MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (MILITARY)

TO FOREIGN MILITARY OFFICER

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Prepared by: John Blatherwick, CM, CSJ, OBC, CD, BSc, MD, DPH, FRCP(C), LLD (Hon)

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Lieutenant-General Sir Peter de la BILLIERE, KCB, KBE, DSO, MC and Bar, MSC

Knight Commander of the Order of the Bath, Knight Commander of the Order of the Empire (Military). Distinguished Service Order, Military Cross with bar, Queens Korea Medal, UN Korean Service Medal, General Service Medal (1918-64) with MID, General Service Medal (1962-2000), Gulf War Medal w/rosette, EIIR Silver Jubilee Medal (1977), Meritorious Service Cross (Canadian), Legion of Merit - Chief Commander (US)
# MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (Military Division)  MSC

To FOREIGN MILITARY OFFICERS

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* = Bertrand Adalbert Marcel Guillaume de SAUVILLE de LaPRESLE
The Meritorious Service Cross was instituted on 11 June 1984 for the performance of a military deed or a military activity in an outstandingly professional manner of such a rare high standard that it brings considerable benefit to, or reflects great credit on the Canadian Forces. It can be awarded to all ranks and may be awarded posthumously. While not designed specifically as a bravery award, the first awards of this medal reflect a high degree of diplomacy and bravery.

The medal is a Greek cross of silver, ends splayed and convexed, ensigned with the Royal Crown. The Cross is 1-1/2 inches across and between the arms of the Cross is laurel wreath. In the centre of the cross is a maple leaf within a circle. The ribbon is 1 1/2 inches wide, bright blue with two white stripes 1/4 inches wide positioned 1/8 inch from each edge. A plain silver bar with a maple leaf in the centre can be awarded for a subsequent action deserving of this medal. The recipient may use the post nominal letters MSC.

On 6 June 1991, a civil division was added to the MSC (Military). The Civil Cross is identical to the Military Cross but the ribbon has a 1cm central white stripe added. The Civil Cross is awarded to any person (Canadian or non-Canadian) for the performance of a deed or activity in an outstandingly professional manner or of an uncommonly high standard that brings considerable benefit or great honour to Canada. The MSC is worn after the Star of Courage.
CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (Military) (MSC)
Awards to FOREIGN MILITARY OFFICERS

DE LA BILLIERE, Sir Peter
KCB KBE DSO MC MSC
CG: 18 April 1992
Lieutenant-General - British Army
British Citizen
DOI: August 1990 - March 1991
British Commander - Gulf War

*Lieutenant-General Sir Peter de la Billiere, British Army, provided outstanding personal support, timely advice and strong assistance to Canada throughout the Gulf War. His personal involvement was instrumental in enabling Canada to deploy a Mobile Field Hospital quickly and for it to operate effectively in parallel and in concert with a major British Field Hospital.*

(British Army - formerly The Light Infantry)

October 1959  - Awarded Military Cross (MC) for his work in Oman
He had led and participated in successful assaults on rebel outposts.

1976  - Appointed Companion of the Distinguished Service Order (DSO) for his service in Oman.

01 January 1988  - Knight Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the Bath (KCB)

29 June 1991  - Knight Commander of the Order of the British Empire (KBE)
gazetted in London Gazette rank of General - held CBE

08 June 1993  - Chief Commander, Legion of Merit (USA) gazetted in London Gazette (award was on 14 July 1991)

08 June 1993  - MSC gazetted in London Gazette (rank of General) (Canada Gazette of 18 April 1992)

08 June 1993  - Order of King Abdul Azis 2nd Class of Saudi Arabia gazetted in London Gazette (rank of General)

05 June 1992  - Retired 05 June 1992

General Sir Peter Edgar de la Cour de la Billière, KCB, KBE, DSO, MC and Bar
Commander-in-Chief British Forces in the Gulf War

General Sir Peter Edgar de la Cour de la Billière, KCB, KBE, DSO, MC & Bar, MSM (born 29 April 1934) is a former British soldier, who was Director of the United Kingdom Special Forces during the Iranian Embassy Siege and Commander-in-Chief of the British forces in the 1990 Gulf War. He serviced in the British Army from 1952 to 1992.

He was born as Peter Edgar Delacour to Surgeon Lieutenant Commander Denis de la Billiere and his wife Kitty Lawley. On 22 May 1941, his father was killed when his ship, HMS Fiji, was sunk by German bombers in an attack southwest of Crete.

He was educated at Wellesley House, Broadstairs and Harrow. He originally enlisted as a private in the King's Shropshire Light Infantry in 1952. He was later commissioned as a Second Lieutenant into the Durham Light Infantry. During his early career as an officer he served in Japan, Korea and Egypt.

Entry into SAS

In 1956, he attended and passed Selection for the Special Air Service. During his first SAS tour, he served in Malaya during the Malayan Emergency and Oman, where he was mentioned in despatches and won the Military Cross in 1959. After his initial tour with 22 SAS, he returned to the Durham Light Infantry to run recruit training, before taking up the post of Adjutant of 21 SAS - the London based Territorial Army (reserve) SAS regiment. In 1962, he was attached to the Federal Army in Aden. In 1964, he failed Staff College but was appointed Officer Commanding A Squadron 22 SAS. From 1964-1966, A Squadron was deployed to Borneo for the Indonesia-Malaysia confrontation. For his actions during this period he was awarded a bar to the Military Cross.

After this tour, he re-attended Staff College, and, this time, passed. After Staff College he was posted as G2 (intelligence) Special Forces at Strategic Command. He then served a tour as second-in-command of 22 SAS, of which he was Commanding Officer 1972-4. For service in Oman, he was appointed a Companion of the Distinguished Service Order (DSO) in 1976.
General Sir Peter Edgar de la Cour de la Billière, KCB, KBE, DSO, MC and Bar
Commander-in-Chief British Forces in the Gulf War

He then served in a number of administrative posts before returning to the regiment as Director, 1978-82. It was during this period that the SAS shot to public fame as a consequence of their storming of the Iranian Embassy in 1980. In 1982, he was appointed a Commander of the Order of the British Empire (CBE). After the SAS he was appointed Military Commissioner and Commander of British Forces in the Falkland Islands 1984-5 and then General Officer Commanding Wales 1985-90.

In 1987 he was appointed Knight Commander of the Order of the Bath (KCB). In 1991, he was appointed Knight Commander of the Order of the British Empire (KBE).

Gulf War
Despite being due for retirement he was appointed Commander-in-Chief British Forces in the 1990 Gulf War - in effect the second in command of the multinational military coalition headed by US General Norman Schwarzkopf. His past experience of fighting in the area, knowledge of the people and some fluency in the language overrode concerns about his age. In this role, he was largely responsible for the use of SAS and other special forces in significant roles in that conflict. His experience in 22 SAS allowed him to convince Schwarzkopf to employ Special Forces in various roles. Prior to this, Schwarzkopf was resistant to the use of Special Forces due to his experiences in Vietnam.

Retirement
By the end of his career he had risen to the rank of Lieutenant General. In order to allow him to receive the pension benefits of a full general he was given the newly created sinecuric post of Middle East Advisor to the Secretary of State for Defence. He retired in 1992.

In 1993, he received Canada's Meritorious Service Medal, Saudi Arabia's Order of King Abdul Aziz, 2nd Class and was made a Commander of the United States' Legion of Merit.

He has written or co-authored 18 books, including an autobiography, a personal account of the Gulf War and a number of works about the SAS. The SAS traditions about not reporting operations means that this generated considerable tension. He is currently a patron of the UK based international development charity, FARM-Africa having served on the Board since 1992 and as Chairman from 1998 to 2001.

HONOURS and DECORATIONS

Knight Commander of the Order of the Bath KCB
Knight Commander of the Order of the British Empire KBE
Distinguished Service Order DSO
Military Cross & Bar MC and Bar
British Korea Medal
United Nations Korea Medal
General Service Medal 1918-1962 with Mentioned in Despatches MID with bar Malaya
Campaign Service Medal 1962-2007 with bar Borneo
British Gulf War Medal with rosette
EUROPEAN MEDALS
Meritious Service Cross (Canada) MSC
Commander, Legion of Merit (United States)
King Abdul Aziz, 2nd Class (Saudi Arabia)

COMMANDS HELD

Special Air Service Regiment
General Officer Commanding Wales
Commander-in-Chief British Forces in the Gulf War

BATTLES / WARS

Korean War
Malayan Emergency
Indonesia-Malaysia confrontation
Gulf War

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CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (Military) (MSC)  
Awards to FOREIGN MILITARY OFFICERS

HORNER, Charles A.  
Lieutenant-General - USAF  
American Citizen  
CG: 18 April 1992  
DOL: August 1990 - March 1991

*Lieutenant-General C. Horner, United States Air Force, provided outstanding personal support, advice, and assistance to Canada during the Gulf War. His strong support for multi-national, coordinated, air operations, and for full participation by Canada, was instrumental in Canadian involvement in defensive combat air patrol, sweep and escort, and air-to-ground missions.*

General Charles A. Horner  
Commander in Chief of North American Aerospace Defense Command  
and the U.S. Space Command  
Commander of Air Force Space Command, Peterson Air Force Base, Colorado  
from 1992 - 1994

Charles ('Chuck') A. Horner (born October 19, 1936) is a retired USAF general. He was born in Davenport, Iowa and attended the University of Iowa, as part of the Air Force ROTC program. On June 13, 1958, Horner was commissioned into the Air Force Reserve. During the Vietnam War, he flew in combat as a Wild Weasel pilot and received the Silver Star. During Operation Desert Shield and Operation Desert Storm, he commanded the American aerial forces, as well as those of the American allies. During the Desert Shield phase of the conflict, Horner briefly served as Commander-in-Chief - Forward of U.S. Central Command; while General Schwarzkopf was still in the United States. He currently serves on the board of directors for the US Institute of Peace.

General Charles A. Horner was Commander in Chief of North American Aerospace Defense Command and the U.S. Space Command; Commander of Air Force Space Command, Peterson Air Force Base, Colorado from 1992 - 1994. He was responsible for the aerospace defense of the United States and Canada, and the exploitation and control of space for national purposes through a far-flung network of satellites and ground stations throughout the world.

General Horner, an Iowa native, entered the Air Force through the Reserve Officer Training Corps program. He was commissioned in the Air Force Reserve on June 13, 1958, just before his graduation from the University of Iowa and was awarded pilot wings in November 1959 and was reenlisted with a regular Air Force commission in 1962. He has commanded a tactical training wing, a fighter wing, two air divisions and a numbered Air Force. While Commander of 9th Air Force, he also commanded U.S. Central Command Air Forces, in command of all U.S. and allied air assets during operations Desert Shield and Desert Storm.

General Horner is a command pilot with more than 5,300 flying hours in a variety of fighter aircraft. During the Vietnam conflict he flew 41 combat missions over North Vietnam in the F-105 during a tour. He later flew more than 70 combat missions as an F-105 Wild Weasel pilot, deliberately drawing anti-aircraft fire to identify and destroy North Vietnamese defenses.

Other work
He co-wrote Every Man a Tiger with Tom Clancy. In 2004, Horner served on a Pentagon team that looked into detainee abuse. The U.S. Air Force awards a General Charles A. Horner "Tiger Award" to one officer and one enlisted individual assigned to the Fourteenth Air Force annually. Recipients of the prestigious "Tiger Award" demonstrate the highest degree of professionalism, leadership, integrity, dedication, and courage in the performance of their duties and conduct of their lives. He currently resides in Lake Lorraine, Florida, with a Shalimar, Florida address.

Education
1958 Bachelor of Arts degree, University of Iowa, Iowa City
1972 Master of business administration degree, College of William and Mary, Williamsburg, Virginia
Military Career
October 1958 - June 1959, student, officer preflight training, Spence AFB, Georgia
June 1959 - October 1960, student, pilot training, Laredo AFB, Texas
October - November 1960, student, F-100 combat crew training, Luke AFB, Arizona, and Nellis AFB, Nevada
November 1960 - December 1963, F-100 pilot, 492nd Tactical Fighter Squadron, Royal Air Force Station Lakenheath, England
December 1963 - December 1965, F-105 pilot, 4th Tactical Fighter Wing, Seymour Johnson AFB, North Carolina
June 1965 - December 1965, temporary duty as F-105 pilot, 388th Tactical Fighter Wing, Korat Royal Thai AFB, Thailand
December 1965 - May 1967, F-105 instructor pilot, Nellis AFB, Nevada
May 1967 - September 1967, F-105 Wild Weasel pilot, Korat Royal Thai AFB, Thailand
September 1967 - October 1969, F-105 instructor pilot, Nellis AFB, Nevada, then liaison officer, Air Force Tactical Fighter Weapons Center, Nellis AFB, Nevada
October 1969 - January 1971, air operations staff officer, Office of the Deputy Chief of Staff for Plans, Headquarters Tactical Air Command, Langley AFB, Virginia
January 1971 - January 1972, student, Armed Forces Staff College, Norfolk, Virginia
August 1975 - June 1976, student, National War College, Fort Lesley J. McNair, Washington, D.C.
June 1976 - March 1979, Deputy Commander, Operations, 4th Tactical Fighter Wing, Seymour Johnson AFB, N.C.
March 1979 - August 1979, Vice Commander, 58th Tactical Training Wing, Luke AFB, Arizona
May 1980 - August 1981, Commander, 474th Tactical Fighter Wing, Nellis AFB, Nevada
August 1981 - May 1983, Commander, 83rd Air Division, Holloman AFB, New Mexico
October 1983 - May 1985, Commander, Air Force Air Defense Weapons Center, Tyndall AFB, Florida
May 1985 - March 1987, Deputy Chief of Staff for Plans, Headquarters Tactical Air Command, Langley AFB, Virginia
September 30, 1994, Retired from active duty.

Flight information
Rating: Command pilot
Flight hours: More than 5,300
Aircraft flown: F-100, F-105, F-4, F-15, F-16
Pilot wings from: Laredo Air Force Base, Texas

Major awards and decorations

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General Horner has been decorated with Canada's Meritorious Service Cross. Also, he has been honored by France, Pakistan and the sovereign states of Bahrain, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia and the United Arab Emirates.
"Vice-Admiral Henry H. Mauz, Jr., United States Navy, provided outstanding personal support, advice and assistance to Canada during the Gulf War, and enabled Canada to integrate its naval ships and fighter aircraft fully into key roles and missions. His strong vision, support, and direction to the multi-national force, which included Canadian Forces, were invaluable."

Admiral Henry H. MAUZ, Jr., MSC
Commander – United States Atlantic Fleet 13 July 1992 to 05 October 1994

Henry H. Mauz, Jr. (1936- ) is a retired United States Navy admiral and the former Commander in Chief, United States Atlantic Fleet from 1992 to 1994. He was known as ‘Hamerin’ Hank who served in the USN 1959 to 1994.

After graduating from the United States Naval Academy in 1959, Admiral Mauz went on to serve in Vietnam, operating river patrol boats along the Mekong Delta. He went on to command a minesweeper, USS Prime (MSO-466), [1], the guided missile destroyer USS Semmes (DDG-18), the guided missile cruiser USS England (CG-22) (1980-1982).

Mauz served as commander of the United States Seventh Fleet from 1988 to 1990, and in August 1990 assumed command of all U.S. Naval forces in the Persian Gulf.

Mauz retired from active duty in 1994 as Commander-in-Chief, U.S. Atlantic Fleet. A 1965 graduate of the Naval Postgraduate School, he was President of the Naval Postgraduate School Foundation, and currently serves on its board.[3] Admiral Mauz’s education includes the Naval Academy, Naval War College, a graduate degree in electrical engineering from the Naval Postgraduate School, and an MBA from Auburn University.

His awards and decorations include the Navy Distinguished Service Medal, the Defense Superior Service Medal, the Legion of Merit, Bronze Star with "V" device, the Meritorious Service Medal, and three awards of the Navy Achievement Medal. His foreign awards include the Order of the Rising Sun, Gold and Silver Star, the Canadian Meritorious Service Cross, and the French Ordre National du Mérite. He is a Companion of the Naval Order of the United States, and was inducted into the Naval Postgraduate School Hall of Fame on November 19, 2003.

Although retired as a full admiral, Mauz’s retirement was delayed by Congress due to allegations he mishandled sexual harassment complaints. Senator Patty Murray (D-WA) was chiefly responsible for the delay. In a letter to her, Mauz stated:

“You have commented on the need to hold our senior officers accountable. I suggest that a U.S. senator has the same code and that in the case of your actions during my confirmation you should also be held accountable. You showed little interest in the truth.”

Mauz was later confirmed by a vote of 92-6 in favour of allowing him to retire at 4-star rank.

Mauz is on the Board of Advisors for Genex Technologies, the Board of Directors of CNF Inc.,[8] the Board of Directors of Texas Industries, and the Advisory Council of Northrop Grumman Ship Systems,[9] and is a Senior Fellow at the Center for Civil Military Relations at the Naval Postgraduate School.

Admiral Mauz is one of the senior signatories of the March 31, 2009 letter urging the president to maintain the policy excluding homosexuals from the armed forces.
CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (Military) (MSC)
Awards to FOREIGN MILITARY OFFICERS

POWELL, Colin
General - United States Army
Chairman USA Joint Chiefs of Staff Committee
KCB MSC American Citizen CG: 29 January 1994
American Citizen GH: 10 January 1994
Career DOI: Career

"By his contribution to American/Canadian relations during his tenure as National Security Advisor and subsequently as Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff Committee; by his assistance to the role played by the Canadian Forces during the Gulf War, to the Canadian battle group at Sarajevo in July 1992 and to the Canadian task force in the Coalition Intervention Force in Somalia; by his help during the rescue operation following the 1991 CFS Alert plane crash, General Powell has demonstrated outstanding professional leadership and concern for relations between the United States and Canada. In so doing, he has rendered invaluable service to Canada and to the Canadian Forces."

MEDALS:
- Defence Distinguished Service Medal
- Army Distinguished Service Medal
- Defence Superior Service Medal
- Legion of Merit with Bronze Cluster
- Soldier's Medal
- Bronze Star Medal
- Purple Heart
- Air Medal
- Joint Service Commendation Medal with 2 Bronze Clusters
- Army Commendation Medal with 2 Bronze Clusters
- National Defence Service Medal
- Vietnam Service Medal with Bronze Star
- Army Service Ribbon
- Army Overseas Service Ribbon
- Republic of Vietnam Campaign Medal with bar
- Meritorious Service Cross (MSC - Canada - military)
- Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath (KCB) Honorary
MORILLON, Philippe Pierre Lucien Antoine  MSC  CG: 02 July 1994
Commanding General - UNPROFOR

"From September 1992 to July 1993 the situation in the former Yugoslavia was desperate. Most areas were under continuous artillery and mortar bombardment and small-arms fire. At General Morillon's instigation, the United Nations set up a number of safe areas at Srebrenica, Gorazde, Bihac, Zepa, Tuzla and Sarajevo, and initiative that saved the lives of thousands of Bosnians. In addition, with the support of Canadian Forces members, General Morillon personally intervened between the two rival factions at Srebrenica. In all these actions he distinguished himself by showing outstanding leadership and exceptional devotion to duty. He also provided invaluable assistance to the members of the Canadian contingent."
CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (Military) (MSC)
Awards to FOREIGN MILITARY OFFICERS

SULLIVAN, Gordon Russell
General - United States Army
MSC CG: 07 October 1995
American Citizen GH: 05 May 1995
NATO DOI: Career

"General Sullivan has demonstrated consistent support for and friendship to Canadian soldiers throughout his career in the continental United States, the North Atlantic Treaty Organization and elsewhere abroad. A highly regarded military leader, he has often joined Canadians in training and operations and, as the focus of military operations changed in the modern world, has encourage stronger bilateral links with the American military. He has expressed genuine regard for our soldiers' attitudes and professionalism in the field, and has impressed his Canadian comrades, in turn, with his generosity and firm support of our military interests."

General Gordon Russell SULLIVAN, MSC
Chief of Staff – US Army

General Gordon Russell Sullivann was born September 25, 1937 in Boston, Massachusetts and raised in Quincy. He was commissioned a second lieutenant of Armor and awarded a Bachelor of Arts degree in history from Norwich University in 1959. He holds a Master of Arts degree in political science from the University of New Hampshire. His professional military education includes the U.S. Army Armor School Basic and Advanced Courses, the Command and General Staff College, and the Army War College.

General Sullivan retired from the Army on 31 July 1995 after more than 36 years of active service. He culminated his service in uniform as the 32nd Chief of Staff—the senior general officer in the Army—and a member of the Joint Chiefs of Staff. As the Chief of Staff of the Army, he created the vision and led the team that transitioned the Army from its Cold War posture. In August 1993, President Bill Clinton assigned the duties and responsibility of Acting Secretary of the Army to General Sullivan who continued to serve as Chief of Staff.

He is the co-author, with Michael V. Harper, of Hope Is Not a Method (Random House, 1996), which chronicles the enormous challenges encountered in transforming the post-Cold War Army through the lens of proven leadership principles and a commitment to shared values. He serves on the boards of several major corporations, including Newell Rubbermaid. He is the Chairman of the Board of Trustees of Norwich University; a director of the Institute of Defense Analyses, and the Chairman Emeritus of the Marshall Legacy Institute.

During his Army career, General Sullivan also served as Vice Chief of Staff; Deputy Chief of Staff for Operations and Plans; Commanding General, 1st Infantry Division (Mechanized), Fort Riley, Kansas (June 1988-July 1989); Deputy Commandant, U.S. Army Command and General Staff College, Fort Leavenworth, Kansas (March 1987-June 1988); and Assistant Commandant, U.S. Army Armor School, Fort Knox, Kentucky (November 1983-July 1985). His overseas assignments included four tours in Europe, two in Vietnam and one in Korea.

General Sullivan is married to the former Miriam Gay Loftus of Quincy, Massachusetts; they currently reside in Alexandria, Virginia. He has three children and three grandchildren. He is an avid reader and amateur historian.

General Sullivan is the President and Chief Operating Officer of the Association of the United States Army, headquartered in Arlington, Virginia. He assumed his current position at the Association in February 1998. For his work with AUSA, he was awarded the prestigious Sylvanus Thayer Award by the United States Military Academy in 2003.
### Decorations and Badges of General Gordon Sullivan

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<th>Legion of Merit Star</th>
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<th>Purple Heart Service Medal with Oak Leaf Cluster</th>
<th>Meritorious Service Medal with Cluster</th>
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<td>Army Commendation Medal (with Oak Leaf Cluster)</td>
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- Army Distinguished Service Medal
- Defence Superior Service Medal
- Legion of Merit
- Bronze Star Medal
- Purple Heart
- Meritorious Service Medal with Cluster
- Joint Service Commendation Medal
- Army Commendation Medal with Bronze Oak Leaf
- National Defence Service Medal
- Armed Forces Expeditionary Medal
- Vietnam Service Medal with four Stars
- Army Service Ribbon
- Army Overseas Service Ribbon
- Republic of Vietnam Campaign Medal with bar '60 -'
- Order of Military Merit (Brazil)
- A German Decoration
- National Order of Merit (France)
- Meritorious Service Cross (MSC - Canada - military)

### BADGES

- Combat Infantryman Badge
- Office of the Secretary of Defense Identification Badge
- Joint Chiefs of Staff Identification Badge
- Army Staff Identification Badge

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CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (Military) (MSC)
Awards to FOREIGN MILITARY OFFICERS

GUILLAUME de SAUVILLE de LaPRESLE, Bertrand Adalbert Marcel
Lieutenant-General - Inspector General of the French Army
French Citizen
MSC: 07 October 1995
CG: 07 October 1995

Commanding General - UNPROFOR
DOI: Mar 94 to Feb 95
GH: 24 August 1995

"Lieutenant-General Guillaume de Sauville de LaPresle, Inspector General of the French Army, was the commanding general of the United Nations Force in the former Yugoslavia from March 1994 to February 1995. He was a key figure in all the major negotiations, decisions and actions involving the Force, the governments of the belligerent parties, the United Nations Organization and the North Atlantic Treaty Organization. On two occasions in 1994, through his personal intervention, he played a vital role in securing the release of numerous soldiers of the Canadian 2nd Battalion who had been taken hostage by the Bosnian Serb Army at Ilijas. His professionalism and the encouragement he gave the members of the Canadian Forces under his command spurred them on in achieving their mission."

KUTYNA, Donald Joseph
General - United States Air Force
American Citizen
MSC: 07 October 1995
CG: 07 October 1995

Commander-in-Chief NORAD
DOI: 1994
GH: ?

"As Commander in Chief of the North American Aerospace Defence Command, General Kutyna provided outstanding personal support and assistance to Canada. His strong vision and tenacious pursuit of binational support for the common defence of North America contributed significantly to the advancement of Defence Programs critical to Canada. His astute initiative and clear, professional direction ensured unprecedented combat operations support to Canadian and coalition forces during the Persian Gulf War."

MEDALS:
- Defence Distinguished Service Medal
- Air Force Distinguished Service Medal
- Legion of Merit with Oak Cluster
- Distinguished Flying Cross with Oak Leaf Cluster
- Air Medal with 4 Oak Leaf Clusters
- Air Force Commendation Medal with 2 Oak Leaf Clusters
- Air Force Outstanding Unit Award with Oak Leaves
- Bronze Star with two Oak Leaves
- Combat Readiness Medal
- Air Force Recognition Ribbon
- National Defence Service Medal with Star
- Vietnam Service Medal with 3 Oak Clusters
- Air Force Overseas Service Long Term Ribbon
- Air Force Longevity Ribbon with 3 Oak Leaf Clusters
- Small Arms Expert Marksman
- Air Force Training Bar
- Republic of Vietnam Gallantry Cross Unit Citation
- Republic of Vietnam Campaign Medal with bar '60 -'
- Meritorious Service Cross (MSC - Canada - military)
ASHY, Joseph W.
General - United States Air Force
Commander-in-Chief NORAD

MSC
American Citizen

CG: 14 September 1996
GH: 23 August 1996
DOI: 1995 - 1996

"As Commander in Chief of the North American Aerospace Defence Command and the United States Space Command, General Ashy provided outstanding personal support and assistance to Canada. His strong vision and tenacious pursuit of binational support of the common defence of North America contributed significantly to the advancement of Defence Programs critical to Canada. Moreover, his outstanding leadership, astute initiative and clear, professional direction ensured unprecedented success in the air campaign over Bosnia during the recent peacekeeping operations. General Ashy’s intense personal efforts and keen understanding of his commands’ vital roles have contributed significantly to Western security and constitute a direct service to Canada and to the Canadian Forces."

Defense Distinguished Service Medal
Distinguished Service Medal
Silver Star
Legion of Merit with oak leaf cluster
Distinguished Flying Cross with oak leaf cluster
Defense Meritorious Service Medal
Meritorious Service Medal with two oak leaf clusters
Air Medal with 13 oak leaf clusters
Air Force Commendation Medal
Vietnam Service Medal
Republic of Vietnam Gallantry Cross with Palm
Meritorious Service Medal (Canada)
CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (Military) (MSC)
Awards to FOREIGN MILITARY OFFICERS

JANVIER, Bernard Louis Antonin  MSC  CG: 26 April 1997
General - French Army  French Citizen  GH: 10 April 1997
Commander - United Nations Peacekeeping Forces former Yugoslavia  DOI: 01 March 1995 to 31 January 1996

"From March 1, 1995 to January 31, 1996, Army Corps General Janvier, of the French Army, was Commander of United Nations Peacekeeping Forces. During this critical and difficult period, General Janvier distinguished himself while commanding troops deployed in the former Yugoslavia. Thanks to his exceptional leadership abilities, sound judgement and great compassion, he saved lives and provided comfort not only to the peacekeepers, but also to civilians caught between the various warring factions. He also made a valuable contribution to the peace agreements reached near the end of his tour of duty and bolstered the morale of Canadian troops."

Recognitions and Honors

- Grand Officer of the Legion of Honour (1996)
- NATO MSM Medal
- Commander of the Legion of Honour (1991)
- Medal of the United Nations
- Officer of the Legion of Honour (1986)
- Knight Star of the Grande Comores - 1966
- Chevalier of the Legion of Honour (1997)
- Canadian Meritorious Service Cross
- Commander of the National Order of Merit (1990)
- Croatian Trèfle Cross
- Officer of the National Order of Merit (1980)
- Medal of King Faisal - Saudi Arabia (1991)
- War Cross of Foreign Theaters of Operation (1 citation in the French Army Orders)
- Cross of Military Valour (5 citations in the French Army Orders)
- Chevalier of the Order of Agriculture Merit (1984)
- Overseas Medal (clasps "Lebanon", "Chad", "Middle East")
- Commemorative Medal of Security and Law Enforcement Operations in North Africa ("Algeria")
- French Commemorative Medal
- Legion of Merit (U.S.)
- Kuwait Liberation Medal (Kuwait)
CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (Military) (MSC)
Awards to FOREIGN MILITARY OFFICERS

KINZER, Joseph William
Lieutenant-General - US Army
Force Commander - United Nations Mission in Haiti

MSC
American Citizen
DOI: Jan 1995 to Feb 1996

CG: 30 August 1997
GH: 18 August 1997

"From January 1995 to February 1996, Lieutenant-General Kinzer, then Major-General, of the United States Army, distinguished himself while serving as the Force Commander, United National Mission in Haiti. Through his accomplishments, the Mission has been the most successful in recent history. His unparalleled efforts, not only in the field of security but also in rebuilding a nation, helped generate world-wide interest in the plight of Haiti and had a direct impact on provision of desperately needed foreign aid. His personal influence greatly assisted the Government of Haiti's movement toward greater responsibility and improved management of traditional services. His superb leadership and stellar performance reflect great credit upon him, the United Nations and all countries that served as part of the military force of this mission, including Canada."

Lieutenant-General Joseph William KINZER, MSC

Lieutenant General Kinzer retired from the United States Army on 31 August 1998 after more than 39 years of service. Commissioned from the Officer Candidate School at the United States Army Infantry School, Fort Benning, Georgia in 1964, he served in numerous command and staff positions in both the 82d and 101st Airborne Divisions. Additionally, he served as a Tactical Officer at the United States Military Academy at West Point. He is a veteran of Operation Power Pack in the Dominican Republic, 1965, two tours of duty in Vietnam (1967-68, 1971-72), and Operation Just Cause in Panama, 1989-90. His assignments as a General Officer include: Assistant Division Commander, 82d Airborne Division, Deputy Commanding General United States Army South in Panama, Deputy Director and Director for Operations, Readiness, and Mobilization Department of the Army, Washington, DC, Deputy Commanding General and Commanding General 5th United States Army, Fort Sam Houston, TX. From January 1995 until March 1996, he served as Force Commander United Nations Forces and Commander United States Forces in Haiti. He received a BA in History from the University of Tampa, in Florida, and a MS in Public Administration from Shippensburg University in Pennsylvania. He is also a graduate of the United States Army Command and Staff College and the United States Army War College.
SHALIKASHVILI, John Malchase David
General - US Army
Chairman, United States Joint Chief of Staff

CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (Military) (MSC)
Awards to FOREIGN MILITARY OFFICERS

MSC CG: 15 November 1997
American Citizen GH: 10 September 1997
DOI: Oct 1993 to Sep 1997

"General Shalikashvili, United States Army, made an outstanding personal contribution to American/Canadian relations during his tenure as Chairman, United States Joint Chiefs of Staff, from October 1993 to September 1997. His support to the Canadian Forces during their missions with NATO in the Implementation and Stabilization Force in the former Yugoslavia and with the United Nations in Haiti, and his crucial assistance during the planning and pre-deployment phases of the Canadian led mission to Central Africa clearly demonstrated his dynamic leadership and interest in the close relationship that exists between Canada and the United States. General Shalikashvili's personal efforts on behalf of Canada constitute a direct and highly valued service to Canada and the Canadian Forces."

General John Malchase David Shalikashvili, MSC
Chairman United States Joint Chief of Staff

John Malchase David Shalikashvili was born on 27 June 1936, in Warsaw, Poland (first Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff not born in the USA). In 1958, he enlisted in the Army and subsequently attended Officer Candidate School. Following his commissioning as a second lieutenant, he served with the 9th Infantry, and later the 15th Artillery, in Alaska.

From 1961 to 1963, Shalikashvili taught at the Army Air Defense School. He was promoted to first lieutenant in 1961 and to captain in 1963. In 1963, he attended the Artillery Officer Advanced Course. From 1965 to 1968, he was assigned to the 32d Artillery Defense Command, United States Army, Europe. He received his promotion to major in 1967.

Shalikashvili then served as a senior district advisor, Advisory Team 19, United States Military Assistance Command Vietnam until 1969. From 1969 to 1970, he attended the Naval Command and Staff College. From 1970 to 1977, he served in a variety of posts in Korea, Fort Lewis, Washington, and Washington, D.C. In 1977, Shalikashvili attended the United States Army War College. He was promoted to lieutenant colonel in 1974.

From 1978 to 1979, he served with the United States Army Southern Europe Task Force, Italy. The next two years, he commanded the division artillery of the 1st Armored Division, U.S. Army, Europe, in Germany. In 1978, he was promoted to colonel. Shalikashvili then served in the Office of the Deputy Chief of Staff of the Army until 1984. In 1983, he was promoted to Brigadier General.

In 1984 Shalikashvili became the assistant division commander of the 1st Armored Division in Germany. From 1986 to 1987, he served as the assistant deputy, and then as deputy, chief of staff of the Army for operations and plans. Shalikashvili was promoted to major general in 1986. He commanded the 9th Infantry Division until 1989. From 1989 to 1991, he was the deputy commander-in-chief of United States Army, Europe, and Seventh Army. He was promoted to lieutenant general in 1989. Then he served as an assistant to the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff until 1992.

General Shalikashvili was promoted to general in 1992. He served as the Supreme Allied Commander in Europe until 1993. In 1993, he succeeded Colin Powell as the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the first foreign-born man to become Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff. He served in every level of unit command from platoon to division. General Shalikashvili died of a stroke in 2011.
CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (Military) (MSC)
Awards to FOREIGN MILITARY OFFICERS

Decorations and Badges General John SHALIKASHVILI, MSC

- Presidential Medal of Freedom
- Defense Distinguished Service Medal with 3 Oak Leaf Clusters
- Distinguished Service Medal Army
- Legion of Merit with 2 Oak Leaf Clusters
- Bronze Star Medal with "V" Device
- Meritorious Service Medal with 3 Oak Leaf Clusters
- Air Medal
- Joint Service Commendation Medal
- Army Commendation Medal
- National Defense Service Medal with bronze service star
  in lieu of two campaigns
- Armed Forces Expeditionary Medal
- Vietnam Service Medal with silver service star
  in lieu of five campaigns
- Southwest Asia Service Medal
- Humanitarian Service Medal
- Overseas Service Ribbon with numeral 5 device
- Inter-American Defense Board Medal
- Combat Infantryman Badge
- Parachutist Badge
- Joint Chief of Staff Identification Badge
- Army Staff Identification Badge

**Foreign:**

- Vietnam – Vietnam Gallantry Cross with two silver stars
  (Division Citation and one bronze star (Regiment Citation))
- Vietnam – Vietnam Armed Forces honor Medal (First Class)
- Vietnam – Vietnam Campaign Medal with 1960 bar
- Canada – **Meritorious Service Cross (Military Division) MSC**
- Germany – Bund Naturschutz Medal

Shown wearing the Presidential Medal of Freedom

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CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (Military)  (MSC)
Awards to FOREIGN MILITARY OFFICERS

ESTES III, Howell M.  MSC  CG:  29 August 1998
General - United States Air Force  American Citizen  GH:  15 April 1998
Commander in Chief - NORAD  DOI:  August 1996 - Aug 1998

“As Commander in Chief of the North American Aerospace Defence Command and United States Space Command and Commander of Air Force Space Command, General Estes provided outstanding personal support and assistance to Canada since his appointment in August 1996. His strong vision and tenacious pursuit of binational support of the common defence of North America contributed significantly to the advancement of Defence Programmes critical to Canada. Moreover, his superb leadership, astute initiative and clear professional direction ensured unprecedented success in facilitating Canadian Forces operations in a number of coalition operations. General Estes’ intense personal efforts and keen understanding of his command’s vital roles have contributed immeasurably to Western security and constitute unique and unparalleled service to Canada.”

General Howell M. ESTES III, MSC

General Howell M. Estes III is commander in chief, North American Aerospace Defense Command (CINCNORAD) and United States Space Command (USCINCSPACE), and commander, Air Force Space Command (COMAFSPC), headquartered at Peterson Air Force Base, Colo.

As CINCNORAD, General Estes is responsible for the air sovereignty of the United States and Canada, as well as for providing tactical warning and attack assessment. As USCINCSPACE, he commands the unified command responsible for directing space control and support operations including theater missile defense. As COMAFSPC, he directs satellite control, warning, space launch and ballistic missile operations missions through a worldwide network of support facilities and bases.

The general entered the Air Force in 1965 as a graduate of the U.S. Air Force Academy. He has commanded both operational and maintenance squadrons, the Air Force’s only stealth fighter unit, an air division and numbered air force. Prior to his current position, he served as director for operations (J-3), the Joint Staff, the Pentagon, Washington, D.C. A command pilot with more than 4,500 flying hours, he flew 169 combat missions as an F-4 pilot during the Vietnam conflict. During the Gulf War he served as deputy chief of staff for operations, Strategic Air Command. He retired on 01 October 1998.

EDUCATION
1965 Bachelor of science degree in military science, U.S. Air Force Academy, Colorado Springs, Colo.
1975 Master of arts degree in public administration, Auburn University, Ala.
1975 Air Command and Staff College, Maxwell Air Force Base, Ala.
1983 National War College, Fort Lesley J. McNair, Washington, D.C.

ASSIGNMENTS
3. April 1967 - May 1969, F-4D pilot, 335th Tactical Fighter Squadron, Seymour Johnson Air Force Base, N.C.
5. May 1970 - April 1972, F-4E pilot and chief of standardization and evaluation, 32nd Tactical Fighter Squadron, Camp New Amsterdam (now Soesterberg Air Base), Netherlands
6. May 1972 - July 1973, weapons tactics staff officer, Headquarters U.S. Air Forces in Europe, Lindsey Air Station, West Germany
10. February 1979 - August 1982, commander, 20th Tactical Fighter Training Squadron; then commander, 35th Equipment Maintenance Squadron; then assistant deputy commander and subsequently deputy commander for maintenance; 35th Tactical Fighter Wing, George Air Force Base, Calif.
ASSIGNMENTS (Continued)
16. August 1988 - July 1991, assistant deputy chief of staff for plans and programs; deputy chief of staff for plans and resources; then deputy chief of staff for operations, Headquarters Strategic Air Command, Offutt Air Force Base, Neb.

FLIGHT INFORMATION
Rating: Command pilot
Flight hours: More than 4,500
Aircraft flown: A-7, F-4, F-16, F-117 and EC-135

MAJOR AWARDS AND DECORATIONS
Defense Distinguished Service Medal with oak leaf cluster
Distinguished Service Medal
Defense Superior Service Medal
Legion of Merit
Distinguished Flying Cross with oak leaf cluster
Meritorious Service Medal with three oak leaf clusters
Air Medal with 10 oak leaf clusters
Air Force Commendation Medal with two oak leaf clusters
Meritorious Service Cross (Canada)

OTHER ACHIEVEMENTS
Co-authored "Strategic and Doctrinal Implications of Deep Attack," CONOPS for the Defense of Central Europe

EFFECTIVE DATES OF PROMOTION
Second Lieutenant Jun 9, 1965
First Lieutenant Dec 9, 1966
Captain Jun 13, 1968
Major Mar 1, 1975
Lieutenant Colonel Apr 1, 1978
Colonel Nov 1, 1980
Brigadier General Oct 1, 1987
Major General Mar 1, 1990
Lieutenant General Aug 17, 1992
General Oct 1, 1996

Promoted: General 1 October 1996
CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (Military) (MSC)
Awards to FOREIGN MILITARY OFFICERS

NAUMANN, Klaus Dieter
General - German Army
Chairman - NATO's Military Committee
KBE MSC
German Citizen
CG: 07 November 1998
GH: 29 September 1998
DOI: February 1996 to 1998

"Despite the complex and politically-charged military environment of 16 nations, General Naumann, Chairman of NATO's Military Committee since February 1996, was able to engineer a consensus around a new integrated military command structure for the Alliance. Under his leadership, this crucial initiative was brought to fruition over a 22-month period. Critical to both Canada and the Alliance, the project required exemplary vision, flexibility, diplomacy and dedication. The end result is a viable and flexible military command structure designed to accommodate all new Alliance missions, thereby providing NATO and her member nations, including Canada, an exceptional military foundation upon which to address the challenges of the future."

Commander's Cross of the Merit of the Federal Republic of Germany - Germany
Gold Cross of Honour of the Federal Armed Forces - Germany
Grand Officier de la Legion d'Honneur - France
Gran Cruz de la Orden del Merito Militar con Distintivo Blanco - Spain
**Knight Commander of the Order of the British Empire (Military) KBE** - United Kingdom
Grootofficier in de Kroonorde - Belgium
Commander's Cross of the Legion of Merit - USA
Grand Cross 2nd Class of the Order of Merit of the Republic of Austria - Austria
Kommandor m/Sjærne av den Kongelige Norske Fortienstorden - Norway
Defence Medal 1st Class - Hungary
Grand Officier de l'Ordre de Leopold (Military) - Belgium
Grootofficier in de orde van Oranje-Nassau - Netherlands
Commander's Grand Cross of the Order of the Lion of Finnland - Finland
**Meritorious Service Cross (MSC)** - Canada
CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (Military) (MSC)
Awards to FOREIGN MILITARY OFFICERS

MYERS, Richard B.  CMM MSC  CG: 01 April 2000
General - USAF  American Citizen  GH: 17 February 2000
Commander-in-Chief NORAD  DOI: Aug 1998 - Dec 2000

“As Commander-in-Chief, North American Aerospace Defence Command and United Space Command, and Commander of Air Force Space Command, General Myers provided outstanding personal support and assistance to the Canadian Forces and Canada since his appointment in August 1998. His compelling vision and tenacious pursuit of strong binational backing for the NORAD partnership and the defence of North America contributed significantly to the advancement of programmes critical to the national objectives of Canada. An innovative planner, he sponsored exercises and simulation efforts in order to formulate and develop detailed strategic defence plans beyond the year 2010. General Myers’ prudence and foresight have been key in shaping and defining the future defence and security requirements of both the United States and Canada. His intense personal involvement, superb leadership and skilful execution of his commands’ vital functions have contributed in an outstanding manner to North American security and constitute unique and meritorious service to the government and people of Canada.”

General Richard B. Myers, CMM, MSC
Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff

General Richard B. Myers became the fifteenth Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff on Oct. 1, 2001. In this capacity, he serves as the principal military advisor to the President, the Secretary of Defense, and the National Security Council. Prior to becoming Chairman, he served as Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff for 19 months.

General Myers was born in Kansas City, Missouri. He is a 1965 graduate of Kansas State University and holds a Masters Degree in Business Administration from Auburn University. The General has attended the Air Command and Staff College at Maxwell Air Force Base, Alabama; the U.S. Army War College at Carlisle Barracks, Pennsylvania; and the Program for Senior Executives in National and International Security at the John F. Kennedy School of Government, Harvard University.

General Myers entered the Air Force in 1965 through the Reserve Officer Training Corps program. His career includes operational command and leadership positions in a variety of Air Force and Joint assignments. General Myers is a command pilot with more than 4,100 flying hours in the T-33, C-37, C-21, F-4, F-15 and F-16, including 600 combat hours in the F-4.

As the Vice Chairman from March 2000 to September 2001, General Myers served as the Chairman of the Joint Requirements Oversight Council, Vice Chairman of the Defense Acquisition Board, and as a member of the National Security Council Deputies Committee and the Nuclear Weapons Council. In addition, he acted for the Chairman in all aspects of the Planning, Programming and Budgeting System including participation in the Defense Resources Board.

From August 1998 to February 2000, General Myers was Commander in Chief, North American Aerospace Defense Command and U.S. Space Command; Commander, Air Force Space Command; and Department of Defense manager, space transportation system contingency support at Peterson Air Force Base, Colorado. As commander, General Myers was responsible for defending America through space and intercontinental ballistic missile operations. Prior to assuming that position, he was Commander, Pacific Air Forces, Hickam Air Force Base, Hawaii, from July 1997 to July 1998. From July 1996 to July 1997 he served as Assistant to the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Pentagon; and from November 1993 to June 1996 General Myers was Commander of U.S. Forces Japan and 5th Air Force at Yokota Air Base, Japan.
CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (Military) (MSC)
Awards to FOREIGN MILITARY OFFICERS

Honours and Medals to General Richard B. MYERS, CMM, MSC

01. Defense Distinguished Service Medal with two clusters
02. Air Force Distinguished Service Medal
03. Legion of Merit
04. Distinguished Flying Cross with cluster
05. Meritorious Service Medal with three clusters
06. Air Medal with three silver clusters and one bronze cluster
07. Air Medal with one bronze cluster
08. Air Force Commendation Medal
09. Defense Superior Service Medal with cluster and enclosed with V and three clusters
10. Bronze Star with cluster
11. Air Force Combat Readiness Service Medal
12. National Defense Service Medal with two stars
13. Armed Forces Expeditionary Campaign Medal
14. Vietnam Service Campaign Medal with three stars
15. Medal for Humanitarian Service
16. Air Force Overseas Service Long Term
17. Air Force Overseas Service Short Term with three clusters
18. Air Force Longevity with silver cluster & 3 bronze clusters
19. Air Force Small Arms Expert
20. Air Force Training Bar
21. Legion of Honour (Commander) (France)
22. Republic of Vietnam Cross of Gallantry Unit Citation
23. Republic of Vietnam Campaign Medal
24. Meritorious Service Cross (Canada) - MSC
25. Commander of the Order of Military Merit (Canada) - CMM

Commander of the Order of Military Merit (CMM) awarded as per Canada Gazette of 25 March 2006 in the rank of General, USAF.
CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (Military) (MSC)
Awards to Foreign Military Officers

CLARK, Wesley Kanne
General - US Army
Supreme Allied Commander Europe (SACEUR)

KBE MSC
American Citizen

CG: 27 May 2000
GH: 18 May 2000
DOI: July 1997 to May 2000

"Commander-in-Chief of the United States European Command, General Clark was Supreme Allied Commander Europe from July 1997 to May 2000. In command of Canadian Forces personnel in the Balkan Theatre, General Clark exhibited the highest standard of professional dedication in Operations Allied force, Joint Guardian, Joint Force and Allied Harbour. General Clark's leadership covered not only the command of forces at sea, in the field and in the air, but also Canadians in NATO Headquarters staffs and discussions with National Authority in Ottawa. His indefatigable efforts contributed greatly to bringing a successful end to the humanitarian crisis in Kosovo and to the ongoing peace process in Bosnia-Herzegovina."

General Wesley Kanne CLARK, KBE, MSC
Commander-in-Chief of the United States European Command
Supreme Allied Commander Europe (SACEUR)

Wesley Kanne Clark (born 23 December 1944) was a four-star General of the United States Army. Clark was valedictorian of his class at West Point, was awarded a Rhodes Scholarship to the University of Oxford where he obtained a degree in Philosophy, Politics and Economics, and later graduated from the Command and General Staff College with a Master's Degree in military science. He spent 34 years in the Army and the Department of Defense, receiving many military decorations, several honorary knighthoods, and a Presidential Medal of Freedom.

Clark commanded Operation Allied Force in the Kosovo War during his term as the Supreme Allied Commander Europe of NATO from 1997 to 2000. Some of Clark's command decisions during the conflict, such as his statements at press briefings and his actions at the Pristina International Airport, were heavily criticized. At times, he had a difficult relationship with Secretary of Defense William Cohen and Chairman of the Joint Chief of Staff General Hugh Shelton, which led to rumors Clark was forced into retirement, though both he and the Department of Defense said his retirement was merely standard personnel movement.
Honours and Awards to General Wesley Kane CLARK, Wesley Kane, KBE, MSC, US Army

United States Civilian Medal Award

Presidential Medal of Freedom, 2000

United States Military Awards

- Defense Distinguished Service Medal (with 4 Oak Leaf Clusters – Bosnia, Join Staff, Service at U.S. Southern Command, Commander of the Kosovo Conflict, SACEUR)
- Distinguished Service Medal (with Oak Leaf Cluster - 1st Cavalry Division 1994 and upon retirement 2000)
- Silver Star (1970)
- Legion of Merit (with 3 Oak Leaf Clusters for Shape 1979, D.A. Staff 1983, MJC 1986, & MJC 1991)
- Bronze Star (with 1 Oak Leaf Cluster – 1969 and 1970)
- Purple Heart (1970)
- Meritorious Service Medal (with Oak Leaf Cluster – 1977 and 1985)
- Army Commendation Medal (with Oak Leaf Cluster – 1969 and 1974)
- Joint Meritorious Unit Citation (2000)
- National Defense Service Medal (with service star)
- Vietnam Service Medal (with 3 service stars)
- Kosovo Campaign Medal (with 1 campaign star)
- Army Service Ribbon
- Overseas Service Ribbon (with numeral 3 device)
- Vietnam Civil Actions Unit Citation
- Vietnam Campaign Medal (with 1960 bar)
Foreign Honours and Awards to General Wesley Kane CLARK, Wesley Kane, KBE, MSC, US Army

Honorary Knight Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire (KBE)
French Commander of the Legion of Honor
Dutch Knight Grand Cross in the Order of Orange-Nassau, with Swords
Grand Officer of the Order of Merit of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg
Belgian Grand Cordon of the Order of Leopold
Grand Officer of the Military Order of Italy
Order of Merit of the Federal Republic of Germany Grand Cross
French National Order of Merit Officer
Portuguese Grand Cross of the Medal of Military Merit
Order of Merit of Republic of Poland Commander's Cross with Star
Order of Merit of the Hungarian Republic
Bulgarian Madarski Konnik Medal
Commemorative Medal of the Minister of Defence of the Slovakian Republic First Class
Order of the Lithuanian Grand Duke Gediminias Grand Cross
Estonian Order of the Cross of the Eagle First Class
Moroccan Grand Cordon of the Order of Ouissam Alaouite
Argentinian Order of May of Military Merit
Canadian Meritorious Service Cross (MSC)
Czech Cross of Merit of the Minister of Defense First Class
Latvian Order of Vesthardes Rex Grand Commander
Spanish Grand Military Service Cross
Silver Order of Freedom of the Republic of Slovenia Commander's Cross
Albanian Skanderbeg Medal
Croatian Order of Duke Trpimir with Ribbon and Star

Badges

Combat Infantryman Badge
Parachutist Badge
Ranger Tab
Army Staff Identification Badge
Joint Chiefs of Staff Identification Badge
Honours and Awards to General Wesley Kane CLARK, Wesley Kane, KBE, MSC, US Army

General Wesley K. Clark USA (ret.) is the nation's most highly decorated officer since Dwight Eisenhower. Among his military decorations are the Defense Distinguished Service Medal (five awards); Distinguished Service Medal (two awards); Silver Star, Legion of Merit (four awards); Bronze Star Medal (two awards); Purple Heart; Meritorious Service Medal (two awards); Army Commendation Medal (two awards); NATO Medal for Service with NATO on Operations in Relation to Kosovo, NATO Medal for Service with NATO on Operations in Relation to the Former Republic of Yugoslavia, Legacy of Leadership and Lady Liberty(TM) Award.

His Foreign awards include:
the Honorary Knight Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire (United Kingdom);
Commander of the Legion of Honor (France);
Grand Cross of the Order of Merit of the Federal Republic of Germany;
Knight Grand Cross in the Order of Orange-Nassau, with Swords (Netherlands);
Grand Officer of the Order of Merit of the Republic of Italy;
Grand Cross of the Medal of Military Merit (Portugal);
The Commander's Cross with Star of the Order of Merit of Republic of Poland;
Grand Officer of the Order of Merit of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg;
Grand Medal of Military Merit (White Band) (Spain);
The Grand Cordon of the Order of Leopold (Belgium);
Cross of Merit of the Minister of Defense First Class (Czech Republic);
Order of Merit of the Hungarian Republic; Commander's Cross,
The Silver Order of Freedom of the Republic of Slovenia;
Madarski Konnik Medal (Bulgaria);
Commemorative Medal of the Minister of Defense of the Slovak Republic First Class (Slovakia);
First Class Order of Lithuanian Grand Duke Gediminas (Lithuania);
Order of the Cross of the Eagle (Estonia); The Skandeberg Medal (Albania);
Order of Merit of Morocco; Order of Merit of Argentina;
The Grade of Prince Butmir w/Ribbon and Star (Croatia)
and the Military Service Cross of Canada.

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CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (Military) (MSC)
Awards to Foreign Military Officers

EBERHART, Ralph Edward (‘Ed’)
General - United States Air Force
Commander - in Chief NORAD

MSC CG: 13 November 2004
American Citizen GH: 05 November 2004
DOI: 11 September 2001 and after

“General Eberhart of the U.S. Air Force provided outstanding support and assistance to Canada as the Commander of North American Aerospace Defence Command and of the United States Northern Command. His strong vision and tenacious pursuit of bi-national support for the common defence of North America contributed significantly to the advancement of defence programs critical to Canada. His leadership, astute initiative and clear direction ensured the appropriate decisions were made during the terrorist attacks on September 11, 2001, and unprecedented success during the subsequent air defence campaign to protect North America. General Eberhart’s personal efforts and keen understanding of his commands’ vital roles have greatly contributed to Western security, and constitute united and unparalleled service to Canada.”

General Ralph Edward (‘Ed’) EBERHART, MSC
Commander in Chief – North American Aerospace Defense Command
Commander – United States Northern Command

General Ralph E. "Ed" Eberhart is Commander in Chief, North American Aerospace Defense Command and Commander, United States Northern Command at Peterson Air Force Base, Colo. General Eberhart entered the Air Force in 1968 as a graduate of the U.S. Air Force Academy. His staff experience includes serving as Executive Officer to the Air Force Chief of Staff at Headquarters U.S. Air Force; Deputy Chief of Staff for Inspection, Safety and Security, Headquarters Tactical Air Command; Director for Programs and Evaluation, Headquarters U.S. Air Force; Director of Force Structure, Resources and Assessment, the Joint Staff; and Deputy Chief of Staff for Plans and Operations, Headquarters U.S. Air Force.

The general has also served as the Vice Chief of Staff of the U.S. Air Force, Commander, Air Combat Command, Commander, Air Force Space Command and Commander in Chief, United States Space Command. General Eberhart has commanded a flight, squadron, wing, numbered air force and two major commands, as well as one sub-unified command, two unified commands and one bi-national command. While commander of the 363rd Tactical Fighter Wing during Operation Desert Shield, the unit established the theater’s initial air-to-ground combat capability from a forward operating location. While serving as the Commander of U.S. Forces, Japan, he was awarded the Grand Cordon of the Order of the Sacred Treasure by the Emperor of Japan. A command pilot, he has logged more than 4,500 hours, primarily in fighter and trainer aircraft, including 300 combat missions as a forward air controller in Vietnam.
Honours and Awards to General Ralph Edward (‘Ed’) EBERHART, MSC, USAF

Distinguished Service Medal with oak leaf cluster
Legion of Merit with oak leaf cluster
Distinguished Flying Cross
Defense Meritorious Service Medal
Meritorious Service Medal with two oak leaf clusters
Air Medal with 11 oak leaf clusters
Air Force Commendation Medal
Presidential Unit Citation
Joint Meritorious Unit Award with two oak leaf clusters
Air Force Outstanding Unit Award with oak leaf cluster
Combat Readiness Medal
National Defense Service Medal with two service stars
Armed Forces Expeditionary Medal with two service stars
Vietnam Service Medal with three service stars
Southwest Asia Service Medal with service star
Humanitarian Service Medal with service star
Air Force Overseas Ribbon-Short
Air Force Overseas Ribbon-Long with oak leaf cluster
Air Force Longevity Service Award Ribbon
with seven oak leaf clusters
Small Arms Expert Marksmanship Ribbon
Air Force Training Ribbon

Foreign Honours and Awards to General Ralph Edward (‘Ed’) EBERHART, MSC, USAF

Grand Cordon of the Order of the Sacred Treasure, Japan
Legion of Honor, France
Republic of Vietnam Gallantry Cross with Palm
Republic of Vietnam Campaign Medal
Kuwait Liberation Medal (Government of Kuwait)
Meritorious Service Cross (Canada)
CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (Military) (MSC)
Awards to Foreign Military Officers

GIAMBASTINI Jr., Edmund Peter
Admiral U.S. Navy, Norfolk, Virginia, U.S.A.
Commander – North Atlantic Treaty Organization

An innovative planner, Admiral Giambastiani, of the United States Navy, has provided outstanding leadership and creativity to ensure that the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) is ready to meet the challenges of the future. In 2004, he developed new approaches to ensure the advances in technology serve Alliance requirements well into the future. Admiral Giambastiani’s personal involvement and skilful execution of his Commands’ vital functions have contributed in an outstanding manner to collective security. His achievements have been of great benefit to Canada.”

Admiral Edmund Peter GIAMBASTINI, Jr., USN
Edmund P. Giambastiani, Jr. was born 04 May 1948 in Canastota, New York. Giambastiani served as the seventh Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff. In this capacity, he is a member of the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the Nation’s second highest ranking military officer. As Vice Chairman, Admiral Giambastiani chairs the Joint Requirements Oversight Council, co-chairs the Defense Acquisition Board, and serves as a member of the National Security Council Deputies Committee, the Nuclear Weapons Council and the Missile Defense Executive Board. In addition, he works with Deputy Secretary of Defense Gordon England as Co-Chair of the Deputies Advisory Working Group, which oversees implementation of the 2006 Quadrennial Defense Review and other high level Departmental business issues.

Admiral Giambastiani’s operational assignments have included several in which he was responsible for both demanding at-sea operations and the development of new technologies and experimental processes. Early sea assignments included USS PUFFER (SSN 652) and USS FRANCIS SCOTT KEY (SSBN 657) (BLUE). While assigned to PUFFER, he was a 1973 winner of the Fleet Commander’s Junior Officer Submarine Shiphandling Competition. He commanded SUBMARINE NR-1, the Navy’s only nuclear powered deep diving ocean engineering and research submarine and USS RICHARD B. RUSSELL (SSN 687), where the crew was awarded three consecutive Battle Efficiency “E”s, three Navy Unit Commendations, and two Fleet Commander Silver Anchors for excellence in enlisted retention.

Admiral Giambastiani also led Submarine Development Squadron Twelve, an operational submarine squadron that also serves as the Navy’s Warfare Center of Excellence for submarine doctrine and tactics. Established in 1949, Submarine Development Squadron Twelve is the oldest experimental unit of its kind in the U.S. military. He served as the first director of strategy and concepts at the Naval Doctrine Command, as well as Commander, Atlantic Fleet Submarine Force; Commander, Submarines Allied Command Atlantic; and Commander, Anti-Submarine and Reconnaissance Forces Atlantic in Norfolk, Virginia.
Admiral Edmund Peter GIAMBASTINI, Jr., USN

Admiral Giambastini's other shore and staff assignments include duties as an enlisted program manager at the Navy Recruiting Command Headquarters, Washington, DC, in the early days of the all volunteer force; Special Assistant to the Deputy Director for Intelligence, Central Intelligence Agency; and, a fellowship with the Chief of Naval Operations’ Strategic Studies Group. As a flag officer, he served as the Deputy Chief of Staff for Resources, Warfare Requirements and Assessments for the Commander, U.S. Pacific Fleet; Director of Submarine Warfare for the Chief of Naval Operations; Deputy Chief of Naval Operations for Resources, Requirements, and Assessments; and as the Senior Military Assistant to Secretary of Defense Donald H. Rumsfeld. His previous assignment was as NATO’s first Supreme Allied Commander Transformation and as Commander, United States Joint Forces Command, where he led the transformation of NATO and U.S. military forces, capabilities and doctrines and the introduction of new technologies.

Admiral Edmund Peter GIAMBASTINI Jr. MSC, USN

A native of Canastota, New York, Admiral Giambastiani graduated from the U.S. Naval Academy with leadership distinction in 1970. He has been awarded numerous decorations but is most proud of his 19 unit awards and commendations because they recognize the participation and accomplishments of the entire team.

Medals of Admiral Edmund P. GIAMBASTIANI, Jr., MSC, USN

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<td>Navy Sea Service Deployment Ribbon</td>
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<tr>
<td>Navy Recruiting Service Ribbon</td>
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Foreign Honours of Admiral Edmund P. GIAMBASTIANI, Jr., MSC, USN

French Legion of Honour

**Meritorious Service Medal (Canada) MSC**

NATO Meritorious Service Medal

Republic of Vietnam Gallantry Cross with Palm Unit Citation

Republic of Vietnam Civil Actions Honour Medal Unit Citation

Republic of Vietnam Campaign Medal

Badges: Submarine Officer Badge, Deep Submergence Officer Bade, Command Afloat Officer Badge, Defence Department Identification Badge, Joint Chief of Staff Identification Badge.
“Since 2003, General Jones of the United States Marine Corps has provided outstanding leadership to NATO at a critical time in the Alliance’s history. During his mandate as Supreme Allied Commander Europe, NATO’s operations in Afghanistan expanded to include the entire country, and thousands of Canadian military personnel served under his command. Although operating at the highest strategic level, General Jones has always had the interests of individual soldiers at heart. He has invariably been responsive to Canadian concerns and has provided strong support to Canadian commanders in theatre. His service to NATO and to our military personnel has brought great benefit to the Canadian Forces and to Canada.”

General James Jones, MSC, US Marine Corps
Supreme Allied Commander, Europe (SACEUR)
General James Jones, MSC, US Marine Corps
Supreme Allied Commander, Europe (SACEUR)

In November 1974, he received orders to report to the 3rd Marine Division on Okinawa, where he served as the Company Commander of Company H, 2nd Battalion, 9th Marines, until December 1975. From January 1976 to August 1979, General Jones served in the Officer Assignments Section at Headquarters Marine Corps, Washington, DC.

Returning to the United States in December 1968, General Jones was assigned to Camp Pendleton, California, where he served as a Company Commander until May 1970. He then received orders to Marine Barracks, Washington, DC, for duties as a Company Commander, serving in this assignment until July 1973. He was promoted to Captain in December 1970. From July 1973 until June 1974, he was a student at the Amphibious Warfare School, Quantico, Virginia.

During this assignment, he was promoted to Major in July 1977. Remaining in Washington, his next assignment was as the Marine Corps Liaison Officer to the United States Senate, where he served until July 1984. He was promoted to Lieutenant Colonel in September 1982.

He was then selected to attend the National War College in Washington, DC. Following graduation in June 1985, he was assigned to command the 3rd Battalion, 9th Marines, 1st Marine Division, Camp Pendleton, California., from July 1985 to July 1987.

In August 1987, General Jones returned to Headquarters Marine Corps, where he served as Senior Aide to the Commandant of the Marine Corps. He was promoted to Colonel in April 1988 and became the Military Secretary to the Commandant of the Marine Corps in February 1989. During August 1990, General Jones was assigned as the Commanding Officer, 24th Marine Expeditionary Unit at Camp Lejeune, North Carolina. During his tour with the 24th MEU, he participated in Operation Provide Comfort in Northern Iraq and Turkey.

He was advanced to Brigadier General on 23 April 1992. General Jones was assigned to duties as Deputy Director, J-3, US European Command, Stuttgart, Germany, on 15 July 1992. During this tour of duty, he was reassigned as Chief of Staff, Joint Task Force Provide Promise, for operations in Bosnia-Herzegovina and Macedonia. Returning to the United States, he was advanced to the rank of Major General in July 1994, and was assigned as Commanding General, 2nd Marine Division, Marine Forces Atlantic, Camp Lejeune, North Carolina. General Jones next served as Director, Expeditionary Warfare Division (N85), Office of the Chief of Naval Operations, during 1996, then as the Deputy Chief of Staff for Plans, Policies and Operations, Headquarters Marine Corps, Washington, DC. He was advanced to Lieutenant General on 18 July 1996.

His next assignment was as the Military Assistant to the Secretary of Defence. He was promoted to General on 30 June 1999, and became the 32nd Commandant of the United States Marine Corps on 1 July 1999. General Jones assumed duties as the Commander of US European Command on 16 January 2003 and Supreme Allied Commander Europe on 17 January 2003.

General Jones’ personal decorations include: the Defense Distinguished Service Medal with two oak leaf clusters, Silver Star Medal, Legion of Merit with four gold stars, Bronze Star Medal with Combat "V", and the Combat Action Ribbon.

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CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (Military) (MSC)
Awards to Foreign Military Officers

SCHOO MAKER, Peter J. MSC CG: 07 April 2007
Chief of the United States Army DOI: 2003 to 2007

“Since the summer of 2003, General Schoomaker, chief of staff of the United States Army, has provided outstanding support to the Canadian Forces in their efforts to prepare soldiers deploying on the complex mission in Afghanistan. During his mandate, he ensured that Canadians had immediate access to his army’s tactical lessons, emerging doctrine and training facilities. His influence has contributed to the safety of Canadian missions, and his unflinching support of the Canada-United States relationship has had a positive impact on both nations.”

General Peter J. SCHOO MAKER, MSC

General Schoomaker graduated from the University of Wyoming in 1969 with a Bachelor of Science Degree. He also holds a Master of Arts Degree in Management from Central Michigan University. General Schoomaker’s military education includes the Marine Corps Amphibious Warfare School, the United States Army Command and General Staff College, the National War College, and the John F. Kennedy School of Government Program for Senior Executives in National and International Security Management.

Prior to his current assignment, General Schoomaker spent 31 years in a variety of command and staff assignments with both conventional and special operations forces. He participated in numerous deployment operations, including DESERT ONE in Iran, URGENT FURY in Grenada, JUST CAUSE in Panama, DESERT SHIELD/DESERT STORM in Southwest Asia, UPHOLD DEMOCRACY in Haiti, and supported various worldwide joint contingency operations, including those in the Balkans.

Early in his career, General Schoomaker was a Reconnaissance Platoon Leader and Rifle Company Commander with 2nd Battalion, 4th Infantry, and a Cavalry Troop Commander with 2nd Armored Cavalry Regiment in Germany. He then served in Korea as the S-3 Operations Officer of 1st Battalion, 73rd Armor, 2nd Infantry Division. From 1978 to 1981, he commanded a Squadron in the 1st Special Forces Operational Detachment - D. Following Army Command and General Staff College, General Schoomaker served as the Squadron Executive Officer, 2nd Squadron, 2nd Armored Cavalry Regiment in Germany. In August 1983, he returned to Fort Bragg, North Carolina, to serve as Special Operations Officer, J-3, Joint Special Operations Command. From August 1985 to August 1988, General Schoomaker commanded another Squadron in the 1st Special Forces Operational Detachment - D. Following the National War College, he returned as the Commander, 1st Special Forces Operational Command. From August 1994 to August 1996, followed by a tour in the Headquarters, Department of the Army staff as the Deputy Director for Operations, Readiness and Mobilization. General Schoomaker was the 35th Chief of Staff, United States Army, from 01 August 2003 to 10 April 2007. General Schoomaker and his wife have two daughters and one son.
Awards and Decorations to General Peter J. Schoomaker, MSC, US Army

Defense Distinguished Service Medal (with 2 Oak Leaf Cluster)
Army Distinguished Service Medal (with Oak Leaf Cluster)
Defense Superior Service Medal (with 3 Oak Leaf Clusters)
Legion of Merit (with 2 Oak Leaf Clusters)
Bronze Star (with Oak Leaf Cluster)
Defense Meritorious Service Medal (with 2 Oak Leaf Clusters)
Meritorious Service Medal (with 2 Oak Leaf Clusters)
Joint Service Commendation Medal
Joint Service Achievement Medal
National Defense Service Medal (with 1 award star)
Armed Forces Expeditionary Medal (with 2 campaign stars)
Southwest Asia Service Medal (with 2 campaign stars)
Humanitarian Service Medal
Army Service Ribbon
Overseas Service Ribbon (with award numeral 3)
Kuwait Liberation Medal (Saudi Arabia)
Kuwait Liberation Medal (Kuwait)
Canadian Meritorious Service Cross (Military Division)
Joint Meritorious Unit Award (with Oak Leaf Cluster)
Valorous Unit Award (with Oak Leaf Cluster)

Foreign Decorations
The French Republic Command of the Legion of Honor
The Italian Joint Forces Decoration of Honor of the Defense General Staff
The Japanese Grand Cordon of the Order of the Rising Sun
The Chilean Medal Cross of Victory
The Turkish Legion of Merit
The **Meritorious Service Cross (Canada) (MSC)**

BADGES

Combat Infantryman Badge
Master Parachutist Badge
HALO Wings

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CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (Military) (MSC)
Awards to Foreign Military Officers

EIKENBERRY, Karl W.  MSC  CG: 07 April 2007
LGen – United States Army  American Citizen  GH: 23 March 2007
Commander – Combined Forces Command Afghanistan  DOI: 2006

“As the commanding general, Combined Forces Command - Afghanistan, Lieutenant-General Eikenberry played a central role in Canada’s success in the South of Afghanistan in 2006. He is an outstanding coalition builder, an exceptional commander and a strong supporter of Canada’s foreign policy and military objectives in Afghanistan. His superb leadership was pivotal to the seamless transition to effective International Security Assistance Force command. He spearheaded the international reconstruction and stabilization effort, ensuring that Canada had the material and military support required to make a meaningful contribution to stability and democracy in Afghanistan. He brought great international credit to Canada and the Canadian Forces.”

Lieutenant-General Karl W. EIKENBERRY, MSC

In the Army, Eikenberry commanded the 2nd Battalion of the 87th Infantry Regiment (Light) in the 10th Mountain Division, and commanded and held staff positions in airborne, ranger, and mechanized infantry units in the United States, Korea and Europe. He also served as an assistant Army attaché in the American Embassy in the People’s Republic of China, and then as division chief with the Strategy, Plans and Policy Directorate of the United States Department of the Army Staff in Washington, D.C.

Eikenberry served two tours of duty in the war in Afghanistan. His first tour in Afghanistan was from September 2002- September 2003. During this time he filled two positions; his primary duty was as the United States Security Coordinator for Afghanistan and the second position was the Chief of the Office of Military Cooperation-Afghanistan (OMC-A). As the Security Coordinator he worked closely with UNSG Special Representative Lakhdar Brahimi to forge a unified international effort to build a cohesive security sector. This Security Sector Reform (SSR) project included building the Afghan National Army (U.S.), reforming the Afghan Police (Germany), Counter-Narcotics (U.K.), Judicial reform (Italy), and Disarmament, Demobilization, and Reintegration of the militias (Japan and U.N.). In his role as Chief of the OMC-A he was the chief architect of the strategy that built and fielded the first Afghan Army Corps. During his second tour he was Commander of the Combined Forces Command for 18 months, leaving in 2007 to become the Deputy Chairman of the NATO Military Committee.

On January 29, 2009, The New York Times reported that President Barack Obama had chosen Eikenberry to be the next U.S. ambassador to Afghanistan, replacing William Braucher Wood. The choice of a career army officer for the sensitive post was described by The Times as "highly unusual". On April 3, 2009, the Senate confirmed Eikenberry’s nomination, and on April 29, 2009, he was sworn in as the U.S. Ambassador to Afghanistan. The official announcement of his nomination was made on March 11. Following his confirmation as ambassador, he retired from the U.S. military with the rank of Lieutenant General on April 28, 2009. Eikenberry has been allowed to bring his family and wife, Ching, to live with him in Kabul.
CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (Military) (MSC)
Awards to Foreign Military Officers

Military awards and decorations to Lieutenant-General Karl W. EIKENBERRY, MSC, US Army

- Defense Distinguished Service Medal (with on Oak Leaf Cluster)
- Defense Superior Service Medal (with one Oak Leaf Cluster)
- Legion of Merit (with one Oak Leaf Cluster)
- Bronze Star
- Defense Meritorious Service Medal (with one Oak Leaf Cluster)
- Meritorious Service Medal (with 5 Oak Leaf Clusters)
- Joint Service Commendation Medal
- Army Commendation Medal (with 4 Oak Leaf Clusters)
- Army Achievement Medal (with Oak Leaf Cluster)
- Joint Meritorious Unit Award (with 2 Oak Leaf Clusters)

U.S. Unit Awards
- Army Superior Unit Award (with Oak Leaf Cluster)
- State Department Superior Honor Award
- State Department Meritorious Honor Award
- National Defense Service Medal (with 2 Service Stars)
- Armed Forces Expeditionary Medal (with 2 Service Stars)
- Afghanistan Campaign Medal
- Global War on Terrorism Expeditionary Medal
- Global War on Terrorism Service Medal
- Korea Defense Service Medal
- Humanitarian Service Medal
- Army Service Ribbon
- Army Overseas Service Ribbon (with award numeral 13)

Foreign Awards to Lieutenant-General Karl W. EIKENBERRY, MSC, US Army

- The French Legion of Honor presented by the French Minister of Defense Michelle Alliot-Marie
- The Meritorious Service Cross (Canada) presented by General Rick Hillier, Chief of the Defence Staff (Canada)
- Afghanistan’s Akbar Khan Award presented by President Hamid Karzai

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KEATING, Timothy John
Admiral – United States Navy
Commander - NORAD

KEATING, Timothy John
MSC CG: 23 June 2007
American Citizen GH: 26 March 2007
DOI: November 2004 to February 2007

“As commander of the North American Aerospace Defence Command and United States Northern Command from November 2004 to February 2007, Admiral Keating of the United States Navy provided outstanding assistance to Canada. His vision and support for the common defence of North America contributed significantly to the advancement of defence programs critical to Canada. His leadership, astute initiative and clear direction ushered in the maritime warning mission for the North American Aerospace Defence Command. Admiral Keating’s efforts and keen understanding of his Command’s vital roles have contributed to continental security and constitute unique and unparalleled service to Canada.”

Admiral Timothy John KEATING, MSC, USN

Timothy J. Keating assumed command of North American Aerospace Defense Command and U.S. Northern Command from Air Force from General Ed Eberhart in ceremonies at Peterson Air Force Base, Colorado on 05 November 2004. During the ceremony, Eberhart received the Defense Distinguished Service Medal (with second oak leaf cluster) and Canada's Meritorious Service Cross (military division) from the Canadian Chief of Defence Staff General Henault. On 26 March 2007, he took over Command of the United States Pacific Command (USPACOM) based in Honolulu, Hawaii. Keating, a native of Dayton, Ohio, graduated from the U.S. Naval Academy in 1971. Following duty aboard USS Mason (DD 852) in the western Pacific, he completed flight training in August 1973. He was ordered to VA-82, deploying twice to the Mediterranean aboard USS Nimitz (CVN 68). In September 1978, he reported to VA-122, NAS Lemoore, CA, and subsequently served with commander, Carrier Air Wing Fifteen as staff landing signal officer, deploying to the western Pacific/Indian Ocean aboard USS Kitty Hawk (CV 63). From May 1982 to July 1984, as administrative officer, operations officer and maintenance officer with VA-94, he deployed twice to the western Pacific aboard USS Enterprise (CVN 65). His next assignment was aide and flag lieutenant to the commander in chief, U.S. Pacific Command.

MSC In May 1987, Keating assumed command of VFA-87 and deployed with CVW-8 aboard USS Theodore Roosevelt (CVN 71) to the North Atlantic and to the Mediterranean. After his tour with VFA-87, he was assigned to the Naval Military Personnel Command in Washington, DC, where he served as head of the Aviation Junior Officer Assignments Branch. He reported as deputy commander, Carrier Air Wing Seven in January 1991, participating in combat operations in support of Operation Desert Storm from USS Saratoga (CV 60). Keating next served as a chief of naval operations fellow with the Strategic Studies Group in Newport, Rl. Following duty with the Joint Task Force Southwest Asia in Riyadh, Saudi Arabia, he deployed as deputy commander, Carrier Air Wing Nine aboard USS Nimitz (CVN 68) to the Arabian Gulf. He assumed command of CVW-9 in July 1993. In November 1994, Keating reported to NAS Fallon, NV, as commander, Naval Strike Warfare Center.

Medals of Admiral Timothy KEATING, MSC, USN

His awards include:

- Navy Pilot Wings
- Commander US Pacific

Defense Distinguished Service Medal with 3 Oak Leaf Clusters
Navy Distinguished Service Medal with Gold Star
Legion of Merit with three Gold Stars
Defense Meritorious Service Medal
Meritorious Service Medal with Gold Star
three Air Medals (Strike/Flight awards)
Navy Commendation Medal with two Gold Stars and Combat “V”
Navy Achievement Medal with Silver Award Star
Joint Meritorious Unit Award
Navy Unit Commendation
Navy Meritorious Unit Commendation with 2 bronze service stars
Navy "E" Ribbon w/ 2 Battle E devices
Navy Expeditionary Medal
National Defense Service Medal with 2 bronze service stars
Vietnam Service Medal (3 campaign stars)
Southwest Asia Service Medal with 3 bronze service stars
Global War on Terrorism Expeditionary Medal
Global War on Terrorism Service Medal
Armed Forces Service Medal
Humanitarian Service Medal with 2 bronze service stars
Navy Sea Service Deployment Ribbon with 1 silver and 2 bronze service stars
Vietnam Campaign Medal

Navy Expert Pistol Shot Medal

He also has over 5,000 flight hours and 1,200 arrested landings.

Medals of Admiral Timothy KEATING, MSC, USN
Lady PATRICIA
The Right Honourable Countess Mountbatten of Burma
Colonel-in-Chief Princess Patricia’s Canadian Light Infantry

CBE DStJ MSC CD
British Citizen
DOI: 1974 to 2007

CG: September 2007
GH: 28 August 2007

"Lady Patricia, the Right Honourable the Countess Mountbatten of Burma, was appointed colonel-in-chief of the Princess Patricia’s Canadian Light Infantry in 1974. For more than 30 years, she demonstrated an outstanding level of dedication and commitment to the Regiment and to the Canadian Forces. She made countless visits to soldiers in garrisons across the country and in the field, including visits to battalions serving on overseas operations in Germany, Cyprus, Bosnia-Herzegovina, Croatia and Kosovo. As colonel-in-chief, she served as an important role model and actively promoted the Regiment. Lady Patricia’s continued support has been an invaluable inspiration to the soldiers and their families and has brought great credit to the Canadian Forces and to Canada."

Lady Patricia served as the Colonel-in-Chief of the PPCLI from 1974 until 2007 and was replaced on 17 March 2007 by the former Governor General of Canada, The Right Honourable Adrienne CLARKSON, CC, CMM, COM, DStJ, CD. The Countess is also the Honorary Colonel of the Loyal Edmonton Regiment (4th Battalion PPCLI).

Medals of The Right Honourable Lady Patricia, Countess Mountbatten of Burma, CBE, DStJ, CD

CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (Military) (MSC)

Awards to Foreign Military Officers

Patricia Edwina Victoria Knatchbull
2nd Countess Mountbatten of Burma, CBE, DStJ MSC, CD, JP, DL

She was born 14 February 1924 and is a British Peeress, the daughter of the 1st Earl Mountbatten of Burma and his wife, the former Edwina Ashley. She is the elder sister of Lady Pamela Hicks, and first cousin to Prince Philip, Duke of Edinburgh.

Known before 1946 as Patricia Mountbatten, in 1946 as the Hon. Patricia Mountbatten, and between 1946 and 1979 as Baroness Brabourne, Lady Mountbatten succeeded her father when he was assassinated in 1979, as his peerages had been created with special remainder to his daughters and their heirs male. This inheritance put her in the House of Lords, where she remained until 1999, when the House of Lords Act 199 removed most hereditary peers from the House.

Lady Mountbatten was educated in Malta, England and New York. In 1943, at age 19, she entered the Women's Royal Naval Service as a Signal Rating and served in Combined Operations bases in the UK until being commissioned as a third officer in 1945 and serving in the Supreme Allied Headquarters, South East Asia. This is where she met Lord Brabourne, who was an aide to her father. In 1973 was appointed Deputy Lieutenant for the County of Kent; she is also a serving magistrate and is involved with numerous service organisations including SOS Children's Villages UK, of which she is Patron; the Order of St. John, of which she is a Dame; and the Countess Mountbatten's Own Legion of Frontiersmen of the Commonwealth, of which she is Patron.

On 15 June 1974 she succeeded her cousin Lady Patricia Ramsay, formerly HRH Princess Patricia of Connaught, as Colonel-in-Chief of the Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry, for whom the regiment was named when Princess Patricia's father, the Duke of Connaught was Governor General of Canada during the First World War. Despite her succeeding to an earldom in her own right as Countess Mountbatten of Burma on the death of her father in 1979, she preferred that the officers and men of her regiment address her as Lady Patricia. She was succeeded by The Right Honourable Adrienne Clarkson on 17 March 2007.

Lady Brabourne was in the boat which was blown up by the IRA off the shores of Sligo in 1979, killing her fourteen-year-old son Nicholas; her father; her mother-in-law, the Dowager Baroness Brabourne; and fifteen-year-old Paul Maxwell, a boat-boy from County Fermanagh. She, her husband, and their son Timothy were injured but survived the attack.
CITATIONS to the MERITORIOUS SERVICE CROSS (Military) (MSC)

Awards to Foreign Military Officers

SKRZYPCZAK, Waldemar
Polish Forces
Commander of Polish Forces in Afghanistan

MSC
Polish Citizen

CG: 29 November 2008
GH: 28 October 2008
DOI: November 2006 to 2008

“Lieutenant General Waldemar Skrzypezak (Polish Army) for outstanding leadership and remarkable dedication as Commander of Polish Forces in Afghanistan since November 2006.”

“As commander of the Polish Land Forces, Lieutenant-General Skrzypczak was deployed to Afghanistan in November 2006, alongside the Canadian Forces. His leadership skills were an inspiration to international coalition members, as was his remarkable dedication towards the collective defence of Canadian interests and those of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization.”

Lieutenant-General Waldemar SKRZYPCZAK, MSC

Waldemar Skrzymczak Henry (b. 19 January 1956 in Szczecin) - Lieutenant General of the Polish Army. The officer certified armor. In 1976 he began serving in the Armed Forces PRL, commanded 32 Mechanized Regiment, 16 Mechanized Division, 11 Armoured Cavalry Division and Multinational Division Center-South. On 02 October 2006 he became the commander of the Polish Army. In November 2006, he was sent to Afghanistan to command the Polish troops in support of NATO and was there for at least six months. In August 2009, resigned as Chief of the Polish Army in protest at the way the management of the armed forces by the Polish Ministry of National Defence.

Military Career

1976-1980 - Cadet Officer School of Armoured Forces in Poznań
1980-1982 - Commander of the platoon of tanks in the Medium Tank Regiment 16 in Slupsk
1982-1984 - Head of a company of tanks in 16 Medium Tank Regiment in Slupsk
1987-1989 - Postgraduate student in the department of operational planning in the Polish Front Staff in Warsaw
1989-1990 - Chief of staff in 68 Medium Tank Regiment at Construction Site
1990-1991 - Chief of staff in the 33 Mechanized Regiment in Zlocieniec
1991-1993 - Commander of 32 Mechanized Regiment in Kolobrzeg
1993-1996 - Chief of Staff of a Warsaw Mechanized Division in Legionowo
1996-1998 - Deputy chief of combat training at Headquarters Land Forces in Warsaw
1998-2001 - Commander of 16 Pomeranian Mechanized Division in Elblag
2001 - Head Director of Armour and Mechanised - Deputy Chief of Army Training Command in the Polish Army in Warsaw
2001-2002 - Head of Management Training and Doctrines of the General Board of the Armed Forces Operational P3 in the General Staff of Polish Army in Warsaw
2002-2003 - Head of Land Management Operations G3 - Deputy Chief of Staff of the Polish Army in Warsaw
2003-2006 - Commander 11 Lubuska Armored Cavalry Division in Zagan
2005 - Commander of Multinational Division Central-South under the fourth amendment NEC Iraq
2006-2009 - Commander of Land Forces of Poland
Lieutenant-General Waldemar SKRZYPCZAK

Honours

Orders and decorations

- Commander's Cross of the Order of Polish Revival 2005
- Knight's Cross of the Order of Polish Revival 2000
- Commander's Cross of the Military Order of the Cross 2009 (given in 2011)
- Gold Cross of Merit 1993
- Gold Medal "In the Service of the Armed Forces of the Homeland"
- Gold Medal "for his contribution to national defense"
- Commemorative Medal of Multinational Division Central-South Iraq
- Badge of honor "Polish Hussar" 2005

Foreign Honours

- Officer of the Legion of Merit United States
- Grande-Oficial of the Order of Merit Portugal 2008
- Meritorious Service Cross (MSC) Canada 2008

Promotions

- Lieutenant - 1980
- Lieutenant - 1984
- Captain – 1987
- Major – 1991
- Lieutenant-Colonel 1993
- Colonel 1996
- Brigadier General 2000
- General Division 2004
- Lieutenant General 2006

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