# KING'S POLICE and FIRE SERVICES MEDAL (KPFSM) Z-KPFSM

Plus other Medals to Police and Fire Services in Canada

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#### KING'S POLICE and FIRE SERVICES MEDAL (KPFSM)

To provide a means of rewarding gallantry by policemen and firemen, The King's Police Medal was instituted in 1909. The medal was to be awarded to those who have performed acts of exceptional courage and skill or have exhibited conspicuous devotion to duty. Medals for gallantry would have the words 'For Gallantry' on the reverse after 1933 and those for conspicuous devotion to duty would have the words 'For Distinguished Service on the reverse. There was also a provision for the Canadian awards that not more than twelve be annually awarded.

In 1940, the name of the medal was changed to 'The King's Police and Fire Services Medal' to more clearly reflect the inclusion of the Fire Services. The ribbon was changed to reflect the inclusion of the Fire Services.

In 1950, it was decided that the George Cross and George Medal now served the same purpose as this medal and the award of the medal for gallantry was discontinued except for posthumous awards. In Canada, the last medals were awarded in 1950.

Queen Elizabeth II revived the medal in 1954 under two separate medals, 'The Queen's Police Medal' and 'The Queen's Fire Services Medal' but Canadians have never received either of these awards.



CG DATE	NAME	TITLE	FORCE I	DECORATIONS /
	SLEMIN, Charles GRANDCHAMPS, Narcisse Leon	Chief Constable Superintend of Police	Brantford, Ontario Montreal Quebec	KPM KPM
01/02/13	BROWN, Hugh James McRAE, John C. TRAYNOR, William Patrick	Constable Chief Constable Constable	Winnipeg City Police Winnipeg Police Winnipeg Police	KPM KPM KPM
23/01/15	POWER, Nicholas	Chief of Police	Halifax, NS	KPM
29/03/19	CAULKINS, Thomas	Sergeant Major	RNWMP	KPM
27/01/23	CARLISLE, John Howe	Chief	Vancouver Fire Depart	KPM
31/08/40 31/08/40 31/08/40 31/08/40	BROWN, Oswald FORGET, Albert CAIRNEY, William ARMITABE, Robson MAXWELL, Donald McKEOWN, Samuel	Sergeant Captain Patrol Sergeant Inspector Constable Sergeant	Toronto Police Force St. Lambert, Quebec Sault Ste. Marie Onta RCMP Vancouver Police Dept St. Thomas Police Onto	KPM KPM
04/04/42 04/04/42 04/04/42	BAKER, Charles LACKEY, John McGIRR, Frank SIMPKINS, William F. SMITH, George	Captain Fireman Detective Sergeant Detective Patrol Sergeant	Toronto Fire Depart Toronto Fire Depart Sarnia Police Depart Sarnia Police Depart Sarnia Police Depart	KPFSM KPFSM KPFSM KPFSM KPFSM
27/06/42	LEWIS, George Edward John +	Constable	Sarnia Police Depart	KPFSM
20/03/43 20/03/43 20/03/43	GLASSCOCK, Henry Ernest SCOTT, Henry Earl SHIELD, Joseph STRINGER, James Allen STRONG, Lionel F.M.	Detective Sergeant Sergeant Detective Sergeant Constable	Toronto Police Depart Toronto Police Depart Toronto Police Depart Ontario PP, Timmins RCMP	
	DUCHESNEAU, Alphonse TORPEY, Eugene	Constable A/District Fire Chief	Quebec Provincial Pol Toronto Fire Dept	ice KPFSM KPFSM
16/12/44 16/12/44	JONES, Elgin R. MacLEISH, Daniel	Captain Lieutenant	Orillia Fire Depart Orillia Fire Depart	KPFSM KPFSM



CG DATE	NAME TITLE FORCE		FORCE DEC	CORATIONS /
12/01/46	DOYLE, John	Captain	Toronto Fire Depart	KPFSM
	KEEFE, Thomas J.	Constable #13610	RCMP	KPFSM
	McLENNAN, Roy	Fireman	Port Arthur Fire Depart	KPFSM
	MITCHELL, Thomas A.	Special Constable	Sask Provincial Police	KPFSM
	PASCOE, Walter	Fireman	Port Arthur Fire Depart	KPFSM
	POOKE, Joseph William	Corporal #10288	RCMP	KPFSM
	WARNER, William H.	Constable #12963	RCMP	KPFSM
12,01,10		"12300	1.0111	111 1 011
27/04/46	WATSON, Thomas Dougal	Detective	Stoneman, Manitoba	KPFSM
28/12/46	BAYNE, Robert	Detective	Ottawa Police Depart	KPFSM
	CAVAN, John Ambrose	Detective	Ottawa Police Depart	KPFSM
	DAVIES, L.J.	Constable	Winnipeg Police Depart	KPFSM
	GRAY, J.S.	Constable	Winnipeg Police Depart	KPFSM
	SHAW, Roy Chester	Constable #14056	RCMP	KPFSM
	STEWART, William Bernard	Constable	BC Provincial Police	KPFSM
	,			
13/12/47	PETERS, A.F.	Police Marshal	St. George, NB Police	KPFSM
13/12/47	RUSSELL, Hugh Cecil	Corporal #11973	RCMP	KPFSM
23/11/48+	DEY, Robert P.	Fire Chief	Pembroke Fire Depart	KPFSM
24/12/49	PAUL, Cecil William	Constable #398	Vancouver Police Depart	KPFSM
28/11/50+	- GAMMAN, Alexander +	Constable #5816	RCMP	KPFSM
	LABONTE, Jacques	Constable	Hull Police Depart	KPFSM
	LACROIX, Jean Louis	Constable	Hull Police Depart	KPFSM
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31/08/40	1939 Awards effective 05/12/39			
04/04/42	1941 Awards effective 14/12/41			
20/03/43 25/12/43	1942 Awards effective 26/12/42 1943 Awards effective 25/12/43			
16/12/44	1944 Awards effective November	1944		
12/01/46	1945 Awards effective December			
27/04/46	1946 Award effective January			
28/12/46	1946 Awards effective November			
24/12/49	1949 Award effective October	1343		

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#### GEORGE MEDAL Awards to CANADIAN POLICEMEN (GM)

CG DATE	NAME	TITLE	FORCE	DECORATIONS /
12/11/52	DEADMAN, William Ronald	Constable	Toronto Police Depa	rtment GM
30/03/57	JOHNSTONE, Henry Martin C.	Corporal	RCMP	GM

# BRITISH EMPIRE MEDAL (Civil) for GALLANTRY

BEM (Civil) for GALLANTRY Awarded to CANADIAN POLICE & FIRE MEMBERS (BEM)

CG DATE	NAME	TITLE	FORCE DECORATIO	ns /
26/09/59	BOWYER, Hugh Dickson	Constable	Royal Canadian Mounted Police	BEM
26/09/59	MILLHOUSE, Alvin Thomas	Constable	Royal Canadian Mounted Police	BEM
25/12/65	LAVALLEE, Roger	Police Sgt	City of LaSalle, Quebec	BEM
20/08/66	McDADE, Thomas Jr.	Fireman	Hamilton Fire Department	BEM
20/08/66	FITZGERALD, John Frederick	Constable	Ont. Provincial Police Chatham	BEM
	DIXON, Robert HILL, Edward	Detective Detective	Metropolitan Toronto Police Metropolitan Toronto Police	BEM BEM
29/06/68	POTVIN, Joseph Emile Gilles	Constable	Royal Canadian Mounted Police	BEM
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# KING'S POLICE and FIRE SERVICES MEDAL Citations where found

Detective Robert BAYNE, KPFSM, Municipal Police Force of City of Ottawa Fire Chief John Howe CARLISLE, KPM, Vancouver Fire Department Sergeant Major Thomas CAULKINS, KPM, Royal North West Mounted Police Detective John Ambrose CAVAN, KPFSM, Municipal Police Force of City of Ottawa Constable L.J. DAVIES, KPFSM, Winnipeg Police Department Fire Chief Robert P. DEY, KPFSM, Pembroke Fire Department Captain John DOYLE, KPFSM, Toronto City Fire Department Constable Alphonse DUCHESNEAU, KPFSM, Québec Provincial Police Constable Alexander GAMMAN, KPFSM, RCMP (Regimental Number 5816) Constable J.S. GRAY, KPFSM, Winnipeg Police Department Captain Elgin R. JONES, KPFSM, Orillia Fire Department Constable Thomas J. KEEFE, KPFSM, Royal Canadian Mounted Police Police Constable Jacques LABONTE, KPFSM, Hull City Police Department Police Constable Jean Louis LACROIX, KPFSM, Hull City Police Department Lieutenant Daniel MacLEISH, KPFSM, Orillia Fire Department Fireman Roy McLENNAN, KPFSM, Port Arthur Fire Department Constable Donald MAXWELL, KPFSM, Vancouver Police Department Captain Thomas A. MITCHELL, KPFSM, Special Constable Provincial Police Force of Saskatchewan Fireman Walter PASCOE, KPFSM, Port Arthur Fire Department Police Constable Cecil William PAUL, KPFSM, Vancouver City Police Department (No. 398) Police Marshal Alexis F. PETERS, KPFSM, Town of St. George, Province of New Brunswick Corporal Joseph William POOKE, KPFSM, Royal Canadian Mounted Police Corporal Hugh Cecil RUSSELL, KPFSM, Royal Canadian Mounted Police Constable Roy Chester SHAW, KPFSM, Royal Canadian Mounted Police Constable William Bernard STEWART, KPFSM, British Columbia Provincial Police Constable William Patrick TRAYNOR, KPM, Winnipeg Police Department Acting District Chief Eugene TORPEY, KPFSM, Toronto City Fire Department Constable William H. WARNER, KPFSM, Royal Canadian Mounted Police

#### KING'S POLICE MEDAL (1913) (KPM)

#### Constable William Patrick TRAYNOR, KPM, Winnipeg Police Department



Constable Traynor was investigating a break-in along with two other officers in August 1911 when they were confronted by two suspects, armed with guns. Two of the officers were forced into a bathroom but Traynor was able to chase the suspects. Traynor managed to get off one shot at the suspects before a bullet hit him in the right side and left him critically wounded.

He later returned to duty for a short time but he died of typhoid in 1913, before the medal was awarded. His medal was presented to the Winnipeg Police Museum in May 1992 by his son, Mr. Clint Traynor. This was the first KPM awarded for bravery in Canada.

### KING'S POLICE and FIRE SERVICE MEDAL (1919) (KPFSM)

#### Sergeant Major Thomas CAULKINS, KPM, Royal North West Mounted Police

Sergeant Major Caulkins was awarded the KPFSM for "Distinguished Service" for his work in the Hudson Bay area.

He later became Assistant Commissioner of the RCMP and his medal is on display in the RCMP museum in Regina, Saskatchewan.



#### Fire Chief John Howe CARLISLE, KPFSM, Vancouver Fire Department

He was appointed as the first Volunteer Fire Chief in Vancouver following the "great fire" of 1886 and also became the first paid fire chief for Vancouver. In 1890, he was successful in having the City Council authorize the installation of the street alarm box system. He convinced City Council in 1908 to buy two pieces of motor apparatus and by 1917, the entire department was motorized, the first city in Canada to do so. Throughout his 37 years of service, he lead by example and many times risked his own life while fighting a fire.

In 1922-1923, he was the President of the Dominion Fire Chief's Association and was awarded the King's Police and Fire Service Medal for 1923 to honour his service. The medal was presented in Stanley Park on 8 April 1923 by the Lieutenant- Governor, W.C. Nichol. This was the first time the KPFSM was awarded to a member of a Canadian Fire Department.

#### KING'S POLICE and FIRE SERVICE MEDAL (1940) (KPFSM)

#### First Class Constable Donald MAXWELL, KPFSM, Vancouver Police Department

Constable Maxwell received the KPFSM for 1940 on the recommendation of the Board of Police Commissioners in connection with the robbery of the Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce on Commercial Drive on October 24, 1938. George Martin and Paul Marcel were arrested.

Donald Maxwell started with the Vancouver Police Department as a Third Class Constable, #35, at a salary of \$1360.80 per annum on 10 August 1934. He was made a Second Class Constable one year later and a First Class Constable another year later. He was presented with his KPFSM on 24 October 1940. He was promoted to Acting Detective on 1 October 1948 and confirmed in that rank on 1 April 1949.

#### KING'S POLICE and FIRE SERVICE MEDAL (1943) (KPFSM)

#### Constable Lionel STRONG, KPFSM, Royal Canadian Mounted Police

Constable Lionel Strong was awarded his medal for the rescue of a child from the icy waters of Charlottetown Harbour.

#### Constable Alphonse DUCHESNEAU, KPFSM, Québec Provincial Police

This recommendation has been put forward by the Commissioner of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police and approved by the Minister of Justice.

"Constable Duchesneau displayed courage and resourcefulness in apprehending an enemy agent on board a train on November 19th, 1942. Constable Duchesneau resorted to skilful interrogation and was successful in detecting the identity of the enemy agent. He later turned him over to the Royal Canadian Mounted Police for custody and further questioning."

#### Acting District Chief Eugene TORPEY, KPFSM, Toronto City Fire Department

This recommendation has been put forward by the Chief of The Toronto Fire Department and approved by the Mayor of the City of Toronto.

"On Sunday, the 14th February, 1943, at 10:30 pm, Acting District Chief Torpey responded to a fire alarm.

He proceeded to 3124 Dundas Street West, Toronto, and found a serious fire burning in a two-storey building which had started in the basement and had reached the second floor. The smoke was pouring out of all openings. Acting District Chief Torpey learned from a bystander of the possibility of their being an occupant in the apartment on the second floor. Chief Torpey immediately entered the building. After persistent and sustained effort through the dense smoke, he succeeded in finding an unconscious woman, Mrs. Mary Phillips, aged 59 years, in one of the bedrooms and carried her out.

After Mrs. Phillips regained consciousness, it developed that she had been taking care of a two year old child, Gerald Wiasberg, during the absence of his parents and that the boy was in the back bedroom. Acting District Chief Torpey, in spite of the smoke and fumes which were almost unbearable, the intense heat of the fire and with complete disregard for his own safety, groped his way to the back bedroom, found the boy in his cot and carried him to safety before he himself collapsed.

Mrs. Phillips was revived by means of an inhalator and spent five weeks in hospital before she recovered. Gerald Wiasberg was revived by means of an inhalator which was applied for forty-five minutes. He was under the care of specialists in the Sick Children's Hospital for three weeks.

As for Acting District Chief Torpey, he received artificial respiration for twenty minutes before recovering, after which he was transported to his station where he remained on duty until 8:00 am the next morning. He was in bed for three days suffering from throat burns and congestion of the lungs."

#### Captain Elgin R. JONES, KPFSM, Orillia Fire Department

#### Lieutenant Daniel MacLEISH, KPFSM - Orillia Fire Department

These recommendations have been put forward by the Fire Chief of the Orillia Fire Department and approved by the Mayor of the Town of Orillia and the Fire Marshal of Ontario.

On October 13th, 1943, in response to a fire alarm, Captain Jones and Lt. MacLeish proceeded to the boat yards of Hunter Boats Limited, Orillia, Ontario, where a "Fairmile" boat was in flames.

The "Fairmile" boat had been completed and was tied to its moorings at the above yard. It was fully fueled with 2,300 gallons of high octane gasoline. A fire on this wooden boat followed an explosion which occurred when gasoline fumes were ignited in the engine room. The explosion was so severe that one man was killed and six were badly wounded and required hospitalization.

The Fire Brigade arrived promptly to find the engine room burning with considerable intensity and immediately Captain Jones, in company with Lt. MacLeish, proceeded on to the deck of the boat. Lt. MacLeish was handed a hose line and applied water with a straight nozzle, afterward using a fog nozzle to control the fire and fumes in the engine room.

Lt. MacLeish with the fog nozzle followed Captain Jones below deck. Captain Jones entered the gasoline tank compartment, which was still in flames, and sealed up the open ends of the gasoline tanks which had been burned off. It is pointed out that any rupture of the tanks or serious escape of gasoline would certainly have meant death for both of these firemen. Their absolute disregard of their personal safety in carrying out their fire fighting duties in this case resulted in keeping the damage to the "Fairmile" boat to a minimum and also prevented a most serious fire in that particular section of the Town of Orillia.

In supporting the application of the King's Police and Fire Services Medal on behalf of these two firemen, the Fire Marshal of Ontario stated that in most cases firemen ignore reasonable safety precautions only in an effort to save life. This particular case at Orillia and the action of Lieutenant MacLeish and Captain Jones is not only outstanding in bravery but one where the hazard from fire around the gasoline tanks in this all-wooden boat and the rupture of the gasoline pipe lines provided a condition where the odds against a disaster could not be estimated. Their lives depended solely on chance. Also, no safety of life was involved but only the preservation of a valuable Royal Canadian Navy boat and the possibility of the fire spreading to property on land."

#### Constable Thomas J. KEEFE, KPFSM, Royal Canadian Mounted Police

#### Constable William H. WARNER, KPFSM, Royal Canadian Mounted Police

This recommendation has been put forward by the Commissioner of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police and approved by the Honourable the Minister of Justice.

"During the spring and summer of 1945, a number of bank robberies were committed in the Province of Ontario by one Ulysses Lauzon and a man named Peltier. Both these men escaped from the County jail at Kitchener, Ontario, while awaiting trial for one of the robberies. Peltier was recaptured while attempting to negotiate stolen bonds. Lauzon managed to remain under cover although the press and radio gave a good deal of publicity to his escape. It was believed that he was somewhere in Eastern Canada with his young wife.

Whilst the Royal Canadian Mounted Police at Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island, had not been officially informed of Lauzon's escape or of the numbers of the stolen bonds, Constable Warner, together with Constable Keefe, was instructed by the Sergeant in charge of the Charlottetown Detachment of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, to patrol to Covehead where harness races were being held and to look for Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Jensen and a youth travelling in a 1942 Ford coupe. The information given to the two constables was to the effect that these people were being free with their money and betting heavily and might be the persons wanted for the robberies in Ontario.

The car was found in a parking lot and kept under surveillance. When the trio showed up, the driver was asked for his registration certificate and produced on in the name of Joseph H. Jensen, bearing a Halifax address. The other man produced on in the name of Walter Peter Kerr. It later developed that Jensen was none other than Lauzon and that Kerr's real name was Koresky. Lauzon could not produce his driver's licence and both men's answers to questions were unsatisfactory. Constable Warner therefore instructed the trio to come with him to the RCMP Detachment for further questioning.

Constable Warner got into the car with Lauzon and his wife while Constable Keefe followed in the police car with Koresky. About two miles from the race track, Lauzon appeared to lose control of the car and swerved off the road into the ditch for about seventy-five feet. The woman groaned, struck her head on the windshield and appeared to faint. Since there had been reports that Mrs. Lauzon was pregnant, Constable Warner gave her some attention before getting out of the car. Constable Keefe meanwhile pulled up in the police car and got out to see what was happening. It developed that both constables then found themselves facing revolvers, the muzzles cut off, in the hands of the prisoners.

It may be stated here that neither of the constables carried a revolver since the provincial authorities of Prince Edward Island are averse to members of the Mounted Police carrying weapons while on duty. Constable Keefe was not to be intimidated, however, and kept walking towards both prisoners who pointed their guns at him. In that instant, Constable Warner rushed Lauzon and grabbed him firmly. As he did so, Lauzon pulled the trigger of his revolver four times, fortunately without any result. In the scuffle his revolver dropped to the ground and Lauzon apparently lost consciousness. Constable Keefe strived to get closer to Koresky urging him at the same time to drop his revolver. Before Constable Keefe could rush Koresky, the latter fired at point blank range but missed the target. Koresky then realized that the situation was hopeless and handed his revolver over to Constable Keefe. Lauzon's weapon was recovered from the ground and the trio were driven into Charlottetown without further incident.

Upon examination of the revolvers, it was disclosed that the one used by Lauzon had four cartridges which had failed to explode when struck by the hammer of the revolver; one spent round was found in Koresky's revolver. About \$4,000.00 in cash was found in the possession of Lauzon and Koresky and later eight \$500.00 bearer Victory Bonds were found in a cabin occupied by the three prisoners."

#### Captain John DOYLE, KPFSM, Toronto City Fire Department

Captain John DOYLE, of the Toronto City Fire Department, Toronto, Ontario. This recommendation has been put forward by the Fire Chief of the Toronto Fire Department and approved by the Mayor of the City of Toronto.

"About 2:30 am 3 February 1945, fire broke out in a dwelling house at 45 Gillespie Avenue, Toronto, Ontario, occupied by Herbert Gardner and family and Mrs. Elyce Monkman, his daughter, John Monkman, aged 2, and Susan Monkman, aged 1, his grandchildren.

Firemen under Captain John Doyle assisted the occupants of the house to safety except for John Monkman who was upstairs. After several attempts by firemen to enter the upstairs window in an effort to save the little boy, they were driven back by intense heat and smoke. Captain Doyle then entered the burning building disregarding the danger to his own safety and life. On his first attempt to get up, he fell into the cold air shaft; he crawled out in the dense smoke and when he got near the top, he fell part way through the burned out stairway. He kept on going, however, feeling around everywhere until finally he reached the boy's bedroom which was blazing fiercely. After this magnificent effort, Captain Doyle finally located the child and brought him down a ladder placed at the window."

# Captain Thomas A. MITCHELL, KPFSM, Special Constable Provincial Police Force of Saskatchewan

This recommendation was put forward by a Justice of the Peace at Findlater, Saskatchewan, and supported by the Administrator of the Government of the Province of Saskatchewan.

"On the 30th November, 1923, information was received by Mr. E.J. Topping, a Justice of the Peace at Findlater, Saskatchewan, that an insane man was on a farm near that town and had alarmed the occupants by producing revolvers and by stating that he had, in addition, a rifle and a knife.

No constable of the police was available and Captain Thomas A. Mitchell, late R.I.C., volunteered to go to the farm. Captain Mitchell was sworn in as a special constable, thus becoming by the terms of the Saskatchewan Provincial Police Act, a member of the Provincial Police Force during his term of appointment.

Captain Mitchell drove out in a sleigh alone and unarmed. Posing as a doctor, he examined a child there and, on the entry of the accused, in that role he quietly got the arms of the man in his grip and, wheeling him to face the wall, he secured him by pressing his thumb in the accused's back to simulate a revolver. Two revolvers were found in the man's hip pockets.

Captain Mitchell handled the matter with great skill and bravery and his action averted serious danger to the occupants of the farm whose lives were threatened."

At the time this act of valour took place, it appeared that the existing regulations precluded favourable action on Captain Mitchell's application. It is respectfully submitted that, the scope of the regulations now having been widened, it may now be possible to secure such favourable action."

#### Fireman Walter PASCOE, KPFSM, Port Arthur Fire Department

This recommendation has been put forward by the Fire Chief of the Port Arthur Fire Department and approved by the Mayor of the City of Port Arthur and the Ontario Fire Marshal.

"During the fire which followed the dust explosion in Elevator No. 5, Saskatchewan Pool Terminals Ltd., at Port Arthur, August 7th, 1945, Fireman Pascoe, at great risk and with apparent disregard for his own safety, crossed a distance of approximately thirty- five feet by means of an insecure rope strung between a storage tank and the burning workhouse, one hundred and ten feet above ground, to render first aid to and assist in the rescue of five men who were trapped on the upper floors of the workhouse.

Upon reaching the workhouse, Fireman Pascoe, with a soldier and a civilian who had also gained the building by means of the rope, gave first aid to four more or less severely burned and frantic men, this splendid work being carried out within a few feet of the burning equipment and debris of the wrecked building. A boatswains chair was made and attached to the rope, across which the rescuers had swung themselves to the burning building, and the injured men were conveyed by it to the storage tank where stretchers were ready.

Fireman Pascoe then climbed to the next to top flat of the workhouse, pulling himself up by broken timbers and twisted reinforcing metal through the fire and terrific dust, and was able, with the assistance of one of the other men who had crossed, to extricate and injured man buried deeply in grain, to render necessary first air and to remove him across the precarious rope to safety. Fireman Pascoe remained in the workhouse for some time after this fifth man had been rescued and in the face of imminent danger from new explosions and falling wreckage he continued to search for other possible victims."

#### Fireman Roy McLENNAN, KPFSM, Port Arthur Fire Department

This recommendation has been put forward by the Fire Chief of the Port Arthur Fire Department and approved by the Mayor of the City of Port Arthur and the Ontario Fire Marshal.

"During the fire which followed the dust explosion in Elevator No. 5, Saskatchewan Pool Terminals Ltd., at Port Arthur, 7 August 1945, five men, suffering from burns, were trapped in the No. 3 Annex of the Elevator. There were no ladders of sufficient length to reach to the cupola of the Elevator and, at great danger to himself, Fireman McLennan mounted a sixty-five foot extension ladder on the roof of a conveyor shed and precariously climbed to a door of the cupola carrying a safety line, by means of which the trapped men were able to descend. The extension ladder used by Fireman McLennan at its fully extended length is designed to be used only with supporting poles but it was not possible to use the poles in this situation. The height of the cupola was approximately one hundred and ten feet. Fireman McLennan was assisted in his gallant action by a detachment of naval personnel from the Port Arthur Naval Barracks."

#### Corporal Joseph William POOKE, KPFSM, Royal Canadian Mounted Police

This recommendation has been put forward by the Commissioner of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police and approved by the Honourable the Minister of Justice.

"On Friday, 20 April 1945, shortly after 2:00 pm, a fire of undetermined origin broke out in the house of Mr. and Mrs. Ted Bart, of Athabaska, Alberta.

The alarm was given and Corporal J.W. Pooke and Mr. L.R. Liepert, Pool Elevator Agent, reached the scene of the fire simultaneously with the men in charge of the fire-fighting apparatus. By this time, the fire had gained considerable headway and flames were shooting from the windows of the house. At first it was believed that the house was empty but later someone mentioned that a baby might be in the east part of the house. Mr. Liepert attempted to get into the house to ascertain definitely if there was a baby there but was driven back by the intense heat and smoke. Soon afterwards, Mrs. Bart arrived on the scene and cried that her baby was in the room which Mr. Liepert had tried to enter. Corporal Pooke thereupon made a determined effort to save the baby and after the second attempt reached the room, found the baby and handed it to someone outside. Unfortunately when the baby was rescued, while still alive, it was so badly burned it died at the local hospital soon after.

Corporal Pooke's hands were lacerated by shattered glass and required treatment with iodine. He was also dripping wet as it was necessary to play the fire hose on or near him all the time. For a while Corporal Pooke suffered from shock.

Corporal Pooke risked his life in rescuing the baby and a number of residents of the town who were eyewitnesses stated that he displayed unusual courage, determination and initiative."

# Detective Robert BAYNE, KPFSM, Municipal Police Force of City of Ottawa Detective John Ambrose CAVAN, KPFSM, Municipal Police Force of City of Ottawa

This recommendation was put forward by the Chairman of the Board of Commissioners of Police for the City of Ottawa and supported by the Mayor of Ottawa and the Chief of Police.

"On October 1st, 1945, one David Huard, who was in custody at the County Gaol, awaiting trial on a charge of robbery with violence, escaped from custody.

On November 17th, 1945, information was received to the effect that Huard was seen in a large dark sedan in Ottawa. Detectives Cavan and Bayne immediately began a search in a police car. At approximately eight o'clock in the evening, they noticed an automobile of similar description parked on one of the streets. They immediately pulled up beside it and, with the use of a flashlight, identified Huard. The automobile was immediately driven off at a high rate of speed through the streets of the city, closely followed by the two Detectives. The chase continued through the city streets at rates of speed ranging between 60 to 70 miles per hour. Eventually the escaping car headed for the highway, closely pursued by the two Detectives. On the highway, which was at the time covered with snow and ice, the speed was maintained at 85 miles per hour. At Carleton Place, 30 miles from Ottawa, the escaping car tried to shake off pursuit but was unable to do so, and eventually the driver was cornered in a dead end street.

There were two men in the escaping car and two women. Both of the Detectives knew that Huard was a dangerous criminal, and that he would likely be armed. The escaping car came to a stop up against a building, the car of the Detectives was almost directly behind. Huard, who was driving at the time, got out of the car with a pistol in his hand, firing as he stepped out. Without hesitation whatever, and although the distance separating himself and Huard was only about ten feet, Detective Cavan got out of the car, and in the ensuing gun duel, Huard was fatally shot.

Detective Bayne was just as prompt in getting out, and arrested the other male occupant immediately. In addition to the gun in the possession of Huard, one fully loaded automatic pistol and one fully loaded automatic revolver were found in the glove compartment of Huard's car."

### Constable L.J. DAVIES, KPFSM, Winnipeg Police Department

#### Constable J.S. GRAY, KPFSM, Winnipeg Police Department

This recommendation has been put forward by the Chief Constable of the police force of the City of Winnipeg, and approved by the Mayor and executive head of the City of Winnipeg at the time of the action described hereunder.

At 4:30 a.m., February 25th, 1937, while engaged in patrolling the streets in a Police Car, Constables J.S. Gray and L.J. Davies saw a car travelling on Lipton Street at a speed of 40 to 50 miles an hour. They followed this car and the driver put on more speed in order to evade the officers, with the result that at Lenore Street and Portage Avenue, he lost control of the car, ran into a stop sign, and came to a stop in a snow-bank.

Constable Davies ran to the left side of the car and Constable Gray to the right side. The two men who were riding in the car emerged by



the left door. The driver ran away and escaped temporarily. The other man pointed a Winchester repeating rifle .351 calibre, at Constable Davies' chest and with an oath ordered him back. Constable Gray ran to the left side of the car and the man shouted an oath that he would shoot him, pointing the rifle at Constable Gray's stomach. Constable Gray charged the gunman and the latter fired at him, the bullet tearing a hole through the officer's leather coat, fortunately not striking the flesh. Gray slipped as he closed with his assailant and as he fell, seized him by the leg, overturning him. The gunman regained his footing while Constable Gray still had a grip on his left leg, and as the man got up with the rifle in his hand, Constable Davies fired a shot from his service revolver, killing him instantly. When the officers ran up to the car, they had not drawn their guns which were in holsters under their overcoats.

All this happened within the space of a few seconds. The man who ran away was later found hiding on a house verandah some distance away, having been traced by his footprints in the snow. Both criminals were ex-convicts with long records. They had broken into a garage of a citizen during the night and stolen his automobile unknown to the owner, and were using it for the purpose of committing a felony. They had also stolen and electric drill, a blow torch, an automatic pistol, and other articles, all from the same place. The criminal who survived was convicted of the theft of the car.

The Coroner's Jury, at the inquest held in the Central Police Station, commended Constable Gray and Davies for their quick action and bravery in this action."

#### Constable Roy Chester SHAW, KPFSM, Royal Canadian Mounted Police

This recommendation has been put forward by the Commissioner of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police and approved by the Right Honourable the Minister of Justice.

"Shortly before noon on the 7th May, 1946, a fire broke out in the residence of Mr. Herbert V.G. Wheeler, Whitehorse, Yukon Territory. There was no one home when the fire started except a small baby boy about seven months old - Patrick Ross Wheeler. His mother had placed him in his crib while she went to town to do some shopping before lunch. During her absence, a fire broke out causing the death of the child in the circumstances set forth below.

A fire alarm was turned in soon after the fire began. The Fire Department, which consists of three men, responded to the call, and in a matter of a few minutes were on the scene and fighting the fire with a hose from the booster tank on the fire truck.

Soon after the arrival of the fire truck, Mrs. Wheeler returned to her home and informed the firemen that her baby was in the burning building. At that time the fire was burning furiously at the rear of the house, and it was considered dangerous to enter the building as the extent of the fire inside was unknown. Constable Roy Chester Shaw, Royal Canadian Mounted Police, was on Day Town Patrol duty in Whitehorse at the time, and immediately went to the fire. He noticed that the firemen made no attempt to enter the building to rescue the baby, although some of them had gas masks on. There appeared to be some confusion as to the exact location of the baby in the burning building. Constable Shaw, seeing that dense smoke was pouring out of the bedroom where the infant was, endeavoured to make and entry but was forced back by smoke. Later he made another attempt when Mrs. Wheeler made an appeal for someone to rescue her child. Constable Shaw then jumped through the window, found the baby's crib, and picked up the baby and went out of the window through which he had entered.

The infant had been burnt about the back, arms and legs, and Doctor F.B. Roth, of the Whitehorse General Hospital, who was present, immediately took the baby from the mother and rushed it to the hospital where it died a few hours later.

The cause of the fire has not been definitely determined but it is believed that it started from the kitchen stove. Praise for Constable Shaw and his quick action in rescuing the baby, when the firemen with gas masks seemed to be confused or helpless, is very pronounced in Whitehorse since the occurrence. The Officer commanding there has received a letter of thanks from the parents of the child. It is evident from the statements of witnesses at the fire that Constable Shaw displayed unusual courage, coolness and determination in attempting to save this baby's life. There is no doubt that he risked his life in rescuing the child."

#### Constable William Bernard STEWART, KPFSM, British Columbia Provincial Police

This recommendation has been put forward by the Commissioner of the British Columbia Provincial Police and approved by the Attorney General of the Province of British Columbia.

"It appears that on the 13th June, 1944, a young man, named Alan Roy Bailey, called upon his estranged wife at her home in Keremeos, where she had returned to reside. His wife was having lunch with her sister and mother, Mrs. Ben Williams, in their home which is situated above the father's hardware store. It seems that Bailey was in a threatening mood and displayed a small calibre revolver. There is no indication in the evidence, however, as to the nature of the threats he may have made. Suffice it to say that they caused Mr. Ben Williams to go down to the store and to telephone Constable Stewart asking him to come to the house as there was some trouble there. No mention was made in the telephone conversation as to Bailey having a revolver in his possession.

When Constable Stewart arrived at the scene of the trouble he approached Bailey, who pointed a .22 calibre Revolver at him, stating not to come any nearer. As Constable Stewart was not prepared for this, he started to reason with Bailey, but without avail. He then made a rush at Bailey who fired, wounding Constable Stewart in the groin. Constable Stewart grabbed Bailey's gun arm and tried to take the gun from him, calling on Mr. Williams for assistance. The second shot was then fired by Bailey. The bullet struck Stewart in the leg and broke the bone. Unable to struggle any longer, Constable Bailey hobbled to a couch and laid down, trying to reason with Bailey. The latter, however, threatened to shoot his wife if anyone came near him and reloaded his gun.

Meanwhile, Mr. Ben Williams, who ran out of the room when the second shot was fired, had summoned reinforcements. Additional Provincial Police arrived and surrounded the house. However, no one dared enter to attempt to overpower Bailey in view of his threats to shoot his wife.

Eventually Bailey left the house with his wife and mother-in-law in an automobile, closely followed by the police who had conspired with Mrs. Williams to assist them in seizing Bailey at the first opportunity. Such an opportunity, however, did not present itself and Bailey evaded the police. Later in the day he was rescued from an island in a nearby river suffering from exposure and a wound in the forehead. It developed that he had attempted to commit suicide by jumping off a high bridge, but the current in the river was too strong to permit his sinking and carried him to the shores of the island. Bailey was subsequently committed to trial and sentenced to eighteen months in Oakalla Prison Farm.

Constable Stewart was removed to Penticton Hospital where he eventually recovered."

#### Police Marshal Alexis F. PETERS, KPFSM, Town of St. George, Province of New Brunswick

This recommendation was put forward by the Secretary-Treasurer of the Chief Constable's Association of Canada and supported by the Mayor of the Town of St. George, New Brunswick, as well as the Chief Constable of the City of Toronto.

"At 6:20 p.m., Sunday, May 20th 1945, Mr. Peters rescued from drowning one Miss Lucille Hendke near the Queen Street Bridge in the Don River, Toronto, Ontario. At the time of the incident, Mr. Peters was on six months' leave of absence as Police Marshal of the Town of St. George, N.B., and was staying at Toronto where his wife was undergoing treatment at the Toronto General Hospital.

Mr. Peters was travelling by automobile through the City of Toronto and had stopped at the approach to the bridge to repair a tire on his automobile, when he heard someone shout that a person had jumped into the river. Mr. Peters immediately leaped, fully clothed, into the river (which was very dirty at this particular point), swam to the victim and, after a desperate struggle, brought her back to the river's edge. With the assistance of a member of the Toronto Police Force, he managed to get the woman safely out of the water. The woman was brought to the hospital but on the next day she appeared in the Magistrate's Court, Toronto, charged with attempted suicide. The sentence of the Court was suspended and Miss Hendke was placed on probation in charge of her relatives for a period of one year.

During the rescue, Miss Hendke refused assistance and fought so stubbornly to prevent it, that Mr. Peters was required to use all the energy and strength he possessed to get the woman to safety."

#### Corporal Hugh Cecil RUSSELL, KPFSM, Royal Canadian Mounted Police (Reg No 11975)

This recommendation has been put forward by the Commissioner of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, and approved by the Right Honourable the Minister of Justice.

"On November 25th 1946, Corporal Russell and Constable J.E. Mead, both of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, proceeded to a farm situated two miles west of Gunn, Alberta, where two well drillers had been reported gassed while digging a well.

On arrival at the scene of the accident at 1:15 p.m., Corporal Russell and Constable Mead were met by the owner of the farm, the District Nurse and another resident of the district. They found that the apparatus being used to dig the well was a turn-table with an auger drill on a winch and operated by means of a horse. The well was approximately 45 feet deep and in all probability contained a gas common to coal mines known as "black Dampf". Prior to the arrival of the police, the owner of the farm had lowered a lighted lantern down the well and this had gone out about twenty feet down. The well was only 24 inches in diameter, and as Constable Mead was too big to enter it, Corporal Russell was lowered by means of the winch and cable. Before descending the well, a scarf was tied over his mouth and nostrils, as no suitable mask was available. He was also provided with a signal rope which was fastened to a flashlight and another rope with a noose in it to try to bring the bodies up.

On the first attempt to reach the two well drillers, Corporal Russell was only able to partially loop the rescue rope around the first man who was on top of his companion. The small space was most difficult to work in and Corporal Russell found difficulty in breathing. The well diggers had encountered a stone and the first man had descended the well to remove it but was overcome with gas. His companion then went down to render assistance but he too was overcome. The danger of rescue was increased by the threat of a cave-in and the antiquated wooden turn-table which had to be used in lowering Corporal Russell, as the ropes kept fouling. On Corporal Russell's second attempt, he used a set of ice tongs which were available at the farm, but these also slipped and were of no use. On the third attempt, he was dropped too fast and was jolted from his seat. It was necessary to bring him up again. On the fourth attempt, a gas mask had been secured from a nearby town but the visor clouded up and obscured the vision so badly that it was discarded. On this attempt, Russell was able to bring one body to the surface. This was at about 2:00 p.m. Resale then descended to attempt to bring up the other man but succumbed to a combination of the gas in the well and mental and physical strain, but regained consciousness when brought to the surface.

Notwithstanding this, Corporal Russell was determined to make a sixth attempt and after a brief rest, descended again into the well and although he succeeded in looping the rope around the second victim, it slipped off when the body was only a few feet from the bottom of the well. On the seventh attempt, Corporal Russell was successful in getting the rope securely around the arm of the victim and brought the body to the surface. The efforts of the District Nurse to revive the two victims was unsuccessful."

#### Fire Chief Robert P. DEY, KPFSM, Pembroke Fire Department

This recommendation was put forward by the Fire Marshal of Ontario and supported by the Mayor of the Town of Pembroke, Ontario.

"At about 11:15 am on the 10th March, 1948, fire broke out in the home of Mrs. Alton Anderson, Pembroke, Ontario. Mrs. Anderson had gone out of the house for a few moments, leaving her three-year-old daughter and eleven-month-old son. Just after her mother had left, the little girl discovered the fire and ran out to find her mother. Mrs. Anderson rushed home immediately and made several attempts to enter the house but was repulsed by the heat and smoke. She was being physically restrained from entering the burning home when the Pembroke Fire Department arrived at the scene.

Fire Chief Dey reached the scene of the fire before any of his men, who were some distance away laying hose. On being told of the presence of the infant in the house, Chief Dey immediately plunged into the burning building and crawled through the smoke until he discovered the baby. At that time a very substantial part of the entire house was involved in flames and smoke was very dense. Chief Day succeeded in bringing the baby to the window, and after being compelled to lie close to the floor to obtain a little fresh air, he made a supreme effort and threw the baby out the window in to the arms of a fire-fighter outside. The Chief himself was able, with much effort to get out through the window, but in doing so, he cut his left arm badly and required medical treatment and five stitches to close the wound.

Chief Dey performed this rescue at some considerable personal risk to himself, which risk was intensified by his age (he was in his sixty-fourth year at the time) and the fact that he was without the protective equipment normally worn by fire-fighters in doing rescue work. The Chief knew that he would have to act immediately to save the baby's life and therefore did not wait for the arrival of equipment. It is to be noted that Chief Dey went into the house when the fire was further advance and more severe than when the child's own mother had been repulsed several times by the heat and flames."

# Police Constable Cecil William PAUL, KPFSM, Vancouver City Police Department (No. 398)

This recommendation was put forward by the Board of Police Commissioners of Vancouver and supported by the Attorney-General of British Columbia.

"At approximately 10:30 am on the 8th April 1949, a man, subsequently identified as Robert George Harrison of Edmonton, Alberta, entered a branch of the Canadian Bank of Commerce in Vancouver and, using an elderly woman as a shield, fired a shot into the ceiling of the bank, at the same time shouting some words not intelligible to the bank employees. The bank accountant, who was at this desk, attempted to run towards the manager's office near the bank entrance but Harrison fired a shot at him, striking him in the right shoulder. Harrison continued firing, following the accountant in his flight, five more shots being fired, one of which, passing through the door of the manager's office, struck the manager on the left leg. The manager then left his office and, under the menace of Harrison's gun, handed over an amount of money and also the bank's gun. After forcing the bank employees to lie on the floor, Harrison left the bank taking the elderly woman with him as a shield. On reaching the sidewalk, he fired another shot into an automobile on the street and, pushing the elderly woman into the crowd gathered about, he attempted to seize another woman as a shield. It was at this time that Constable Paul arrived on the scene. Harrison's attempt to seize the woman was resisted so he snatched a five year old boy and, holding him in front as a shield went out into the street in front of the bank where he engaged Constable Paul in gun fire, firing one shot at the officer. Constable Paul returned the fire, the second shot being fatal to Harrison.

In the opinion of witnesses it is probable that Harrison would have escaped had it not been for the timely arrival and action of Constable Paul. The money taken from the bank was recovered as well as an automobile stolen by Harrison before the attempted hold-up."

# Police Constable Jacques LABONTE, KPFSM, Hull City Police Department Police Constable Jean Louis LACROIX, KPFSM, Hull City Police Department

These recommendations were put forward by the Police Commission of Hull and supported by the City Council of the City of Hull.

"On 22 July 1950, Graham Lapierre, aged 23, residing at 42 York Street, Ottawa, Ontario, was drinking beer in the tavern known as Ottawa House, situated on Eddy Street, Hull, Quebec. He carried a Browning automatic pistol containing ten bullets. Suddenly, rising to his feet and proceeding towards his father who was in the same premises, he fired five shots at him, killing him instantly; in the excitement that followed, he ran out of the place.

Constable Jean Louis Lacroix was on duty at the corner of Eddy Street and Tache Boulevard, less than a block from Ottawa House. After hearing the shots, he saw a man (Lapierre) running out of Ottawa House. He immediately started the chase as he suspected the fleeing man was responsible for the shooting.

Constable Jacques Labonte, on duty a short distance away on Main Street, also heard the pistol shots. When he saw his fellow constable running north on Eddy Street, he also went after Lapierre.

As soon as they had recovered from their initial surprise, several people who had witnessed the murder came out on the street and shouted that the fleeing man be stopped. One man on Eddy Street, north of Ottawa House, grabbed him and tried to hold him there. However, the fugitive succeeded in freeing one arm after which he shot the man in the abdomen, wounding him severely.

The short delay occasioned by this incident gave Constables Lacroix and Labonte a chance to get nearer the murderer. In the face of Lapierre's determination to shoot his way out, Constable Lacroix ordered him to stop or he would fire. Lapierre's only reply was to turn around and shoot in the direction of the policeman, but without hitting him. The police officer noticed that Lapierre was dashing into Wellington street where pedestrians are much less numerous than on Eddy street; fearing that the man might take cover in one of the many business establishments of the area, Constable Lacroix aimed at Lapierre and the shot hit him in the right hip. Although the wound was light, Lapierre lost his balance and fell to the ground. Constable Labonte, who had got nearer to the fugitive, did not hesitate a moment to throw himself upon him in order to disarm him and effect his arrest, despite the fact that Lapierre was aiming at him and tried twice to shoot with his pistol. After his arrest, Lapierre was found in possession of 42 bullets with which he could have resisted the police for a long time perhaps inflicting fatal wound not only on the police, but also on bystanders.

Such an act of bravery clearly shows the value of these two constables. They would have been wholly justified in killing on the spot this well-armed murderer, but they preferred to leave the civil court the task of passing sentence on the murderer, thus giving proof of their good judgment and their deep respect for our laws. Therefore, for these two reasons, they have earned the admiration and gratitude of the public for having, at the risk of their lives, effected an arrest which possibly prevented further loss of life."

#### Constable Alexander GAMMAN, KPFSM, RCMP (Regimental Number 5816)

This recommendation was put forward by the Commissioner of the RCMP and approved by the Honourable the Minister of Justice. Regimental Number 5816 Constable Alexander German, RCMP, was mortally wounded in attempting to apprehend Thomas Rossler, an armed bank robber, in Montreal, PQ.

"On 25 May 1950, at about twelve noon, Constable GAMMAN, who was employed on security duty at the Bank of Canada in Montreal, was proceeding home to lunch. As he was passing the Dorchester and Beaver Hall Hill Street Branch of the Bank of Toronto, the Bank Manager, Mr. S.G. Bickley came running out of the bank and shouted the information to Gamman that there was a hold-up taking place. Almost simultaneously with this occurrence, Rossler came out of another door of the bank carrying a revolver and shot at Mr. Bickley, wounding him in the leg. Unarmed though he was, Constable Gamman lunged at Rossler who fired several shots at him, one bullet striking him in the chest. The Constable fell to the pavement, and Rossler made good his escape. Constable Gamman died in hospital the next day.

Constable Gamman's efforts to stop Rossler were conspicuously courageous and were made in the face of overwhelming odds. Having witnessed Rossler's shooting of the Bank Manager, he knew the man was desperate. Yet unarmed himself, Gamman pursued his attempt to arrest Rossler, beyond the ordinary call of his profession, with fixed determination and with an absolute disregard for his own personal safety."

#### GEORGE MEDAL to CANADIAN POLICE OFFICERS (GM)

#### Constable William Ronald DEADMAN, GM Toronto Police Department

The citation submitted reads: "During the latter part of November, 1951, a series of armed robberies involving drug stores throughout the City of Toronto caused the authorities to station Police officers inside the various drug stores in an effort to apprehend the criminals.

On the evening of Tuesday, December 4th, 1951, William Ronald Deadman, Police Constable (293), reported for duty at the Fox-Taylor Pharmacy, 129 McCaul Street, and took up his position in the dispensary room at the rear of the store. About 8:10 P.M. that evening, two men entered the store, one remaining by the front door and the other forcing the proprietor, Joseph Fox, towards the cash register by pressing against him with a gun hidden in his overcoat pocket, and quietly telling him to open the cash register. Mr. Fox complied and, as the gunman began to scoop the money from the register, he produced his gun and motioned Mr. Fox to the back of the store. It was at this point that Constable Deadman became aware of what was taking place, rushed out from behind the dispensary partition, and called upon the robbers to stop.

As Police Constable Deadman emerged from the dispensary, it was necessary for him to come along the passageway behind the counter running along the north side of the store to the cash register, before he could step out into the drug store proper. At this point he was handicapped in the use of his revolver because of two young women who were shopping in the store at the time of the holdup, and who became nervous at the sight of the guns and began to dodge back and forth in front of the officer. In order to take these young women out of the line of fire, Constable Deadman had to come out into the store proper before he could safely use his revolver. As he did so, he was struck in the left shoulder by a bullet fired by the gunman, which stunned him and knocked his revolver from his hand.

By this time the other man standing by the door had made good his escape, and the gunman who had wounded the officer was also making his way towards the door when Constable Deadman, although wounded and unarmed, rushed at the man and grappled with him. The gunman continued to fire at the officer at point-blank range, and although by this time seriously wounded three times in his left leg and twice in his right leg, as well as his shoulder, Constable Deadman succeeded in wresting the gun from the man and, as he collapsed to the floor, fired the last remaining shot from the gunman's automatic, wounding him fatally.

The gunman was later identified as one Thomas Danek, who was found to have a police record. His accomplice, one Joseph A. Kelly, later surrendered to the Police and identified Danek as his partner in this and three other drug store robberies perpetrated during the preceding two weeks. His statements showed that Danek had not been employed since coming to Toronto some months prior to the robbery; that he had no intention of working when he could obtain money without doing so, just by going out with a gun and robbing a store whenever he ran short of funds; and that he had every intention of using his gun on anyone who attempted to interfere with him during one of these holdups.

But for the courageous action of Constable Deadman, whose injuries compelled him to undergo and emergency operation after numerous blood transfusions, there is every reason to believe that a further series of armed holdups would have been staged, which, by the very nature of the viciousness displayed against Constable Deadman, might have led to further violence and possibly murder, until such time as the criminal was apprehended.

Medal: George Medal.

#### GEORGE MEDAL to CANADIAN POLICE OFFICERS (GM)

#### Corporal Henry Martin Clifford JOHNSTONE, GM, Royal Canadian Mounted Police

Canada Gazette citation: "The QUEEN has been graciously pleased to award the George Medal to Corporal Henry Martin Clifford JOHNSTONE, R.C.M.P., for great bravery in preventing four masked bandits from robbing the Royal Bank of Canada at Coquitlam, B.C., 3 April 1956.

When Constable (now Corporal) Johnstone entered the bank in response to the alarm given by the bank manager, he was felled by a bullet from the revolver of one of the bandits. A second bandit opened fire at him and Johnstone returned their fire from a prone position on the floor. A third bandit, ran from the back of the bank towards the front door and fired point blank at Johnstone as he passed him. Johnstone's wounds stopped him momentarily from continuing his fire and two of the bandits took this opportunity to escape from the bank.

Though suffering from eight bullet wounds and having fired all his ammunition, Johnstone struggled to his feet and followed the two bandits outside, where he collapsed on the pavement, but then managed to sit up and cover them with his empty revolver. These two bandits had fallen to the pavement, one dead and the other wounded, both from shots fired by Johnstone while in the bank. The third bandit, who had remained in the bank, came out with his hands raised and surrendered. The fourth, who had been waiting nearby in a truck, armed with a loaded submachine gun, drove away, but was later apprehended."

Medal: George Medal.

#### Constable Hugh Dickson BOWYER, BEM, Royal Canadian Mounted Police (1959)

#### Mr. John KROEPFL, BEM, of Athalmer, B.C. (1959)

"On November 29, 1955, Mr. Albert Edward Portman, Superintendent of the Windermere Quarry, near Windermere, B.C., slipped and fell 12 feet into a hopper, and was buried under six feet of loose frozen gypsum rock. Four men, Corporal McHale, Constable Bowyer, John Kroepfl and W.G. Bennett removed their coats and worked to free Mr. Portman's head and one arm, but one side of the wall of frozen rock began to slide. By prompt action, Constable Bowyer and Constable McHale, supported by Kroepfl, halted the movement of rock, but all the men were in danger of being buried in a rock slide.

For another hour and a half, the policemen continued to hold back the rock wall while loose rock was handed up to William Bennett. Ropes were finally secured about Mr. Portmand and he was rescued. Constable Bowyer subsequently contracted pneumonia, caused by pressing his coatless back for so long against the frozen gypsum rock."

#### Corporal William Gordon BENNETT, Royal Canadian Mounted Police (1959)

#### Queen's Commendation

"For bravery in the rescue of a man buried in a hopper under six feet of frozen gypsum rock at Windermere, B.C., on November 29, 1955."

Awarded Queen's Commendation for Brave Conduct for the above noted rescue

#### Constable Alvin Thomas MILLHOUSE, BEM, Royal Canadian Mounted Police (1959)

"On November 3, 1955, a sudden flooding of the Alouette River at Haney, B.C, trapped in their home on the bank of the river Mrs. Hedy Worianko and her nine year old daughter. Constable Millhouse, and Acting Corporal Laurence Martin obtained a boat in which Mrs. Worianko and her daughter were placed. The boat capsized and the occupants were swept downstream and found temporary safety on logs and other debris. However, Mrs. Worianko was unable to remain secure and called for help. Corporal Martin, disregarding the risk, made his way through the water to Mrs. Worianko and succeeded in helping her and her daughter to a firmer support where he remained with them until rescued hours later. Meanwhile, Constable Millhouse, realizing that rescue depended on assistance from the shore left his place of comparative safety and, at considerable risk, worked his way to the shore, 300 yards away. He summoned assistance and returned to aid in the rescue operations which were completed twelve hours after the initial rescue attempts were begun. The action of the two men carried out with long sustained effort and considerable risk, undoubtedly saved the lives of Mrs. Werianko and her daughter."

# Acting Corporal Laurence MARTIN, Royal Canadian Mounted Police (1959) Queen's Commendation

"For bravery in the rescue of a woman and child from drowning in the flooded Alouette River, Haney, British Columbia, on November 3, 1955."

Awarded Queen's Commendation for Brave Conduct for the above rescue

#### Police Sergeant Roger LAVALLEE, BEM, City of LaSalle, Quebec (1965)

"An emergency call was received at the LaSalle City Police Headquarters at about 8:12 a.m. on Monday, March 1, 1965. An explosion had destroyed four building-apartment-type dwellings--in LaSalle Heights. Sergeant Lavallee, in company with other members of his department, answered the call. Shortly after their arrival at the scene they heard cries for help coming from the debris, in the southeast corner of 0363 Bergevin Street. Sergeant Lavallee and his companions proceeded down the ladder leading into the basement portion of the building. They handpicked their way through debris--wood, bricks, furniture, etc. -- and found a child lying on the group suffering from minor injuries. A few yards away they located her mother, Mrs. Jones, who was lying on the ground covered by a bed spring and mattress. Her legs were pinned to the ground under cement blocks.

Preliminary efforts to free Mrs. Jones were unsuccessful. At this point Sergeant Lavallee tried to pry against the cement blocks with a piece of wood. A few seconds later someone shouted a warning that the hanging section of the roof which was suspended immediately above the hole and which was being consumed by fire, was collapsing. Sergeant Lavallee threw himself on top of the woman to protect her while Constable Berube, who was holding the mattress upright to permit Sergeant Lavallee to try and free the woman, let the mattress fall on him. The rescuers jumped back as the main section of the roof collapsed a few feet away from the foot of the mattress while debris piled up, on and around the mattress. Constable Berube cleared the rubble from the mattress and started pulling Sergeant Lavalee's fire coat to remove him from under the debris. He was successful in doing so and when Sergeant Lavallee emerged he was holding the woman in his arms. It appears that the impact of the collapsing roof moved the heavy objects from Mrs. Jones' legs enabling Sergeant Lavallee to remove her to safety.

Mrs. Jones and Sergeant Lavallee were taken to the hospital. Sergeant Lavallee was suffering from shock, shortness of breath and semi-consciousness from the weight of the debris which had fallen on him. Within minutes the immediate area around the hole where Mrs. Jones had been trapped was being consumed by flames. There is very little doubt that if Mrs. Jones had not been rescued, she would not have survived."

#### Fireman Thomas McDADE, Jr., BEM, Hamilton Fire Department (1966)

"On arriving at the scene of a fire on November 18, 1965, Fireman McDade was informed that unsuccessful attempts had been made to rescue a baby from an upstairs bedroom. Without waiting to put on his breathing apparatus, Fireman McDade entered the house and proceeded upstairs. The smoke and fumes were so dense that he was forced to crawl from the top of the staircase, across the landing and into the bedroom. Fireman McDade could not see through the smoke and had to grope his way around to locate the crib in which the child was lying. He found the crib, and felt inside until he located the baby. He picked the little girl up and carefully groped his way back to the stairs. As he reached the stairs he began to apply mouth to mouth resuscitation and continued to do so until the baby was revived. He then placed the child, who was severely burned about the face, head, shoulders, arms and hands in the Fire Department's emergency truck where the inhalator was used on her as she was driven to the hospital. Fireman McDade not only carried out his duties with a high degree of efficiency but he exposed himself to great degrees of heat, and possible asphyxiation from the combination of ammonia, cyanide and carbon gases present in the burning bedroom. Had he taken the time to return to the fire truck for his self-contained breathing unit, it might have been too late to save the little girl's life. The doctor, who examined the child stated that had she been exposed to the intense heat for even another minute, she undoubtedly would have died."

#### Constable John Frederick FITZGERALD, BEM, Ontario Provincial Police, Chatham (1966)

On October 12 (1965), at approximately 4:15 a.m., Constable Fitzgerald, accompanied by Constable Siebert, was dispatched to the home of a man suspected of having attempted a robbery and assaulted a night watchman at a local hotel. When they arrived at the farm home, they were joined by Constable Atkinson who had preceded them. They split up, Constable Atkinson going to the east side of the house, Constable Fitzgerald to the west side and Constable Siebert to knock on the front door. The suspect, on McEllistrum, opened the door and as soon as the Constable identified himself the door was closed. Constable Fitzgerald saw McEllistrum running from the back of the house and gave chase after him. Constable Siebert saw flashes from a gun and observed Constable Fitzgerald fall to the ground. Constable Atkinson who had gone to his cruiser to radio for help, returned in time to witness Constable Fitzgerald struggling with McEllistrum and saw him putting the handcuffs on the wanted man. Constable Siebert then took the wanted man into custody. Constable Fitzgerald received two bullets in the left leg, one of which shattered the bone considerable and one bullet in the right leg in the vicinity of the knee. McEllistrum was carrying a 9mm automatic hand gun and the only reason Constable Fitzgerald was not killed was due to the fact that the automatic jammed when McEllistrum was shooting at point blank range.

It is considered that Constable Fitzgerald took considerable risk with his life in apprehending this criminal without resorting to the use of firearms."

Detective Robert DIXON, BEM, Metropolitan Toronto Police (1968)

Detective Edward HILL, BEM, Metropolitan Toronto Police (1968)

"On Wednesday, October 12, 1966, the staff of the Brewers' Retail Store, at 65 Brock Avenue, Toronto, was held up by three armed men. The three men escaped in a car with a sum of money after firing shots to intimidate the staff and several customers present. An alarm was broadcast and as the police car occupied by Detectives Edward Hill land Robert Dixon (then Police Constables) approached the location of the store, they noted a car similar in description to the wanted vehicle and gave chase at high speed for several blocks. As soon as traffic permitted they pulled along side the suspected auto and ordered the driver to pull over; he failed to do so and finally P.C. Dixon fired one shot at the suspect vehicle which stopped suddenly in the middle of the block with the police car directly behind. P.C. Dixon approached on foot the suspect vehicle, opened the right hand door and ordered the men to come out of the car. The driver did so and as P.C. Hill went toward the wanted auto he saw one of the other men fire two shots at P.C. Dixon, wounding him severely. P.C. Hill then fired two shots at Dixon's assailant who ran for cover followed by Hill. The assailant shot at Hill who returned the fire and wounded him and also one of the other two; the third had been wounded by Dixon at the time he was shot. All three were captured. P.C. Dixon was hospitalized for a considerable length of time owing to the severity of his wounds. All three hold-up men were dangerous, not hesitating to shoot, both in the store and when pursued and the two officers were in great danger throughout the action."

#### Constable Joseph Emile Gilles POTVIN, BEM, Royal Canadian Mounted Police (1968)

"On August 6, 1966, Constable Potvin, with the permission of the Force, was a contestant in the 12th International Swimming Contest held at Lake St. John, P.Q. Three hours after the race had begun at 6:45 a.m., he developed stomach cramps and was advised by the doctor to withdraw. Constable Potvin had joined a crowd of onlookers near Roberval when he heard that a plane had just crashed near the finish line. He ran towards the wharf and jumped into a boat that was just leaving for the scene of the accident. En route he removed the upper part of his clothing. The fuel tanks of the aircraft had broken, spreading gasoline and oil on the water and when Constable Potvin jumped off the boat approximately 100 feet from the aircraft he felt a burning sensation of gasoline on his face. He then swam underwater to the aircraft but could hardly see because of the murky water. As he reached the aircraft, Constable Potvin managed to find the door of the plane, wrench it open, and enter the cockpit where he felt a human body which he pulled from the aircraft and brought to the surface. The boat was now approximately 30 feet from the aircraft. The injured and unconscious person, Colombe Lamontagne, was taken into the boat with the help of other occupants. She had two broken legs, a broken shoulder and was bleeding from the mouth. Constable Potvin applied Schaffer's method of artificial respiration and as soon as the girl was breathing normally St. John's Ambulance personnel removed her to hospital. Constable Potvin again dove into the water and gave assistance to other rescuers, and also secured ropes to the aircraft in order to facilitate its recovery. It is considered that in view of his earlier disability, Constable Potvin ran a considerable risk in again entering the water to rescue Miss Lamontagne, the risk being increased by his violent exertions."

#### KING'S POLICE and FIRE SERVICE MEDAL awarded to NEWFOUNDLANDERS (KPFSM)

#### FOR GALLANTRY

LG DATE+	NAME	RANK	UNIT	DECORATIONS /
02/06/1943+	BARTLETT, Clarence	Constable	Nfld Constabulary	KPFSM
26/03/1949+	GILLINGHAM, Eric Bruce	Ranger First Class	Nfld Rangers	#107 KPFSM
01/01/1944+	HOGAN, John Joseph	Corporal	Nfld Rangers	KPFSM

#### KING'S POLICE and FIRE SERVICE MEDAL awarded to NEWFOUNDLANDERS (KPFSM)

#### Constable Clarence BARTLETT, KPFSM, Newfoundland Constabulary

Clarence Bartlett received his KPFSM for his actions in rescuing several people during the Knights of Columbus Hostel fire in St. John's on 12 December 1943. The medal is displayed at the Royal Newfoundland Constabulary museum in St. John's. Clarence Bartlett still resides in St. John's in 1993.

#### Corporal John Joseph HOGAN, KPFSM, Newfoundland Ranger Force

John Hogan was awarded the KPFSM for an incident that occurred over a seven week period in May and June of 1943. Following a parachute jump from an aircraft, Hogan remained with an incapacitated member of the Royal Canadian Air Force, in a desolate area of northern Newfoundland, and at risk to his own life, when he could have reached safety, ministered to his own injuries and needs. Both were rescued after seven weeks.

The Newfoundland Ranger Force was established in 1935 to police Labrador and parts of the Island not serviced by the Newfoundland Constabulary. It was disbanded in 1950, with the fast majority of its members transferring to the Royal Canadian Mounted Police. The force had a maximum of 77 serving members at any one time and a total of 244 members during the 15 years of its existence.

Two members of the 244 received the KPFSM.



### CBE (Military) to Future POLICE OFFICER

CG DATE	NAME	TITLE	POSITION	DECORATIONS /
08/02/1919	JARVIS, Arthur Murray	LCol	Cdn General List - RNWMP	CMG CBE

### OBE (Civil) to POLICE OFFICERS and FIREMEN

CG DATE NAME	TITLE	POSITION	DECORATIONS /
01/07/1946 EAMES, Alexander Neville 01/07/1946 HANCOCK, William Frederick 01/07/1946 SANDYS-WUNSCH, Theodore V.	Assistant Commissioner Assistant Commissioner Assistant Commissioner	RCMP RCMP RCMP Winnipeg	OBE OBE OBE
05/06/1943 PARSONS, Thomas ('Tom') W.S. 05/06/1943 STRINGER, William H.	Commissioner Commissioner	BC Provincial Police Ontario Provincial Police	OBE OBE
01/07/1946 PATTERSON, Samuel Joseph	Chief of Police	Calgary Alberta	OBE
05/06/1943 <b>CADIEUX, A. Hector</b> 05/06/1943 <b>SHEA, George A.</b>	Head Head	Canadian Pacific Railway Polic Canadian National Railway Pol	
01/07/1946 LAVIGNE, Ernest 01/07/1946 SCOTT, William John	Provincial Fire Marshall Ontario Fire Marshall	Quebec Toronto	OBE OBE

### OBE (Military) to POLICE OFFICERS and FIREMEN

CG DATE	NAME	TITLE	POSITION	DECORATIONS /
05/07/4040	ITAININGS Coornel colic	Maian	Devel NIW Mounted Delice	ODE
05/07/1919	JENNINGS, George Leslie	Major	Royal NW Mounted Police	OBE



### MBE (Military) to POLICE OFFICERS

CG DATE	NAME	RANK	POSITION	DECO	RATIONS
06/01/45	ARMSTRONG, Bertie MacVicar	Lieutenant	Cdn Provost Corps		MBE MC
17/03/45	BAKER, Howard Matthew A.	Major	Cdn Provost Corps		MBE
)5/01/46	BANNARD, Ernest Eric	Major	Cdn Provost Corps		MBE
5/01/46	BENNETT, Alfred Mathew	WO1-SM	Cdn Provost Corps		MBE
5/01/46	COLEMAN, Charles Tilburne	WO1-SM	Cdn Provost Corps		MBE
5/12/45	FITZ-GIBBON, Maurice Archibald	A/Captain	Cdn Provost Corps		MBE
5/12/45	FORBES, Henry Christopher	A/Major	Cdn Provost Corps*		MBE
3/12/44	GERMEN, Howard Finley	A/Captain	Cdn Provost Corps		MBE
5/12/45	GILES, Thomas	WO1-RSM	Cdn Provost Corps		MBE
5/06/46	GILLIS, Archibald Joseph	Major	Cdn Provost Corps		MBE
5/01/46	ILLINGWORTH, Daniel	WO1-RSM	Cdn Provost Corps		MBE
9/01/43	KIDSTON, Ralph James	Captain	Cdn Provost Corps*		MBE
5/06/43	McCALLUM, Hugh	WO1-RSM	Cdn Provost Corps*		MBE
0/06/44	MILLAR, Jeremiah Henderson	Major	Cdn Provost Corps		MBE
0/12/44	NICHOLSON, Leonard Hanson	Major / Commissioner	Cdn Provost Corps* / RCMP	(OC)	MBE (GCStJ)
5/06/46	POTTER, Clarence Francis	Major	Cdn Provost Corps	, ,	MBE `
5/06/46	SHIPLEY, Leslie Lamb	Captain	Cdn Provost Corps		MBE
7/07/45	STAUNTON, John Hugh	WO1-RSM	Cdn Provost Corps		MBE
0/06/44	STEVENSON, Edward Hammond	Major	Cdn Provost Corps*		MBE
5/12/45	STEWART, James Reginald	Major	Cdn Provost Corps		MBE
0/06/45	WOOD, Charles	Captain	Cdn Provost Corps		MBE
3/10/53	LAWSON, Quentin Earl	Major	1 Common Div Provost Co-RCPC		MBE CD

Cdn Provost Corps\* = Members 1 Provost Company RCMP

### MBE (civil) to CANADIAN POLICE and FIRE SERVICES

CG DATE	NAME	TITLE	POSITION	DECORATIONS /
26/01/35	ANDERTON, Frederick	Sergeant-Major	RCMP / Service in the Arctic	MBE
29/06/35	HANN, George Thomas	Civil Administrative Service	RCMP	MBE
05/06/43	BIRTWHISTLE, A.	Chief Constable Protection Service	Charlottetown	MBE
05/06/43	BLACKWOOD, M.	Chief Constable Protection Service	Edmonton	MBE
05/06/43	BROWN, Thomas A.	Chief Constable Protective Service	Hamilton	MBE
05/06/43	BRUTON, Martin J.	Chief Constable Protective Service	Regina	MBE
05/06/43	CONRAD, Judson J.	Chief Constable Protective Service	Halifax	MBE
05/06/43	DUFRESNE, Fernand	Chief Constable Protective Service	Montreal	MBE
05/06/43	McKAY, Donald	Chief Constable Protective Service	Vancouver	MBE
05/06/43	McLEESE, Horace E.	Chief Constable Protective Service	Saint John NB	MBE
05/06/43	SMITH, George	Chief Constable Protection Service	Winnipeg	MBE
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### KCMG to CANADIAN POLICE OFFICER

21/10/1916 SHERWOOD, Arthur Percy

Chief Commissioner of Police in Canada 1913 - 1918

Ottawa, Ontario

CMG (1902) MVO (1908) KStJ

Medals on display in the RCMP Museum in Regina and include:

KCMG - MVO (4th class) - KStJ - George V Jubilee - GVI Coronation

- Volunteer Decoration EVII

01/01/1918+ STEELE, Samuel Benefield

Major-General - Commander 2nd Cdn Division WWI

Purbrook, Simcoe County, Ontario CB (1900) MVO (1901)

CO Strathcona's Horse in South Africa

#### CMG to POLICE OFFICERS

LG+/CG	NAME	TITLE	UNIT	DECORATIONS /
24/06/1916	FORTESCUE, Laurence	Controller	RNWMP	CMG ISO
22/01/1916	GRASETT, Henry James	Chief Constable / LCol	Toronto Police Dept	CMG
19/04/1901+	JARVIS, Arthur Murray	Major	Strathcona's Horse	CMG (CBE)
09/11/1909+	PERRY, Aleysworth Bowen	Commissioner	RCMP	CMG
26/06/1902+	SHERWOOD, Arthur Percy	Chief Commissioner of Police / LCol	<b>Dominion Police</b>	(KCMG) CMG
26/06/1902+	WHITE, Frederick	Controller / LCol	NWMP	CMG
05/06/1943	WOOD, Stuart Taylor	Commissioner	RCMP	CMG CStJ
01/02/1913	WOOD, Zachary Taylor	Assist Commissioner	RNWMP	CMG

# IMPERIAL SERVICE ORDER to CANADIAN POLICE OFFICERS, FIREFIGHTERS, CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS

CG DATE	NAME	TITLE	UNIT	DECORATION	ONS /
26/06/1915	DEANE, Richard Burton	Superintendent	RNWMP	ISO	Medals shown
05/07/1919	FRENCH, Frank Henry	Inspector	RNWMP	ISO	
14/11/1903	IRVINE, Acheson Gosford	Warden / LCol	Manitoba Penitentiary	CMG ISO	
01/10/1910	McILLREE, John Henry	Assistant Commissioner	RNWMP	ISO	



### MVO (Fourth Class) awarded to RCMP (MVO) Changed to LVO 12 December 1984)

CG DATE	NAME	TITLE		UNIT	DECO	RATIONS /
06/10/1990	BANNING, Patrick Edward	Assistant Commissioner		RCMP		LVO
18/07/1997+	CLEVELAND, David Grand	Assistant Commissioner		RCMP		LVO
09/10/1910	CORRIGAN, Bernard ('Bernie) F	Assistant Commissioner R	Royal Visit 2010	RCMP		MVO
30/07/1976+	GIROUX, Jean Bertram E.J.	Assistant Commissioner		RCMP		MVO
01/03/1902	JANÉ, Robert Michael	Superintendent R	Royal Visit 2002	RCMP		MVO
25/03/2006	LAFOSSE, Darrell J.	Assistant Commissioner R	Royal Visit 2005	RCMP	ООМ	LVO
01/03/2003	PROULX, Richard	Assistant Commissioner R	Royal Visit 2002	RCMP		LVO MOM
03/12/1994	THOMAS, Lowell	Assistant Commissioner		RCMP		LVO
05/12/1978+	SAUVE, Joseph U. Marcel	Assistant Commissioner	David Mait 1001	RCMP RCMP		MVO
03/12/1994 29/08/1908	SCOTT, Ronald SHERWOOD, Arthur Percy	Inspector R Chief Commissioner of Poli	Royal Visit 1994 ice	Dominion Police	CMG	MVO MVO
08/03/1901+	STEELE, Samuel Benfield	Lieutenant-Colonel (Comma	anding Officer)	Strathcona's Horse	(CB)	MVO
01/05/2012 06/07/2013	STEWART, William John PETERS, Greg (John Gregory)	Sgt-Major Superintendent		RCMP Riding Master Cdr RCMP Continger		MVO MVO
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### ROYAL VICTORIAN MEDAL in Silver Awarded to RCMP (RVM)

LG+/CG	NAME	TITLE	UNIT	DECORATIONS /
01/03/2003	DUROCHER, William Michael	Sergeant	RCMP – EIIR Royal Visit; Protection Officer Ontario	RVM
06/10/1990	FARNHAM, Robert Darker	S/Sgt	RCMP - Security on 10 Royal Visits	RVM
05/12/1978+	GIRADIN, Alaine Laurent J.	Constable	RCMP Driver Royal Visits	RVM
17/01/1948	JOHNSON, George	Sergeant	Senior Orderly at Government House	RVM
01/03/2003	KOLEYAK, Peter Steven	Sergeant	RCMP – EIIR Royal Visit; Protection Officer Vancou	ver RVM
01/03/2003 01/03/2003	LAHAIE, Joseph-Louis LOWE, Ronald Wayne	Sergeant Sergeant	RCMP – EIIR Royal Visit; Federal Security Coordina RCMP – EIIR Royal Visit 'D' Division Manitoba	tor RVM RVM
01/03/2003	SAVAGE, Richard Howard	Detective	RCMP – EIIR Royal Visit; Protection Officer Ontario	RVM

### BRITISH EMPIRE MEDAL (Civil Division) Awarded For Meritorious Service 26 January 1935

CG DATE	NAME	TITLE	UNIT	DECORATIONS
6/01/35	GIRARD, Romeo	Penitentiary Guard	St. Vincent de Paul, P.Q.	BEM
======		DDITIOU EMPIDE ME		
		RKIII2H EMPIKE ME	DAL (Military Division)	
G DATE	NAME	TITLE	UNIT	DECORATIONS
5/01/46	ASHMORE, John Camm	Sergeant	Cdn Provost Corps	BEM
9/01/43	AYRE. Gordon Leslie	S/Sgt	Cdn Provost Corps	BEM
5/01/46	BATES, Albert Edward	S/Sgt	Cdn Provost Corps	BEM
5/06/43	BELISLE, Urgel	Corporal	Cdn Provost Corps	BEM
7/03/45	BLYTH, George	Sergeant	Cdn Provost Corps	BEM
/01/46	BRICKWOOD, George Arthur	Sergeant	Cdn Provost Corps	BEM
5/06/46	BROWER, Tim	Sergeant	Cdn Provost Corps	BEM
5/06/46	CARD, Raymond Ferguson	Sergeant	Cdn Provost Corps	BEM
5/01/46	CHAPMAN, Philip Byas	A/WO2-QMS	Cdn Provost Corps	BEM
6/06/45	COLEMAN, William Baillie M.	Sergeant	Cdn Provost Corps	BEM
5/06/46	DOYLE, Francis Edgar	Sergeant	Cdn Provost Corps	BEM
0/12/44	DUDLEY, George Junior	Lance-Cpl	Cdn Provost Corps	BEM
5/01/46	DURRANT, Jack Donnie Thorr	•	Cdn Provost Corps	BEM
8/01/44	EDWARDS, Harry Harvey	Lance-Cpl	Cdn Provost Corps	BEM
5/01/46	FERNETZ, Joseph	Sergeant	Cdn Provost Corps	BEM
5/01/46	FOGG, Lawrence William	Sergeant	Cdn Provost Corps	BEM
9/04/44	HATCH, Henry Leroy	Sergeant	Cdn Provost Corps	BEM
5/06/46	LeDREW, Roy Everett	Sergeant	Cdn Provost Corps	BEM
5/12/45	MANVEILER, Arnold	A/WO1-RSM	Cdn Provost Corps	BEM
5/01/46	MATHESON, Murdock	Corporal	Cdn Provost Corps	BEM
5/01/46	MAVIUS, Charles Cecil	Sergeant	Cdn Provost Corps	BEM
2/09/45	MAY, Alexander Sydney	A/WO1-RSM	Cdn Provost Corps	BEM
9/01/43	RANDALL, Arthur Robert	Corporal	Cdn Provost Corps	BEM
0/06/44	ROBINSON, James Keith	Lance-Cpl	Cdn Provost Corps	BEM
2/08/44	STEWART, Maurice Radcliffe	Corporal	Cdn Provost Corps*	BEM
5/01/46	THOMPSON, Alexander McCr.		Cdn Provost Corps	BEM
5/12/45	WARNER, Reginald Robert	S/Sgt-CQMS	Cdn Provost Corps	BEM
5/06/46	WHITE, Lawrence Harry	Sergeant	Cdn Provost Corps	BEM
6/06/45	WYNNE, Joseph	S/Sgt	Cdn Provost Corps*	BEM
7/07/45	YULE, Walter LeRoy	Corporal	Cdn Provost Corps	BEM
Cdn Pro	vost Corps* = Member of 1 Provos	t Company RCMP		
======		:===========		=======================================
		BRITISH EMPIRE M	EDAL (Civil Division)	
G DATE	NAME	TITLE	UNIT	DECORATIONS
1/07/46	de WAAL, John Joseph GILES, W.B.	NCO Warder (now Keeper)	Corps of (Civilian) Cdn Fire Fighters Calgary Saskatchewan Penitentiary Prince Albert	BEM BEM