

**CITATIONS to MSM (Civil)  
To FOREIGN CITIZENS**

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**Pages:** 17  
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**MSM To FOREIGN CITIZENS**

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## MSM To FOREIGN CITIZENS

CANADA

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(a) = Jean-Francois ROTSART de HERTAING

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**CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE MEDAL (Civil Division) (MSM)**

**To Foreign Citizens**

<b>DIETZ, Werner</b> Lord Mayor City of Lahr, Germany	MSM German Citizen	CG: 12 June 1993 GH: 10 May 1993 DOI: 25 years
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"Mr. Werner Dietz, Lord Mayor of the City of Lahr, Germany, has provided exceptional service to the Canadian forces in Lahr, supporting Canadian interests for the past twenty -five years. During difficult times, he helped obtain additional facilities and enhanced security measures. Thanks to his efforts and leadership, the Canadian Forces in Lahr have enjoyed warm and productive relations with the German community."

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<b>SPITTAEL, George E.</b> Belgian citizen of Eeklo Researching and documenting the grave sites of military personnel	MSM Belgian Citizen	CG: 12 June 1993 GH: 10 May 1993 DOI: Since WW2
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"Since the Second World War, Mr. Spittaël, a Belgian citizen, has provided exceptional humanitarian service for Canadian families, by researching and documenting the grave sites of military personnel buried overseas during both World Wars. His efforts have brought peace of mind to many families. Now in his sixties, Mr. Spittaël continues to guide Canadians to various cemeteries and battlefields of Europe."



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<b>COLSON, Eugene</b> Lieutenant-Colonel Belgian Resistance WW2	MSM Belgian Citizen	CG: 30 July 1994 GH: 03 March 1994 DOI: WW2 and after
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"A former commander of the Belgian Resistance during the Second World War, Lieutenant-Colonel Colson worked with Canadians to ensure that Antwerp Harbour and the banks of the Scheldt River were protected from enemy occupation. The Canadian contribution to the liberation of Belgium is kept alive through his annual commemoration at the war memorial in Antwerp. A Belgian resident, he organized a return to Antwerp for a group of Canadian veterans and their wives for the forty-fifth anniversary of the city's liberation. Although he is more than ninety years old, he is currently planning another such trip for the fiftieth anniversary."



**CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE MEDAL (Civil Division) (MSM)**

**To Foreign Citizens**

**NOURRY, Bernard**  
Comite JUNO  
Caen, France

MSM  
French Citizen

CG: 07 October 1995  
GH: 19 April 1995  
DOI: 1990s

"Mr. Nourry, a citizen of France, has gone to extraordinary lengths to preserve the memory of the contribution that Canadian soldiers made to the war effort in France. It was his proposal for an association of towns and villages liberated by Canadians that led to the creation of the Comite JUNO, which worked with the Canadian Battle of Normandy Foundation to erect the Canadian part of the peace memorial in Caen. He also helped organize a number of activities to commemorate D-Day."

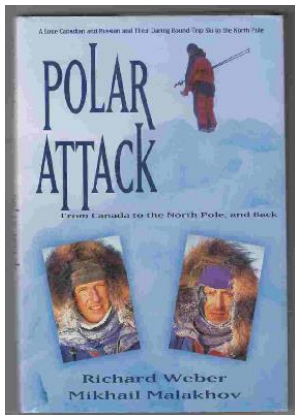
Mr. Nourry was the first President of Comité Juno Canada Normandie.

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**MALAKHOV, Mikhail**  
Dr  
2,000 km round-trip to the North Pole with Richard Weber

MSM  
Ryazan, Russia

CG: 27 April 1996  
GH: 04 April 1996  
DOI: 1995



"In 1996, Dr. Malakhov, a citizen of Russia, and Mr. Weber, a Canadian, successfully completed an unsupported 2,000 km round-trip expedition to the North Pole, widely considered to be the last unclaimed achievement of polar exploration. Due to their determination and perseverance, they managed to overcome severe weather conditions, incredible obstacles and sleep deprivation. In addition, they provided the impetus for a very successful educational program, Project Follow US, which enabled thousands of students worldwide to follow their exploits via computer."

Mr. Richard Webber, a Canadian, also received the MSM.



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**TENSEN, Willem J.C.**  
Mr  
National Coordinator of the 50th Anniversary of the Dutch Liberation Celebrations

MSM  
Dutch Citizen

CG: 30 Nov 1996  
GH: Nov 1996  
DOI: 1994 - 1995

"Mr. Tensen, a Dutch citizen, was the National Coordinator of the 50th Anniversary of the Dutch Liberation celebrations. As the driving force in the "Thank you Canada Committee", he was instrumental in promoting the recognition of Canada's role in the liberation of the Netherlands. Mr. Tensen played key roles in several fund-raising events and ensured that visiting Canadian veterans and their families were well cared for and had free transportation and access to ceremonies throughout the Netherlands. Mr. Tensen's exceptional leadership and remarkable dedication led to the success of the 1994-95 ceremonies."

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**CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE MEDAL (Civil Division) (MSM)**

**To Foreign Citizens**

<b>JONCKHEER, Guillaume Francois</b>	MSM	CG 31 May 1997
President	Curacao	GH: 15 May 1997
Netherlands-Canada Chamber of Commerce	Netherlands Antilles	DOI: 1994

"Mr. Jonckheer was President of the Netherlands-Canada Chamber of Commerce when he was appointed Chairman of the Advisory Committee on Canada-Netherlands Relations in 1994. In that capacity, he planned and implemented numerous successful events commemorating Canadian World War II veterans for the 50th Anniversary of the Liberation of the Netherlands. His exceptional leadership and dedication enhanced Canada's image in the Netherlands and helped promote trade relations between the two countries."

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<b>REMIE, Cornelius Hendrikus Wilhelmus</b>	MSM	CG: 21 Feb 1998
Dr	Dutch Citizen	GH: 02 Feb 1998
President Association of Canadian Studies in the Netherlands	Nijmegen	DOI: 1990

"A well-known scholar and teacher, Dr. Remie is President of the Association of Canadian Studies in the Netherlands. In 1990, he organized the first Pan-European Conference on Canadian Studies aimed at bringing together scholars interested in Canada from all over Europe. Building on the success of the Conference, Dr. Remie went on to establish the European Task Force on Canadian Studies whose mandate is to promote teaching, communication and research in the field. His extraordinary contribution has brought great honour and benefit to Canada."

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<b>ROTSART de HERTAING, Jean-Francois</b>	MSM	CG: 06 Dec 1997
Burgomaster	Maldegem-Adegem	GH: 1997
Association Belgique-Canada	Belgium	DOI: 1995

"In 1995, Mr. Rotsart de Hertaing, Burgomaster of the town of Maldegem-Adegem in West Flanders, Belgium, founded the non-profit-making Association Belgique-Canada in an effort to maintain and develop the relations that were forged between our two countries during World War II. Moreover, this Belgian citizen played a key role in the creation of the only museum in Europe that commemorates the contribution and sacrifice of Canadian soldiers during the liberation of Belgium in the fall of 1944."



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**CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE MEDAL (Civil Division) (MSM)**

**To Foreign Citizens**

**VALOIS, Sister Agnes-Marie**  
Sister  
Dieppe 55th Anniversary

MSM  
French Citizen  
Martin-Eglise, France

CG: 29 Aug 1998  
GH: 12 Aug 1998  
DOI: August 1942  
and Aug 1997



"During the raid on Dieppe in 1942, Sister Agnes displayed great courage and determination as she nursed wounded Canadian soldiers despite protests by German authorities. Now a senior citizen, Sister Agnes remains faithful to duty. She continues to take part in the annual commemorative of the raid on Dieppe and in ceremonies marking Canada's battle exploits. In August 1997, she volunteered to coordinate billeting for the delegation of veterans who travelled to Dieppe for the 55th Anniversary. Sister Agnes is a pillar of strength who has a special place in the hearts of veterans and other Canadians.

**Medals:** MSM – Legionnaire of the Legion of Honour (France) – Knight of the Legion of Merit (France)

Agnes Cecilia Mary Magdalene Valois was born on 30 June 1914 in Rouen, France. She is a nun and a nurse who has been decorated by Canada and France for acts that occurred during the Second World War. She was Sister Sainte Marguerite-Marie from 1937 to 1968 and since 1968 Sister Agnes-Marie.

**BÉNAMO, Jean-Pierre**

Dr - Orthodontist  
Canadian Memorial to the British Columbia  
& Algonquin Regiments on Hill 140 in Normandy, France

**OBE MSM**  
French Citizen  
Tilly Seuilles,

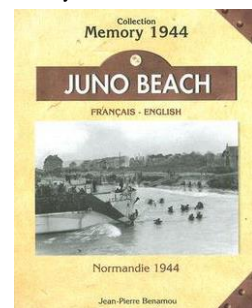
CG: 02 Sept 2000  
GH: 16 Aug 2000  
DOI: 08 May 1999



"Jean-Pierre Bénomou, a citizen of France, was the driving force behind the rebuilding of a monument destroyed by vandals - the Canadian Memorial to the British Columbia/Algonquin Regiments - on Hill 140 in Normandy. Without financial assistance or gain, he devoted countless time and energy in order to preserve the memory of the contribution that Canadian soldiers made to the war effort in France during the Second World War. Thanks to Dr. Bénomou's determination, the Memorial was dedicated to the 4th Canadian Armoured Division on May 8, 1999."

**Doctor Jean-Pierre Benamou, OBE, MSM, MT** is an orthodontist by profession and a historian by passion. As a Boy Scout, he started collecting artefacts in the fields of Normandy following the Second World War. He established the "Musée de la Bataille Normandy" in Bayeux, Normandy. Following attempted political interference, he removed his collection. He now operates the "D-Day Normandy Academy" as a mobile teaching facility pending the construction of a new building alongside the German gun battery at

Longues-sur-Mer. He is the author of 12 books including Juno Beach, Sword Beach, Gold Beach and Omaha Beach about the Normandy Landings.



Awarded **Officer of the Order of the British Empire (OBE)** civil by the British Government.

**CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE MEDAL (Civil Division) (MSM)**

**To Foreign Citizens**

**BORDES, Jean**

Mr  
2001 Montrejeau  
Cemetery in Nistos, France for a Canadian Airman

MSM  
French Citizen

CG: 06 October 2001  
GH: 21 Sept  
DOI: 1990 - 1997

"Through the hard work of Jean Bordes, a French citizen, a cemetery was constructed in Nistos, France, where seven military personnel, including one Canadian, perished in an airplane crash in World War II. In 1990, Mr. Bordes was able to obtain the necessary funding and material to construct a cemetery at this site, at an altitude of more than 1400 metres, on the slopes of the Pic du Douly. Because of his devotion to the cause of Remembrance, the cemetery was completed in 1994 and inaugurated in 1997 in the presence of a Canadian delegation, which included the son of the Canadian airman."



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**de LA ROCHEFOUCAULD, Georgette**  
Countess  
France-Canada National Association

MSM  
French Citizen  
Paris, France

CG: 30 March 2002  
GH: 08 March 2002  
DOI: 1998

"Countess Georgette de La Rochefoucauld, a French citizen, is dedicated to maintaining the ties of friendship and cooperation that unite France and Canada. As acting Vice-President responsible for the General Secretariat of the France-Canada National Association in Paris, she has organized numerous large-scale events with the goal of making Canada better known. In 1998, she started a fundraising campaign to help the victims of the ice storm that hit Quebec and Ontario, and gave all the donations to the Canadian Red Cross. Through her commitment, Mrs. de La Rochefoucauld has greatly contributed to the excellence of Franco-Canadian relations."



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**CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE MEDAL (Civil Division) (MSM)**

**To Foreign Citizens**

**GRUWEZ Guy Gabriel Edouard**

OBE MNZM OAM MSM

CG: 30 March 2002

Mr

Belgian Citizen

GH: 08 March 2002

Chairmanship of the Last Post Committee Association Ypres, Belgium

DOI: November 1988



“A Belgian citizen, Guy Gruwez made a remarkable contribution to keeping alive the memory of the sacrifice of Canadian servicemen who served in World War I. He hosted thousands of Canadians who visited Menin Gate, in Ypres, to pay their respects to our soldiers who fought and died in surrounding Flanders Fields. His untiring work to commemorate a major element of Canada's history led to the success of the 80th anniversary of the Armistice ceremony held in Ypres in November 1988. Through his longstanding Chairmanship of the Last Post Committee Association, he also played an important role in promoting positive Canadian-Belgian relations.”



**Officer, Order of the British Empire (OBE)** awarded as per the **London Gazette** of 16 June 2001.

“For services to the memory of British and Commonwealth war dead”.



**Honorary Member New Zealand Order of Merit (MNZM)** awarded as per **New Zealand Gazette** of 31 December 2002.

“For services to preserving the memory of New Zealand soldiers who died in the Great War.”



**Medal of the Order of Australia (OAM)** awarded as per **Australia Gazette** of 08 May 2000.

“For Services to Australian - Belgian relations.”



**CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE MEDAL (Civil Division) (MSM)**

**To Foreign Citizens**

**LACROIX, Jean-Michel**

Professor - Université Sorbonne Nouvelle Paris 3  
Co-Founded the French Association of Canadian Studies

MSM  
French Citizen  
Paris, France

CG: 30 March 2002  
GH: 08 March 2002  
DOI: 2000

“Jean-Michel Lacroix, a French citizen, co-founded the French Association for Canadian Studies. He is also the driving force behind the creation of several centres for Canadian studies in France, including one at the Université Sorbonne Nouvelle de Paris, where a Canadian studies chair and doctorate program were introduced under his direction in the year 2000. His knowledge and interest in our country have also greatly contributed to the development of a Canadian studies network in Central and Eastern Europe, thus honouring Canada all around the world.”

**Medals:** MSM – Legionnaire of the Legion of Honour (France) – Knight of the Legion of Merit (France)



**Professor Jean-Michel LACROIX, MSM**

A professor of North American civilization at the Université Sorbonne Nouvelle Paris 3, Lacroix is an internationally renowned educational leader. He has played a significant role in advancing the study of Canada in French universities. He was one of the founders of the Association française d'études canadiennes [French Association of Canadian Studies]; he co-edited the journal *Études canadiennes* and served as Vice-President of the Association nationale France-Canada. Lacroix became France's representative on the International Council for Canadian Studies in 1983 and presided over the Council from 1989 to 1991. His contributions to research and scholarship include the editing of 20 volumes on Canadian Studies, covering a wide range of subjects from politics to culture and language.

Lacroix was also President of the Université Sorbonne Nouvelle Paris 3 in 2001-2002; he had previously occupied the prestigious post of Rector and Chancellor of the Académie de Besançon, a position in which he represented the Minister of Education responsible for education, including at the university level, in this region of France. He also shared similar duties at the Université Aix-Marseille in 2002 and, in 2004, at the Université Orléans-Tours. York University awarded him an Honorary Degree in June 2013.

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**CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE MEDAL (Civil Division) (MSM)**

**To Foreign Citizens**

**BREHIN, Jacques**

Mr

Le Souvenir des Ailes de la Victoire de Normandie

MSM

Normandy, France

CG: 18 October 2003

GH: 25 September 2003

DOI: June 1990



“President and founder of the Association pour le Souvenir des Ailes de la Victoire de Normandie, Jacques Brehin, a citizen of France, was the driving force behind the creation of the Typhoon Pilots Memorial, a monument dedicated to the memory of the Typhoon pilots, including 201 Canadians, who were killed in action during World War II. Through his commitment and determination, Mr. Brehin obtained the necessary support from the French government for the Memorial, found and secured the site, and raised the necessary funds for its construction. Located in the village of Noyers-Bocagea, Normandy, the monument was unveiled in June 1990.”

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**HUISMAN, Klaas P.**

Mr

Secretary of Foundation Liberation 45

MSM

Apeldoorn, The Netherlands

CG: 25 September 2004

GH: 01 September 2004

DOI: 2000

“In his capacity as Secretary of Foundation Liberation 45, Klaas Huisman, a citizen of the Netherlands, has provided continuity in commemorating the liberation of the town of Apeldoorn by Canadian troops at the end of World War II. A dedicated supporter and true friend of the veterans, Mr. Huisman hosted the retired members of the Canadian Forces who attended milestone celebration ceremonies. He was also one of the principal coordinators of pilgrimages and festivities marking the 55<sup>th</sup> Anniversary of the liberation of Apeldoorn by Canadians, in 2000.”

The Governor General presented the **Meritorious Service Medal (civil division)** on 26 November 2004 to Dutch citizen Klaas P. Huisman.

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**CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE MEDAL (Civil Division) (MSM)**

**To Foreign Citizens**

**KOORENHOF, Jan H.**

MSM

CG: 25 September 2004

Mr

Apeldoorn, The Netherlands

GH: 01 September 2004

President National Canadian Liberation monument Committee

DOI: 2000

“Jan Koorenhof, a Dutch citizen, has been a key organizer of many special events for Canadian veterans in Apeldoorn, the Netherlands. In 1996, he was appointed president of the National Canadian Liberation Monument Committee and became the driving force behind the creation of "The Man with Two Hats" statue, the national monument to the Canadian liberators. As a symbol of the historic bonds of friendship between Canada and the Netherlands, the statue was unveiled in Apeldoorn in May 2000 before thousands of Canadian veterans, marking the 55<sup>th</sup> anniversary of the Liberation of the Netherlands. “



Mr. Serge April, Canadian Ambassador to The Netherlands, presented the **Meritorious Service Medal (civil division)** on 26 November 2004 to Dutch citizen Jan H.A. Koorenhof.

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**CHI, Kap Chong**

ONZ MSM

CG: 07 May 2005

Mr

Seoul, Republic of Korea

GH: 15 July 2005

Korean Journalist / Member Korean National Assembly

DOI: July 2003

“Kap Chong Chi, a retired Korean journalist and former member of the Korean National Assembly, has contributed, with the utmost dedication, to the commemoration of Canada's assistance to his country during the Korean War. After selecting land for a memorial park near the municipality of Naechon, Korea, Mr. Chi proceeded to raise funds to purchase the land. He then supervised the construction of the Canadian Korean War Memorial Garden, which was designated as a historic site by Canadian officials in July 2003. Through his goal of ensuring that Canadian veterans would be remembered by current and future generations of Koreans, Mr. Chi has brought great credit to his own country and to Canada.



Mr Chi Kap-Chong was made an **Honorary Officer of the New Zealand Order of Merit (ONZ)** in the 2012 New Zealand Queen's Birthday and Diamond Jubilee Honours List for services to New Zealand-Korea relations.

“For Services to New Zealand-Korean Relations”

“Mr Chi Kap-chong is a retired Korean journalist and a former member of the Korean National Assembly, who in his current role as Chair of the UN Korean War Allies Association, has been instrumental in establishing the New Zealand ANZAC memorial in Kapyeong and donated the stone that forms the base of the memorial.

He founded the UN Korean War Allies Association in 1963 and has been Chair since 1977. He has worked tirelessly for more than fifty years to promote better understanding between the UN Allies, particularly the Commonwealth countries and Korea. He has focused on ensuring that veterans are remembered by current and future generations of Koreans. Despite being in his eighties, he continues to attend all Commonwealth Commemorative meetings and activities. His counsel and advice have smoothed the path for New Zealand in Korea. Mr Chi's efforts on behalf of New Zealand have enhanced personal remembrance for New Zealand families and perpetuated Korean awareness of the part New Zealand played in the Korean War.”

**CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE MEDAL (Civil Division) (MSM)**

**To Foreign Citizens**

**MASUNO, Shunmyo**  
Reverend  
Canadian Museum of Civilization

MSM  
Yokohama City, Japan

CG: 07 May 2005  
GH: 21 April 2005  
DOI: 1995



“In 1995, world-renowned landscape architect the Reverend Shunmyo Masuno, a Japanese citizen, designed a traditional Zen garden at the Canadian Museum of Civilization in Gatineau, Quebec. The garden, consisting of Canadian rocks and plant materials within a Japanese landscape design, pays tribute to the lasting friendship between the two nations and provides a better insight into an important aspect of Japanese tradition. Mr. Masuno has brought great credit to his own country and to Canada.”

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## CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE MEDAL (Civil Division) (MSM)

### To Foreign Citizens

**PAIK, Sun Yup**  
General (Retired)  
Korean Army

MSM  
Seoul, Republic of Korea

CG: 07 May 2005  
GH: 15 and 21 July 2005  
DOI: 2000 to 2003

“As national chairman of the 50<sup>th</sup> Anniversary of the Korean War Commemoration Committee, Korean General Sun Yup Paik oversaw and organized the Government of Korea's activities held between 2000 and 2003 to commemorate the Korean War. A strong supporter of our country and its veterans, the former ambassador to Canada took a personal and active interest in the construction of the Monument to Canadian Fallen in the Korean War. Unveiled in Pusan in November 2001, the memorial honours the sacrifice of 516 Canadian soldiers, sailors and airmen who died for the freedom of the Republic of Korea.”



### **General Sun Yup PAIK, MSM** **First Four-Star General of the Republic of Korea Army**

Paik Sun Yup served as Republic of Korea (ROK) Army Division and Corps Commander and Army Chief of Staff during the Korean War. Born in the small town of Kangseo, approximately 17 miles west of Pyongyang, North Korea, Paik finished his studies at Pyongyang Normal School, graduated from Manchuria's Mukden Military Academy in 1941, and was commissioned a Second Lieutenant in the Manchurian Army. At the end of World War II, Paik recognized the influence the communists were gaining in China and northern Korea and in December 1945 fled south. He was commissioned a First Lieutenant in the South Korean Constabulary; what would later become the ROK Army.

When the Korean War began on June 25, 1950, then Colonel Paik commanded the ROK 1st Infantry Division. He was 29 years old. Throughout the war, Paik would distinguish himself as a courageous and competent leader, and his 1st Infantry division would become known as one of the most effective combat units in the war. An example of General Paik's courage was evident during the battle at Tabudong, also known as the "Bowling Alley". In August 1950, the ROK 1st Division was ordered to defend the ridgelines along the road leading into the village of Tabudong. Colonel John Michaelis' 27th Infantry Regiment was assigned to reinforce Paik's 1st Division, and established positions along the road. A battalion from General Paik's 11th Infantry Regiment lost its position on the ridgeline to the attacking North Korean Army, exposing Colonel Michaelis' left flank. Concerned that he would be cut off and enveloped, Colonel Michaelis called Eighth Army Headquarters for support, and then informed General Paik that he was withdrawing.



## General Sun Yup PAIK, MSM

General Paik convinced Colonel Mihaelis to hold on until he could assess the problem. Arriving at the front, Paik stopped the retreating ROK soldiers and inspired them to counterattack and retake the ridge. He told his troops, "We are going to turn around and kick the enemy off our ridge, and I shall be at the front. If I turn back, shoot me." Leading his soldiers in the assault, General Paik and the ROK battalion were able to retake the ridge. Later, Colonel Mihaelis met General Paik and said, "Sorry about that call to Eighth Army General. When I saw the division commander himself leading the attack, I knew the ROK Army was God's own force."



Upon the outbreak from the Pusan Perimeter, operating under the U.S. I Corps, General Paik led the ROK 1st Division's successful drive north and was first to enter Pyongyang on October 19, 1950. In April 1951, after ten months of commanding the ROK 1st Infantry in combat, Paik was promoted to Major General and placed in command of the ROK I Corps. Having fought side by side with the U.S. 1st Cavalry Division, General Paik brought with him badly needed experience in coordinating combined arms combat. The corps, comprised of the 11th Infantry Division and Capital Division, lacked sufficient artillery and its only corps asset was an Engineer Field Group. General Paik was then selected to represent the ROK military at the Kaesong Truce Talks in July 1951. But his leadership and experience at the front were badly missed, and he was returned to his I Corps in September.

In November 1951, General Van Fleet ordered the Task Force Paik to mount a campaign against guerilla activity in the Chiri Mountains of southwestern South Korea. The guerillas were conducting well-coordinated raids on rail lines and rear echelon installations. The ROK I Corps, later named Task Force Paik, began its campaign, dubbed Operation RAT KILLER, in December. When the operation finished in March 1952, Task Force Paik had captured or killed an estimated 25,000 guerillas.

General Paik was promoted to Lieutenant General in January 1952, and informed that he would command the new ROK II Corps. Task Force Paik Headquarters formed the nucleus around which the new corps would be built. Unlike his I Corps, this new corps would have a battalion of organic artillery, quartermaster and engineer assets, as well as its complement of infantry divisions. On April 5, 1952, President Rhee hosted a ceremony commemorating the official creation of ROK II Corps.

On July 23 1952, three and a half months after taking command of the II Corps, General Paik was appointed ROK Army Chief of Staff; the highest position in the ROK Army. He was thirty-two years old. When General Paik assumed his position of Army Chief of Staff, the ROK Army had ten divisions. By the end of 1953, General Paik would see his Army grow to twenty divisions.

On January 31, 1953, General Paik Sun Yup was promoted to full general and became Korea's first officer to attain four-star rank. General Paik would later command the First Field Army, serve a second appointment as Army Chief of Staff, and finally serve the remainder of his career as Chairman for the ROK Joint Chiefs of Staff. He retired from military service in 1960 and began a second career as a diplomat, serving as ambassador to Taiwan, France, Canada, and a multitude of postings in Europe and Africa. He retired from diplomatic service in 1969 and served as Minister of Transportation until 1971.

General Paik remains a legend in Korea. In 1999, he and his wife of forty-eight years still lived in Seoul.

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**CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE MEDAL (Civil Division) (MSM)**

**To Foreign Citizens**

**TRETYAK, Vladislav Alexandrovic**  
 Mr – Member of the Hockey Hall of Fame  
 USSR Hockey Goalie Great

MSM  
 Moscow, Russia

CG: 08 April 2006  
 GH: 27 March 2006  
 DOI: 2003

“Remembered as an outstanding hockey player, Vladislav Tretyak, now a deputy in the State Duma of the Federal Assembly in Russia, founded the Group of Friends of Canada in 2003. As a respected advocate of Canada in Russia, he has led a group of 30 influential deputies to promote the development of strong ties between our countries and to establish ongoing relations between State Duma officials and the Canadian Embassy in Moscow. Mr. Tretyak has brought great pride to his country and to Canada.”



**Honours:**

Order of Lenin	1978	USSR (right)
Order of the Red Banner of Labour	1984	USSR
Order of Friendship of Peoples		USSR
Order of the Badge of Honour		USSR
Medal "For Labour Valour"		USSR
Jubilee Medal "60 Years of the Armed Forces of the USSR"		USSR
Order For Merit to the Fatherland 4th class		Russian Federation
Order of Honour		Russian Federation
Meritorious Service Medal	2006	Canada



He was the first player born and trained outside North America to be inducted into the Hockey Hall of Fame; along with longtime teammate Valeri Kharlamov, one of only two Russian players in the Hockey Hall of Fame in the players' category who played exclusively in Russia. In addition, Tretyak and Kharlamov are the only two in the players' category who played their entire careers behind the Iron Curtain. Tretyak is also the only such person to be so honored while living.

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**CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE MEDAL (Civil Division) (MSM)**

**To Foreign Citizens**

**RAJACK, Glen Fazal**

Mr  
Chief Financial Officer Assembly of First Nations

MSM  
San Fernando, Trinidad & Tobago

CG: 08 April 2006  
GH: 27 March 2006  
DOI: 1999



“During his tenure as Chief Financial Officer of the Assembly of First Nations (AFN), Glen Rajack implemented a Memorandum of Understanding between the Certified General Accountants of Canada and the AFN to address the First Nations’ financial capacity and accountability issues. From this arrangement, and through Mr. Rajack’s influence, the Aboriginal Financial Officers Association of Canada was created in 1999. Its aims are to improve First Nations’ financial practices and management skills and to provide their people with an important professional development opportunity. Mr. Rajack’s hard work and dedication to his profession have benefited Aboriginal people, both nationally and internationally.”

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**ZONNENBERG, Berend (‘Ben’) Johannes**

Mr – WWII Veteran  
Helped Canadians Organize Commemorative Trips to the Netherlands

MSM  
Apeldoorn, The Netherlands

CG: 02 January 2016  
GH: 20 April 2016  
DOI: Since 1985

“Dedicated to preserving the memory of Canadian Second World War veterans, Ben Zonnenberg has helped Canadians organize commemorative trips to the Netherlands. He has also lectured school students about the Apeldoorn liberation, and has created many memorials and plaques dedicated to the Canadian Armed Forces.”

Mr. Zonnenberg received the medal from Sabine Nölke, Canadian Ambassador to the Netherlands on 20 April 2016, for his efforts to preserve the remembrance of Canadian Second World War veterans. He has helped Canadians organize commemorative trips to the Netherlands, lectured school students about the Apeldoorn liberation and has created many memorials and plaques dedicated to the Canadian Armed Forces.

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**CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE MEDAL (Civil Division) (MSM)**

**To Foreign Citizens**

**LE BARON, Michel**

MSM

CG: 07 January 2017

Mr

Normandy, France

GH: 09 April 2017

One of the Key Drivers behind the Comité Juno Canada Normandie

DOI: Since 1985

“Michel Le Baron was one of the key drivers behind the Comité Juno Canada Normandie, a French organization that co-ordinates ceremonies commemorating the contribution of Canadian soldiers to the war effort in France. Dedicated to strengthening the ties between France and Canada, the organization aims to raise awareness in future generations of the war efforts and sacrifices of Canadians.”

Mr. Le Baron was the president of Comité Juno Canada Normandie in 2017 when Canada celebrated the 100<sup>th</sup> year since the Vimy Ridge operation in 1917 by the Canadian Army. Mr. Nourry was the first President of Comité Juno Canada Normandie and he had previously received the Canadian MSM.



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