central-South Iraq

Badge of honor "Polish Hussar" 2005

Foreign Honours

Officer of the Legion of Merit United States

Grande-Oficial of the Order of Merit Portugal 2008

Meritorious Service Cross (MSC) Canada 2008

Promotions

Lieutenant - 1980 Lieutenant - 1984 Captain - 1987 Major - 1991 Lieutenant-Colonel 1993 Colonel 1996 Brigadier General 2000 General Division 2004 Lieutenant General 2006
